To: Bybee, Darcy[darcy.bybee@dnr.mo.gov]

From: Casburn, Tracey

Sent: Wed 12/21/2016 8:39:02 PM

Subject: FW: Talk about path forward for SO2 DRR modeling submitted based on 2015 CEMS data

Okay. Change of local opinion.

MDNR has met the DRR requirement for the submittal deadline. However, we encourage any updates to be submitted as soon as possible so that it can be used for consideration in the 2017 designations.

I am going to reschedule the meeting to make sure that we have the right folks in the room.

Tracey

From: Casburn, Tracey

Sent: Wednesday, December 21, 2016 1:51 PM **To:** 'Bybee, Darcy' <darcy.bybee@dnr.mo.gov>

Subject: RE: Talk about path forward for SO2 DRR modeling submitted based on 2015 CEMS

data

Okay. Thank you, Darcy.

Current opinion is that even a change to the submittal would need to be received by January 13 so I thought that it would be better to nail issues like that down as soon as possible.

Tracey

----Original Appointment-----

From: Bybee, Darcy [mailto:darcy.bybee@dnr.mo.gov]

Sent: Wednesday, December 21, 2016 1:49 PM

To: Casburn, Tracey

Cc: Wilbur, Emily; Keas, Ashley

Subject: Tentative: Talk about path forward for SO2 DRR modeling submitted based on 2015

CEMS data

When: Wednesday, December 28, 2016 9:00 AM-10:00 AM (UTC-06:00) Central Time (US &

Canada).

Where: R7-RO2.3-L08-12/R7-RO

Tracey,

I am out of the office next week, but as long as Emily and Ashley are available, please don't let me delay the discussion...

Happy Holidays and we'll talk in 2017!

Thanks,

Darcy

To: Wiese, Carrie[carrie.wiese@nebraska.gov]

Cc: Crable, Gregory[Crable.Gregory@epa.gov]; Algoe-Eakin, Amy[Algoe-Eakin.Amy@epa.gov];

Casburn, Tracey[casburn.tracey@epa.gov]

From: Peter, David

Sent: Thur 10/6/2016 1:51:11 PM

Subject: RE: Round 3 SO2 Designation Memo

Good morning Carrie,

I don't think that we have ever really discussed SO2 from a big picture standpoint. The CD designation "rounds" are mostly based on the consent decree with the Sierra Club. Information gathered as part of the DRR will generally be used in rounds 3 and 4. Below I have described Nebraska's 1-hr SO2 designations status as I believe it to be. As you will see, it gets a little complicated so let me know if you have any questions or believe I have something incorrect.

Round 1 – Designate areas with a violating monitor for the period 2009-2011 (None)

29 nonattainment designations were made across the US in August 2013. No areas in Nebraska were designated nonattainment in August 2013.

Round 2 – Per the consent decree, designate areas around sources that emitted more than 16,000 tons or 2,600 tons with an annual average emission rate of at least 0.45 lb/mmBtu in 2012 by July 1, 2016 (Gerald Gentleman, Nebraska City and Sheldon Station)

Three sources met this criteria – Gerald Gentleman, Sheldon Station and Nebraska City. All three areas were designated by July 1, 2016 – the areas around Gerald Gentleman and Nebraska City were designated "unclassifiable/attainment" and the area around Sheldon Station was designated "unclassifiable".

Round 3 – Per the consent decree, designate the remaining areas of the US for which new monitoring will be not be conducted by December 31, 2017 (Gerald Whelan and all areas in Nebraska except the areas around Gerald Gentleman, Nebraska City, Sheldon Station and North Omaha)

Nebraska is planning on monitoring the areas around Sheldon Station and North Omaha to comply with the DRR. The area around Sheldon Station was technically designated in July 2016, so no further designation is required. The area around North Omaha has not been designated and will therefore be designated in round 4. The areas around Gerald Gentleman and Nebraska City were designated in July 2016 and therefore are not included in the round 3 or any future designations.

Therefore, EPA intends to designate the rest of the Nebraska by December 31, 2017. The Gerald Whelan station is subject to the DRR and is not monitoring. Therefore the area around Gerald Whelan will be designated in this round. We will also be designating areas in Nebraska that are not subject to the DRR (areas where there were no sources that emitted more than 2,000 tons in 2015) in this round. EPA will be providing more information on these areas.

As a side note, Sheldon Station is subject to the DRR since the facility emitted more than 2,000 tons in year 2015. Nebraska has elected to monitor the area around Sheldon Station to comply with the DRR. Although the area has already been designated, the information obtained from this DRR monitoring activity could be used in a redesignation process.

Round 4 – Per the consent decree, designate areas for which new monitors were installed by December 31, 2020 (North Omaha)

As noted, the only area that has not been designated for which a new monitor is being installed is the area around North Omaha.

Other DRR Notes and DRR Ongoing requirements (40 CFR 51.1205)

Gerald Gentleman and Nebraska City are subject to the DRR. However since EPA found the modeling submitted by Nebraska to be adequate to designate the areas "unclassifiable/attainment" in July 2016, EPA does not expect to receive any additional modeling for these 2 sources as part of the DRR. However, these 2 facilities are subject to the DRR ongoing requirements since these facilities were modeled at their actual emissions for the calendar years 2012-2014.

David Peter

Environmental Engineer

U.S. EPA Region 7, Air Permitting Branch

11201 Renner Boulevard

Lenexa, KS 66219

913-551-7397

From: Wiese, Carrie [mailto:carrie.wiese@nebraska.gov]

Sent: Wednesday, October 05, 2016 3:37 PM
To: Peter, David peter.david@epa.gov>

Subject: RE: Round 3 SO2 Designation Memo

Hi David,

I was going back through some old messages and came across this. Does Nebraska have any Round 3 sources?

Thanks, Carrie

From: Peter, David [mailto:peter.david@epa.gov]

Sent: Monday, July 25, 2016 9:30 AM

To: Wiese, Carrie; Wharton, Tracy; Douglas Watson; ldeahl@kdheks.gov; Bybee, Darcy; Wilbur, Emily;

Johnson, Matthew [DNR]; McGraw, Jim [DNR]

Cc: Algoe-Eakin, Amy

Subject: Round 3 SO2 Designation Memo

All,

I am sending you a memo related to the Round 3 designation process. Let me know if you have any questions.

David Peter

Environmental Engineer

U.S. EPA Region 7, Air Permitting Branch

11201 Renner Boulevard

Lenexa, KS 66219

913-551-7397

From: Casburn, Tracey

Location: R7-RO2.3-L08-12/R7-RO; R7-Confline Ex. 6 - Personal Privacy P10XXXX/Phone/R7-RO

Importance: Normal

Subject: Talk about path forward for SO2 DRR modeling submitted based on 2015 CEMS data Start Date/Time: Tue 1/10/2017 8:30:00 PM

End Date/Time: Tue 1/10/2017 8:30:00 PM Tue 1/10/2017 9:30:00 PM

To: From: Sent: Subject:	Wilbur, Emily[emily.wilbur@dnr.mo.gov] Casburn, Tracey Tue 12/27/2016 3:59:41 PM RE: Talk about path forward for SO2 DRR modeling submitted based on 2015 CEMS data
Okay. I re	escheduled it for January 10 at 230.
Sent: Tue To: Casb	ilbur, Emily [mailto:emily.wilbur@dnr.mo.gov] esday, December 27, 2016 9:05 AM urn, Tracey <casburn.tracey@epa.gov> FW: Talk about path forward for SO2 DRR modeling submitted based on 2015 CEMS</casburn.tracey@epa.gov>
Hi Tracey	·!
inaugurat	eceived the official announcement that our office will be closed on Jan. 9 because of ion activities in Jefferson City. We will need to reschedule the DRR call, if possible. It the following dates/times are open on our calendars here:
Tuesday,	Jan. 10 2:30-3:30
Wednesd	ay, Jan 11 1:00-2:00
Friday, Ja	an 13 all day
	e of these times works for you guys as well. I'm back in the office this week (Darcy's ntire week), if you need anything.
Thanks!	
Emily	
From: Byb	pee, Darcy

Sent: Wednesday, December 21, 2016 3:12 PM To: Keas, Ashley; Wilbur, Emily Subject: FW: Talk about path forward for SO2 DRR modeling submitted based on 2015 CEMS data
FYI
Thanks,
Darcy
From: Casburn, Tracey [mailto:casburn.tracey@epa.gov] Sent: Wednesday, December 21, 2016 3:06 PM To: Bybee, Darcy Subject: RE: Talk about path forward for SO2 DRR modeling submitted based on 2015 CEMS data
Ok. Keep me posted.
Original Appointment From: Bybee, Darcy [mailto:darcy.bybee@dnr.mo.gov] Sent: Wednesday, December 21, 2016 3:04 PM To: Casburn, Tracey Subject: Accepted: Talk about path forward for SO2 DRR modeling submitted based on 2015 CEMS data When: Monday, January 09, 2017 12:00 PM-1:00 PM (UTC-06:00) Central Time (US & Canada). Where: R7-RO2.3-L08-12/R7-RO
Tracey—
I accepted this then thought about it. There is a chance that our offices may be closed on this day. They are not currently, however this is Inauguration Day in Missouri. Historically, Jefferson City state offices are closed. We should know more soon. If we are in the office, this should work just fine!
Thanks,
Darcy

From: Casburn, Tracey

Location: R7-RO2.3-L08-12/R7-RO

Importance: Normal

Subject: Talk about path forward for SO2 DRR modeling submitted based on 2015 CEMS data **Start Date/Time:** Tue 1/10/2017 8:30:00 PM

End Date/Time: Tue 1/10/2017 8:30:00 PM
Tue 1/10/2017 9:30:00 PM

To: Bybee, Darcy[darcy.bybee@dnr.mo.gov]

From: Casburn, Tracey

Sent: Wed 12/21/2016 9:06:27 PM

Subject: RE: Talk about path forward for SO2 DRR modeling submitted based on 2015 CEMS data

Ok. Keep me posted.

----Original Appointment----

From: Bybee, Darcy [mailto:darcy.bybee@dnr.mo.gov] Sent: Wednesday, December 21, 2016 3:04 PM

To: Casburn, Tracey

Subject: Accepted: Talk about path forward for SO2 DRR modeling submitted based on 2015

CEMS data

When: Monday, January 09, 2017 12:00 PM-1:00 PM (UTC-06:00) Central Time (US &

Canada).

Where: R7-RO2.3-L08-12/R7-RO

Tracey—

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Thanks,

Darcy

Casburn, Tracey From:

Location: R7-RO2.3-L08-12/R7-RO

Importance: Normal

Subject: Talk about path forward for SO2 DRR modeling submitted based on 2015 CEMS data Start Date/Time: Mon 1/9/2017 6:00:00 PM End Date/Time: Mon 1/9/2017 7:00:00 PM

To: Bybee, Darcy[darcy.bybee@dnr.mo.gov]

From: Casburn, Tracey

Sent: Wed 12/21/2016 7:50:57 PM

Subject: RE: Talk about path forward for SO2 DRR modeling submitted based on 2015 CEMS data

Okay. Thank you, Darcy.

Current opinion is that even a change to the submittal would need to be received by January 13 so I thought that it would be better to nail issues like that down as soon as possible.

Tracey

----Original Appointment----

From: Bybee, Darcy [mailto:darcy.bybee@dnr.mo.gov] Sent: Wednesday, December 21, 2016 1:49 PM

To: Casburn, Tracey

Cc: Wilbur, Emily; Keas, Ashley

Subject: Tentative: Talk about path forward for SO2 DRR modeling submitted based on 2015

CEMS data

When: Wednesday, December 28, 2016 9:00 AM-10:00 AM (UTC-06:00) Central Time (US &

Canada).

Where: R7-RO2.3-L08-12/R7-RO

Tracey,

I am out of the office next week, but as long as Emily and Ashley are available, please don't let me delay the discussion...

Happy Holidays and we'll talk in 2017!

Thanks,

Darcy

From: Casburn, Tracey

Location: R7-RO2.3-L08-12/R7-RO

Importance: Normal

Subject: Talk about path forward for SO2 DRR modeling submitted based on 2015 CEMS data **Start Date/Time:** Wed 12/28/2016 3:00:00 PM

End Date/Time: Wed 12/28/2016 3:00:00 PM Wed 12/28/2016 4:00:00 PM

MDNR APCP and EPA R7 APDB Quarterly Coordination Meeting

December 16, 2016 10 a.m. – 3 p.m.

Location: Missouri Department of Conservation, Sedalia, MO, (660) 530-5500

2000 South Limit Avenue, Sedalia, MO 65301

Objective: Ensure effective communication, coordination and issue resolution between Region

7 and MDNR

Attendees:

R7: Mike Jay, Tracey Casburn, Amy Algoe-Eakin, Amy Bhesania

Calling in: EPA Staff

MDNR: Kyra Moore, Darcy Bybee, Steve Hall, Emily Wilbur, Wayne Graf

Calling in: N/A

Agenda



<u>Time</u>	<u>Topic</u>	<u>Lead</u>
10:00 – 10:15	 General updates Acknowledgement of recent accomplishments Staffing, fiscal or general program issues impacting success for MDNR or R7 	Mike/Kyra
10:15 – 10:45	Rules and SIPs (a snapshot in time)purpose and functions over time	Mike/Darcy
10:45 – 11:00	 2008 standard – EPA update on timing of redesignation 2015 standard – EPA update on status of MO's boundary recommendations 	Mike/Darcy
11:00 – 11:30	 Initial round NAAs redesignation of Jefferson County approval status of Jackson County NAA plan approval status of 6.261 rule CD round – EPA update on status of petitions, 	Tracy/Emily

11:30 – 12:00	 timeline? DRR modeling round – timeline discussion DRR monitoring round – AMNP and monitor status update Federal IBR updates (6.070, 75 & 80): currently open for public comment Periodic rule review comments/draft responses CAIR rescissions draft demo CSAPR final rule updates PM2.5 NNSR precursors starting April 2017 	Tracey
12:00 - 1:00	Lunch	
1:00 - 2:00	Rules Continued Other EPA updates SIP approval schedule – ISIPs in the queue Regional Haze – status of final rules and guidance, MO's timeline, start R7/FLM coordination Buick (lead and SO2)—EPA update? PM2.5 Guidance/Precursor Analysis – non-point ammonia inventory updates developments and their effects on our maintenance plan vs. doing a precursor analysis	Tracey/ Wayne
2:00 - 2:30	 Administrative topics How does EPA want to receive our information (i.e. boundary recommendations, 111d, or other items not covered by the regional consistency memo)? We are updating many of our webpages. If you are using our site for a specific purpose, please let me know. The Department has a new Proposed Rules (and Rules in Development) webpage that contains information for all regulatory programs. https://dnr.mo.gov/proposed-rules. Let us know if you would like help navigating around the page. 	Mike/Darcy
2:30 – 2:45	Wrap-up	Tracey

To: Crable, Gregory[Crable.Gregory@epa.gov]
Cc: Wiese, Carrie[carrie.wiese@nebraska.gov]

From: Wharton, Tracy

Sent: Fri 6/10/2016 4:05:35 PM

Subject: Question about SO2 letter due 1 July 16

Greg,

Hi – hope your week has gone well. To whom should our SO2 letter (for the facilities that need to be monitored/modeled as per DRR) be addressed, and who should be courtesy-copied?

Thank you and have a great weekend!

Tracy

Tracy Wharton

NAAQS-SIP Coordinator, Grants, Planning, and Outreach Unit, Air Quality Division

Nebraska Department of Environmental Quality (NDEQ)

1200 N Street, The Atrium, Suite 400

PO Box 98922, Lincoln, NE 68509-8922

Phone: (402) 471-6410

tracy.wharton@nebraska.gov

To: 'Wharton, Tracy'[tracy.wharton@nebraska.gov]

From: Crable, Gregory

Sent: Wed 12/21/2016 2:49:25 PM **Subject:** RE: Question about SO2 DRR

Sure can

From: Wharton, Tracy [mailto:tracy.wharton@nebraska.gov]

Sent: Wednesday, December 21, 2016 8:38 AM **To:** Crable, Gregory < Crable. Gregory @epa.gov>

Subject: FW: Question about SO2 DRR

Hi, Greg – I hadn't heard back from you yet on this...can we discuss during today's call?

Tracy

From: Wharton, Tracy

Sent: Wednesday, December 14, 2016 9:46 AM

To: 'Crable, Gregory'

Subject: Question about SO2 DRR

Greg,

Hi, Greg – I hope you are having a good week so far and staying warm! I had a quick question...

Yesterday on the NACAA Criteria Pollutants call they were covering the upcoming deadlines for the DRR and, provided I heard this correctly, that states should notify EPA that new monitors were up and running (as of 1 Jan 2017) by the same deadline given for submitting modeling analyses, which is 13 January. I was unable to find this requirement (notification that monitors were up and running) in the rule or guidance, just that monitors were required to be up and running by 1 Jan.

Can you provide me some clarification/guidance on this? If we need to provide this notification, I want to be sure we get it to EPA on time.

Thanks, and have a great day!
Tracy
Respectfully,
Tracy Wharton
NAAQS-SIP Coordinator, Grants, Planning, and Outreach Unit, Air Quality Division
Nebraska Department of Environmental Quality (NDEQ)
1200 N Street, The Atrium, Suite 400
PO Box 98922, Lincoln, NE 68509-8922
Phone: (402) 471-6410
tracy.wharton@nebraska.gov

To: Wharton, Tracy[tracy.wharton@nebraska.gov]

From: Crable, Gregory

Sent: Mon 6/13/2016 2:21:53 PM

Subject: FW: Question about SO2 letter due 1 July 16

Good morning Tracy See Amy's response.

From: Algoe-Eakin, Amy

Sent: Monday, June 13, 2016 9:21 AM

To: Crable, Gregory < Crable. Gregory @epa.gov > **Subject:** RE: Question about SO2 letter due 1 July 16

Send to Mark Hague as the RA, and cc Becky, Mike and me.

From: Crable, Gregory

Sent: Monday, June 13, 2016 9:20 AM

To: Algoe-Eakin, Amy <<u>Algoe-Eakin.Amy@epa.gov</u>> **Subject:** FW: Question about SO2 letter due 1 July 16

Amy --- ????

From: Wharton, Tracy [mailto:tracy.wharton@nebraska.gov]

Sent: Friday, June 10, 2016 11:06 AM

To: Crable, Gregory < Crable.Gregory@epa.gov > Cc: Wiese, Carrie < carrie.wiese@nebraska.gov > Subject: Question about SO2 letter due 1 July 16

Greg,

Hi – hope your week has gone well. To whom should our SO2 letter (for the facilities that need to be monitored/modeled as per DRR) be addressed, and who should be courtesy-copied?

Thank you and have a great weekend!

Tracy

Tracy Wharton

NAAQS-SIP Coordinator, Grants, Planning, and Outreach Unit, Air Quality Division

Nebraska Department of Environmental Quality (NDEQ)

1200 N Street, The Atrium, Suite 400

PO Box 98922, Lincoln, NE 68509-8922

Phone: (402) 471-6410

tracy.wharton@nebraska.gov

From: Keith Head

Location: Conference Room #504

Importance: Normal

Subject: FW: Call with MS Power and EPA about SO2 Data Requirements Rule Modeling Protocol

comments

Start Date/Time: Thur 8/18/2016 1:00:00 PM **End Date/Time:** Thur 8/18/2016 2:00:00 PM

Lynorae and Scott,

See the scheduled August 18th conference call with MS and representatives from MS Power to discuss our July 18th comments on the modeling protocols for the two DRR sources (Plant Daniels and Red Hills).

Twunjala

----Original Appointment-----

From: Keith Head [mailto:KHead@mdeq.ms.gov]

Sent: Monday, August 01, 2016 3:46 PM

To: Keith Head; Benvenutti, Keith M.; Walters, Justin T.; Bell, Tiereny; Pleas McNeel; Howard, Chris; Chad Lafontaine; Conference Room #504; Bradley, Twunjala; Rodney Cuevas; Smith, P. A. (Tony); Hicks,

Travis N.; Gillam, Rick

Subject: Call with MS Power and EPA about SO2 Data Requirements Rule Modeling Protocol comments

When: Thursday, August 18, 2016 1:00 PM-2:00 PM (UTC) Monrovia, Reykjavik.

Where: Conference Room #504

Here is the call in information:

Ex. 6 - Personal Privacy

From: Palmer, Darren Location: 12D Importance: Normal

Subject: FW: SO2 Data Requirements Rule, Monitoring and Modeling Technical Issues

Start Date/Time: Fri 12/11/2015 4:00:00 PM **End Date/Time:** Fri 12/11/2015 5:00:00 PM

Alabama's Data Requirements Rule conference call.

----Original Appointment----

From: Palmer, Darren

Sent: Tuesday, December 08, 2015 12:16 PM

To: Palmer, Darren; Corey Masuca; matt.lacke@jcdh.org; mml@adem.state.al.us; lbb@adem.state.al.us; Howanitz, Jason; Curvin, Gina; adh@adem.state.al.us;

lynn.geter@jcdh.org

Cc: Walther, Katherine; Garver, Daniel; Rinck, Todd; Bradley, Twunjala; Gillam, Rick Subject: SO2 Data Requirements Rule, Monitoring and Modeling Technical Issues When: Friday, December 11, 2015 11:00 AM-12:00 PM (UTC-05:00) Eastern Time (US &

Canada). Where: 12D

Sorry for the abrupt update: would 10-11AM Central work for everyone instead?

Ex. 6 - Personal Privacy

Time: 11AM-12PM EST (10-11AM CST)

All,

In preparation for the upcoming Data Requirements Rule (DRR) deadlines, we would like to schedule a call with you to discuss the following:

- The general timeline for the upcoming deadlines outlined in the DRR
- For SO₂ sources that you are already planning or working to characterize:
 - Do you have any questions on the specifics of the monitoring or modeling plans on the work that you have completed so far?
 - Are there any expected complex technical issues associated with the monitoring/modeling of specific sources?
 - Are you expecting to submit alternative model requests?
 - Monitoring technical questions
- An overview of the Monitoring and Modeling Technical Assistance Documents
- QA system for Industrial monitoring (if you are planning to use industrial monitors to comply with the DRR).
- Any questions you have on the overall process

Ideally we would like to have staff from the monitoring, modeling, and SIP groups from both your agencies participate in the call. We would like to have the calls take place sometime during the first two weeks of December (November 30-December 4 or December 7-11).

Please coordinate with those individuals that you would like to have on the call and **email us your availability** during those two weeks by **Monday, November 23**. We expect the calls to be about an hour in duration.

Thank you for your time and please don't hesitate to contact us in the interim if you have any questions!

Darren Palmer USEPA - Region 4 APTMD/AASB Air Data & Analysis Section PH: (404) 562-9052 FX: (404) 562-9095 http://www.epa.gov/region4

CONFIDENTIALITY NOTICE

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To: Chuck Doyno[cdoyno@ALL4INC.COM]; Davis, Scott[Davis.ScottR@epa.gov]; Rinck,

Todd[Rinck.Todd@epa.gov]

Cc: Martha Sims[Martha.Sims@ipaper.com]; Billy J Scott[Billy.Scott@ipaper.com];

lbb@adem.state.al.us[lbb@adem.state.al.us]; Healan, Geoffrey

(GAH@adem.alabama.gov)[GAH@adem.alabama.gov]

From: Gillam, Rick

Sent: Wed 2/1/2017 11:47:02 AM

Subject: RE: IP Prattville Updated SO2 Modeling

Hello Chuck,

Thanks for providing this additional information. We will review it along with the previous modeling information and let you know if we have any questions.

Regards,

Rick Gillam

From: Chuck Doyno [mailto:cdoyno@ALL4INC.COM]

Sent: Tuesday, January 31, 2017 5:04 PM

To: Davis, Scott <Davis.ScottR@epa.gov>; Gillam, Rick <Gillam.Rick@epa.gov>; Rinck, Todd

<Rinck.Todd@epa.gov>

Cc: Martha Sims < Martha.Sims@ipaper.com>; Billy J Scott < Billy.Scott@ipaper.com>;

lbb@adem.state.al.us; Healan, Geoffrey (GAH@adem.alabama.gov)

<GAH@adem.alabama.gov>

Subject: FW: IP Prattville Updated SO2 Modeling

All – Please find the attached updated SO2 DRR modeling files for IP Prattville. The modeling was updated using AERMOD Version 16216r based on conversations with ADEM. Note that the results did not change from what was previously submitted (i.e., 4^{th} high concentration was 179.93 $\mu g/m^3$). The attached file extension will need to be updated from "zii" to "zip" prior to accessing the modeling files.

If you have any questions, please give me a call.

Thanks,

Chuck

Chuck Doyno | Project Manager

cdoyno@all4inc.com | 678.460.0324 x204 | Profile | LinkedIn

All4 Inc. | Philadelphia | Atlanta | Houston | Washington DC

Website | Blog | Newsletter | LinkedIn | Twitter | Facebook | Awards

From: Chuck Doyno

Sent: Tuesday, January 31, 2017 11:20 AM

To: Leigh Bacon; Healan, Geoffrey (GAH@adem.alabama.gov)

Cc: Martha Sims; Billy J Scott

Subject: IP Prattville Updated SO2 Modeling

Leigh and Geoff – We reran the IP Prattville SO_2 DRR modeling with AERMOD Version 16216r. There was no change in the 4th high concentration of 179.93 μ g/m³ from the modeling results submitted as part of the SO_2 DRR Modeling Report. I have attached the updated modeling files for your reference. I wasn't sure if you still had issues receiving zip files, so I changed the file extension to zii to be safe. If you have any questions or need anything else, please give me a call.

Thanks,

Chuck

Chuck Doyno | Project Manager

cdoyno@all4inc.com | 678.460.0324 x204 | Profile | LinkedIn

All4 Inc. | Philadelphia | Atlanta | Houston | Washington DC

Website | Blog | Newsletter | LinkedIn | Twitter | Facebook | Awards

To: Davis, Scott[Davis.ScottR@epa.gov]; Gillam, Rick[Gillam.Rick@epa.gov]; Rinck,

Todd[Rinck.Todd@epa.gov]

Cc: Martha Sims[Martha.Sims@ipaper.com]; Billy J Scott[Billy.Scott@ipaper.com];

lbb@adem.state.al.us[lbb@adem.state.al.us]; Healan, Geoffrey

(GAH@adem.alabama.gov)[GAH@adem.alabama.gov]

From: Chuck Doyno

Sent: Tue 1/31/2017 10:04:21 PM

Subject: FW: IP Prattville Updated SO2 Modeling

IP Prattville SO2 DRR 16216 run.zii

All – Please find the attached updated SO2 DRR modeling files for IP Prattville. The modeling was updated using AERMOD Version 16216r based on conversations with ADEM. Note that the results did not change from what was previously submitted (i.e., 4^{th} high concentration was 179.93 $\mu g/m^3$). The attached file extension will need to be updated from "zii" to "zip" prior to accessing the modeling files.

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Chuck

Chuck Doyno | Project Manager

cdoyno@all4inc.com | 678.460.0324 x204 | Profile | LinkedIn

All4 Inc. | Philadelphia | Atlanta | Houston | Washington DC

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Chuck

Chuck Doyno | Project Manager

cdoyno@all4inc.com | 678.460.0324 x204 | Profile | LinkedIn

All4 Inc. | Philadelphia | Atlanta | Houston | Washington DC

Website | Blog | Newsletter | LinkedIn | Twitter | Facebook | Awards

To: Davis, Scott[Davis.ScottR@epa.gov]

From: Duff, Melissa (EEC)
Sent: Wed 1/11/2017 2:53:45 PM

Subject: RE: Kentucky submittal for the 2010 SO2 Data Requirements Rule

Thanks Scott. If you don't see it by Friday, let me know. We have the tracking number.

Melissa Duff

502-782-6597

Melissa.Duff@ky.gov

From: Davis, Scott [mailto:Davis.ScottR@epa.gov] Sent: Wednesday, January 11, 2017 9:53 AM

To: Duff, Melissa (EEC); Banister, Beverly; Kemker, Carol; Gettle, Jeaneanne; Benjamin, Lynorae;

Bradley, Twunjala; Gillam, Rick; Farngalo, Zuri

Cc: Alteri, Sean (EEC); Shewekah, Rick (EEC); Poff, Leslie; Cordes, Ben (EEC) **Subject:** RE: Kentucky submittal for the 2010 SO2 Data Requirements Rule

Thanks Melissa – we will be on the lookout for the DVD package.

R. Scott Davis

Chief, Air Planning and Implementation Branch

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 4

Sam Nunn Atlanta Federal Center, 61 Forsyth Street, SW

Atlanta, GA 30303-8960

Telephone (404) 562-9127

Email: davis.scottr@epa.gov

From: Duff, Melissa (EEC) [mailto:melissa.duff@ky.gov]

Sent: Wednesday, January 11, 2017 9:49 AM

To: Banister, Beverly < Banister. Beverly@epa.gov>; Kemker, Carol < Kemker. Carol@epa.gov>;

Gettle, Jeaneanne < Gettle. Jeaneanne@epa.gov >; Davis, Scott < Davis. Scott R@epa.gov >;

Benjamin, Lynorae < benjamin.lynorae@epa.gov >; Bradley, Twunjala

< Bradley. Twunjala@epa.gov >; Gillam, Rick < Gillam. Rick@epa.gov >; Farngalo, Zuri

<Farngalo.Zuri@epa.gov>

Cc: sean.alteri@ky.gov; Shewekah, Rick (EEC) < Rick.Shewekah@ky.gov >; Poff, Leslie

<<u>LeslieM.Poff@ky.gov</u>>; Cordes, Ben (EEC) <<u>Ben.Cordes@ky.gov</u>>

Subject: Kentucky submittal for the 2010 SO2 Data Requirements Rule

Good morning.

Attached, please find Kentucky's submittal for the 2010 SO₂ Data Requirement Rule. A hard copy, which includes a DVD containing the modeling information, has been sent to the Regional Administrator. We are working to provide an FTP site for the modeling data and will notify you if/when it becomes available.

If you have questions, comments, or concerns, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Thanks.

Melissa Duff

Program Planning & Administration Branch Manager

Kentucky Division for Air Quality

300 Sower Boulevard, 2nd Floor

Frankfort, KY 40601

502-782-6597

Melissa.Duff@ky.gov

To: 'tpm@adem.state.al.us'[tpm@adem.state.al.us]

Cc: Davis, Scott[Davis.ScottR@epa.gov]; Gillam, Rick[Gillam.Rick@epa.gov];

'bradley.twuanjala@epa.gov'[bradley.twuanjala@epa.gov]; 'Burke, Bob'[rfburk@ascendmaterials.com]; lbb@adem.state.al.us[lbb@adem.state.al.us]; 'David Keen (keen@rtpenv.com)'[keen@rtpenv.com]

From: David Keen

Sent: Fri 12/9/2016 4:13:54 PM

Subject: SO2 DRR Modeling - Ascend Performance Materials - Decatur, Alabama

Ascend 1-hr SO2 Model Report (Final 12-16).pdf

Please find attached the report documenting the results of the Data Requirements Rule 1-hr SO2 modeling for the Ascend Performance Materials facility in Decatur, Alabama. All of the modeling files and supporting information can be downloaded from our ftp site. The files are in the folder "Ascend Decatur". You can access the ftp site via Windows Explorer (not Internet Explorer) at the following address

Ex. 6 - Personal Privacy The user name is

Ex. 6 - Personal Privacy and the password is

Ex. 6 - Personal Privacy If you experience trouble accessing the site, please let me know.
Please also let me know when you have downloaded the files.

Should you have any questions about the analysis, or require additional information, please let me know.

Sincerely,

David Keen

David Keen

RTP Environmental

keen@rtpenv.com

(919) 845-1422 x41

(919) 845-1424 fax

(919) 906-6016 mobile

Note: This message originates from RTP Environmental Associates Inc. It contains information that may be confidential or privileged and is intended only for the individual or entity named above. It is prohibited for anyone else to disclose, copy, distribute, or use the contents of this message. All personal messages express views solely of the sender, which are not to be attributed to

RTP Environmental, and may not be copied or distributed without this disclaimer. If you received this message in error, please notify me immediately at: keen@rtpenv.com or 919-845-1422 x41.

To: RWG@adem.alabama.gov[RWG@adem.alabama.gov];

LWB@adem.alabama.gov[LWB@adem.alabama.gov];

LBB@adem.alabama.gov[LBB@adem.alabama.gov];

Justin.B.Green@dep.state.fl.us[Justin.B.Green@dep.state.fl.us];

jeff.koerner@dep.state.fl.us[jeff.koerner@dep.state.fl.us];

Preston.McLane@dep.state.fl.us[Preston.McLane@dep.state.fl.us];

Karen.Hays@dnr.ga.gov[Karen.Hays@dnr.ga.gov]; Dika.Kuoh@dnr.ga.gov[Dika.Kuoh@dnr.ga.gov];

James.Boylan@dnr.ga.gov[James.Boylan@dnr.ga.gov]; sean.alteri@ky.gov[sean.alteri@ky.gov];

melissa.duff@ky.gov[melissa.duff@ky.gov];

Dallas_Baker@deq.state.ms.us[Dallas_Baker@deq.state.ms.us];

keith_head@deq.state.ms.us[keith_head@deq.state.ms.us];

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sushma.masemore@ncdenr.gov[sushma.masemore@ncdenr.gov];

david.brigman@buncombecounty.org[david.brigman@buncombecounty.org];

brownrj@dhec.sc.gov[brownrj@dhec.sc.gov]; basilej@dhec.sc.gov[basilej@dhec.sc.gov];

hollisao@dhec.sc.gov[hollisao@dhec.sc.gov]; michelle.b.walker@tn.gov[michelle.b.walker@tn.gov];

Quincy.Styke@tn.gov[Quincy.Styke@tn.gov]; James.Johnston@tn.gov[James.Johnston@tn.gov];

bob.rogers@shelbycountytn.gov[bob.rogers@shelbycountytn.gov];

michelle.b.walker@tn.gov[michelle.b.walker@tn.gov]

Cc: Benjamin, Lynorae[benjamin.lynorae@epa.gov]; Ceron, Heather[Ceron.Heather@epa.gov];

Davis, Scott[Davis.ScottR@epa.gov]

From: Bradley, Twunjala

Sent: Thur 9/15/2016 10:21:05 PM

Subject: FW: SO2 Data Requirements Rule follow up on Enforceability Questions

All,

Please see below for additional information from headquarters(in **bold text**) regarding limiting emissions below 2,000 tpy to comply with the data requirements rule. Again, if you have any questions, please contact myself, Steve Scofield, Lynorae Benjamin or Heather Ceron.

Twunjala Bradley

Twunjala Bradley

Air Regulatory Management Section

Air, Pesticides and Toxics Management Division USEPA, Region 4
Atlanta, Georgia
(404) 562-9352 office
(404) 562-9019 fax
bradley.twunjala@epa.gov

From: Davis, Scott

Sent: Thursday, September 01, 2016 6:16 PM

To: Gore, Ron <RWG@adem.alabama.gov>; Brown, Larry <LWB@adem.alabama.gov>; Bacon, Leigh <LBB@adem.alabama.gov>; Green, Justin B. <Justin.B.Green@dep.state.fl.us>; jeff.koerner@dep.state.fl.us; McLane, Preston < Preston.McLane@dep.state.fl.us>; Hays, Karen

<Karen.Hays@dnr.ga.gov>; Kuoh, Dika <Dika.Kuoh@dnr.ga.gov>; Boylan, James

<James.Boylan@dnr.ga.gov>; sean.alteri@ky.gov; Duff, Melissa (EEC)

<melissa.duff@ky.gov>; Dallas Baker@deq.state.ms.us; keith_head@deq.state.ms.us; Holman, Sheila <sheila.holman@ncdenr.gov>; michael.abraczinskas@ncdenr.gov;

sushma.masemore@ncdenr.gov; david.brigman@buncombecounty.org; thompsrb@dhec.sc.gov; Brown, Robbie brownrj@dhec.sc.gov">brownrj@dhec.sc.gov; basilej@dhec.sc.gov; Andrew Hollis

; Michelle B. Walker ; Quincy Styke

<Quincy.Styke@tn.gov>; James Johnston <James.Johnston@tn.gov>;

bob.rogers@shelbycountytn.gov

Cc: Benjamin, Lynorae <benjamin.lynorae@epa.gov>; Ceron, Heather

<Ceron.Heather@epa.gov>; Bradley, Twunjala <Bradley.Twunjala@epa.gov>; Scofield, Steven

<Scofield.Steve@epa.gov>; Gettle, Jeaneanne <Gettle.Jeaneanne@epa.gov>; Kemker, Carol

<Kemker.Carol@epa.gov>; Fite, Mark <Fite.Mark@epa.gov>

Subject: SO2 Data Requirements Rule follow up on Enforceability Questions

Dear Region 4 State Directors:

Thank you for providing the required information related to the data requirements rule (DRR) on July 1, 2016, on how you intend to characterize sources of sulfur dioxide (SO₂) within your respective states that are subject to the 2,000 tons per year (tpy) threshold through modeling, monitoring or emission limits described in the DRR to inform the next round of SO2 designations. Most of you should have already received specific feedback on your modeling protocols and/or monitoring network plans. For those specific DRR sources that seek to restrict emissions to below 2,000 tpy through a federally enforceable requirement or permanently shutdown by January 13, 2017, in lieu of characterization (pursuant to section 51.1203(e)), please refer to the requirements below for submitting your final documentation for these sources.

Should you have any questions regarding these requirements, please contact any of our SO2 staff, Twunjala Bradley or Steve Scofield, or my section chiefs Lynorae Benjamin or Heather Ceron. We will continue to work closely with you and your SO2 staff to follow up on any questions you may have and provide additional information or clarifications, so please do not hesitate to contact EPA Region 4 throughout this current

characterization process.

Here is the follow up information we currently are providing:

•□□□□□□□ For those DRR sources subject to a federally-enforceable control measure (such as a fuel switch or other control measures that may restrict emissions or shutdown certain units) lowering emissions below 2,000 tpy, the air agency can either establish an explicit SO₂ emission limit and/or provide specific permit conditions that result in a potential to emit (PTE) to below the DRR threshold. Any explicit SO₂ limit established should be based on a short term averaging-time (1-hour not to exceed 30-day) and cannot simply be an annual cap on emissions. In some cases, a state may be able to justify use of an annual emission limit, so long as the limit is a rolling average limit, rolled a minimum of every 30 days. The air agency must ensure that the limit is practicably enforceable (with appropriate compliance parameters).

•□□□□□□ The air agency should thoroughly document in the permit how the explicit SO₂ limit or PTE reflect any permit conditions lowering emissions below 2,000 tpy. This includes documenting the permanent shutdown of specific units (i.e. demonstrating the portion of the permit authorizing operation of these units have been rescinded/revoked resulting in a zero PTE). These emission restrictions should be federally enforceable and effective by January 13, 2017. Additionally, where possible, Region 4 requests the review of any permit revisions/modifications.

•□□□□□□ For those DRR sources that have indicated a permanent source-wide shutdown by January 13, 2017, explicit documentation through a federally-enforceable mechanism is required to show that the operating permit for that source has been rescinded and/or revoked, resulting in zero PTE.

R. Scott Davis

Chief, Air Planning and Implementation Branch

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 4

Sam Nunn Atlanta Federal Center, 61 Forsyth Street, SW

Atlanta, GA 30303-8960

Telephone: (404) 562-9127

email: davis.scottr@epa.gov

http://www.epa.gov/aboutepa/region4

http://www.southeastdiesel.org

To: rwg@adem.state.al.us[rwg@adem.state.al.us]; Larry Brown[lwb@adem.state.al.us]

Cc: Gettle, Jeaneanne[Gettle.Jeaneanne@epa.gov]; Kemker, Carol[Kemker.Carol@epa.gov]; Fite,

Mark[Fite.Mark@epa.gov]; Rinck, Todd[Rinck.Todd@epa.gov]; Ackerman, Laura[Ackerman.Laura@epa.gov]; Davis, Scott[Davis.ScottR@epa.gov]; Garver,

Daniel Corver Da

Daniel[Garver.Daniel@epa.gov]; Palmer, Darren[Palmer.Darren@epa.gov]

From: Worley, Gregg

Sent: Wed 9/14/2016 5:21:14 PM

Subject: SO2 DRR Monitoring Site Proposal

Ron,

Thank you for recently submitting an addendum to Alabama's 2016 ambient air monitoring network plan. In this addendum, ADEM proposed a monitoring site to characterize the maximum ambient 1-hr SO₂ concentrations near the Lhoist facility in Montevallo, Alabama under the SO₂ Data Requirements Rule (40 CFR Part 51, Subpart BB). EPA Region 4 has reviewed this information, and supports the proposed site to characterize the maximum ambient 1-hr SO₂ concentrations near the source.

For final approval of the site, the addendum will need to be revised to include:

- A statement of whether the operation of the monitor meets the requirements of 40 CFR Part 58 Appendices A, B, C, D, and E, as required by 40 CFR §58.10(a)(1).
- The monitoring objective, as required by 40 CFR §58.10(b)(6).

Additionally, as required by 40 CFR §58.10(a)(1), the network plan addendum containing the SO₂ site proposal must be made available for public inspection and comment for at least 30 days prior to submission to the EPA and the submitted plan shall include and address, as appropriate, any received comments. The addendum that is made available for public comment and submitted to EPA for approval should include all of the relevant information that ADEM has submitted to EPA in draft previously, such as the site proposal language, the modeling results and discussion, etc. EPA's official response to the SO₂ site proposal will be included in our response to the 2016 network plan.

Please ensure that the appropriate Quality Assurance Project Plan covering the SO₂ Data Requirements Rule monitoring is updated as necessary and approved by EPA Region 4 SESD before data collection is required to begin on January 1, 2017.

Thanks,
Gregg
Gregg M. Worley
Chief
Air Analysis & Support Branch
APTMD
U.S. EPA Region 4
(404) 562-9141

To: Paul Smith[psmith@trinityconsultants.com]; Gillam, Rick[Gillam.Rick@epa.gov]; Garver,

Daniel[Garver.Daniel@epa.gov]; walther.katy@epa.gov[walther.katy@epa.gov]

Cc: john.gowins@ky.gov[john.gowins@ky.gov]; jenniferf.miller@ky.gov[jenniferf.miller@ky.gov]; Cordes, Ben (EEC)[Ben.Cordes@ky.gov]; Davis, Kevin (EEC)[Kevin.Davis@ky.gov];

sean.alteri@ky.gov[sean.alteri@ky.gov]; mark.bertram@bigrivers.com[mark.bertram@bigrivers.com];

Thomas.Shaw@bigrivers.com[Thomas.Shaw@bigrivers.com]; Coomes,

Jamie[Jamie.Coomes@centuryaluminum.com]; Brian Otten[botten@trinityconsultants.com]; Worley, Gregg[Worley.Gregg@epa.gov]; Banister, Beverly[Banister.Beverly@epa.gov]; Kemker,

Carol[Kemker.Carol@epa.gov]; Davis, Scott[Davis.ScottR@epa.gov]

From: George Schewe

Sent: Thur 3/24/2016 8:44:20 PM

Subject: Plots of Modeling Analysis Results for Century Aluminum and Big Rivers Electric - Revised Sebree Ranking Figures 2016-0324 (Preliminary Draft).pdf

All

We just noticed that Figures 6 and 7 are identical and the overall ranking figure did not get included, which should have been Figure 7 in the pdf file. Thus, I am attaching an updated pdf file with the name changed to

"Sebree Ranking_Figures_2016-0324 (Preliminary Draft).pdf"

The file is attached directly to this email.

Again, If you have any questions about the additional files being provided or have any issues accessing them, please do not hesitate to contact Mr. George Schewe, CCM or Paul Smith at 859-341-8100. We look forward to meeting with you next week.

George

From: Paul Smith

Sent: Thursday, March 24, 2016 1:47 PM

To: gillam.rick@epa.gov; garver.daniel@epa.gov; walther.katy@epa.gov **Cc:** Gowins, John (EEC) <John.Gowins@ky.gov>; Miller, Jennifer F (EEC)

<JenniferF.Miller@ky.gov>; Cordes, Ben (EEC) <Ben.Cordes@ky.gov>; Davis, Kevin (EEC)

<Kevin.Davis@ky.gov>; Alteri, Sean (EEC) <Sean.Alteri@ky.gov>;

mark.bertram@bigrivers.com; Thomas.Shaw@bigrivers.com; Coomes, Jamie

<Jamie.Coomes@centuryaluminum.com>; George Schewe

<GSchewe@trinityconsultants.com>; Brian Otten <boxesister.Beverly@cpa.gov>; Worley, Gregg <Worley.Gregg@epa.gov>; Banister, Beverly <Banister.Beverly@epa.gov>; Kemker, Carol <Kemker.Carol@epa.gov>; Davis, Scott <Davis.ScottR@epa.gov>
Subject: Plots of Modeling Analysis Results for Century Aluminum and Big Rivers Electric Importance: High

In regard to the modeling analyses for Century Aluminum and Big Rivers Electric Corporation, John Gowins at KDAQ let us know earlier today that in addition to the AERMOD modeling files provided earlier this week, EPA was interested in obtaining the preliminary modeling results to help prepare for the meeting next Tuesday at the sites. In response, Trinity has uploaded a zip file to our servers that can be downloaded using the secure URL link provided at the bottom of this email. In the context of the purpose of the modeling analyses, which is to help site an SO2 ambient monitor, the zip file contains plots showing the receptor grid, normalized design values (NDV), top 200 NDV receptor locations with their frequency ranking, the combined NDV/frequency ranking score (following the methodology prescribed in the draft Monitoring TAD), and the ranking of the combined NDV/frequency scores (from 1 to 200). The zip file also includes the Excel spreadsheet used to post-process the AERMOD model output files to generate these plots and rankings.

As indicated in the modeling methodology report emailed earlier this week, Trinity is working on behalf of Century and Big Rivers to prepare a monitor siting analysis report and submit it to KDAQ by April 15, 2016. This is the date KDAQ requested that monitor siting reports be provided, so they can review them and finalize the state monitoring network plan by July 1, 2016. Thus, it is important to note that the monitor siting analysis work is not yet complete and the ranking process is only the first step in assessing a possible candidate monitor site location. The plots being provided to EPA now are what Trinity intends on presenting and going through with EPA at the March 29th meeting. After reviewing the modeling methodology, modeling results, and monitor ranking results, we expect to tour the area around the facilities and discuss the candidate location being considered.

If you have any questions about the additional files being provided or have any issues accessing them, please do not hesitate to contact Mr. George Schewe, CCM or me at 859-341-8100. We look forward to meeting with you next week.
Paul J. Smith, P.E. Director

Trinity Consultants

1717 Dixie Hwy, Suite 900 | Covington, Kentucky 41011

Office: 859-341-8100 x102 | Mobile: 859-803-1314

Email: psmith@trinityconsultants.com | LinkedIn:
Ex. 6 - Personal Privacy

From: Paul Smith

Sent: Tuesday, March 22, 2016 6:21 PM

To: 'Alteri, Sean (EEC)' < Sean.Alteri@ky.gov>; Worley, Gregg < Worley.Gregg@epa.gov> **Cc:** Banister, Beverly < Banister, Beverly@epa.gov>; Kemker, Carol < Kemker, Carol@epa.gov>;

Davis, Scott < Davis.ScottR@epa.gov >; Thomas.Shaw@bigrivers.com;

mark.bertram@bigrivers.com; Coomes, Jamie <<u>Jamie.Coomes@centuryaluminum.com</u>>; Duff, Melissa (EEC) <<u>melissa.duff@ky.gov</u>>; Gowins, John (EEC) <<u>John.Gowins@ky.gov</u>>; Miller, Jennifer F (EEC) <<u>Jennifer F.Miller@ky.gov</u>>; Cordes, Ben (EEC) <<u>Ben.Cordes@ky.gov</u>>;

Davis, Kevin (EEC) < Kevin.Davis@ky.gov >; George Schewe

<<u>GSchewe@trinityconsultants.com</u>>; Brian Otten <<u>botten@trinityconsultants.com</u>>

Subject: Modeling Files and Modeling Methodology Report for Century Aluminum and Big

Rivers Electric Importance: High

On behalf of Century Aluminum and Big Rivers Electric Corporation, Trinity Consultants has prepared a brief report describing the methodology used for the dispersion modeling analyses being conducted as part of the SO2 ambient monitor siting study underway for these facilities. The monitor siting evaluation report will be separately submitted by April 15, 2016 to the Kentucky Division for Air Quality.

The Acrobat Portfolio PDF file being provided includes the report along with the AERMOD input and output data files and meteorological data files used in the modeling analyses, which EPA expressed interest in having to review ahead of the meeting now scheduled for March 29th at the sites to discuss the monitor siting process.

Due to the size of the report file and the attached modeling files, in lieu of sending via email, the file has been uploaded to Trinity's file server and it can be downloaded via the URL link provided at the bottom of this email.

If you have any difficulties accessing the file or in detaching the report and modeling files from the PDF Portfolio, please let me know and I can try to send the files via an alternate method.

.....

Paul J. Smith, P.E.

Director

Trinity Consultants

1717 Dixie Hwy, Suite 900 | Covington, Kentucky 41011

Office: 859-341-8100 x102 | Mobile: 859-803-1314

Email: psmith@trinityconsultants.com | LinkedIn:

Ex. 6 - Personal Privacy

Files attached to this message

Filename Size Checksum (SHA1)

2016-0324 DRAFT Monitor Siting Modeling
Results to EPA.zip

27.7c255528e2fc80237206c1fc08d52ac11
MB

Please click on the following link to download the attachments:

Ex. 6 - Personal Privacy

This email or download link can not be forwarded to anyone else.

The attachments are available until: Saturday, 23 April.

Message ID: arNNC99A

To: Gillam, Rick[Gillam.Rick@epa.gov]; Garver, Daniel[Garver.Daniel@epa.gov]; walther.katy@epa.gov[walther.katy@epa.gov]

Cc: john.gowins@ky.gov[john.gowins@ky.gov]; jenniferf.miller@ky.gov[jenniferf.miller@ky.gov]; Cordes, Ben (EEC)[Ben.Cordes@ky.gov]; Davis, Kevin (EEC)[Kevin.Davis@ky.gov]; sean.alteri@ky.gov[sean.alteri@ky.gov]; mark.bertram@bigrivers.com[mark.bertram@bigrivers.com];

Thomas.Shaw@bigrivers.com[Thomas.Shaw@bigrivers.com]; Coomes,

Jamie[Jamie.Coomes@centuryaluminum.com]; George Schewe[GSchewe@trinityconsultants.com]; Brian Otten[botten@trinityconsultants.com]; Worley, Gregg[Worley.Gregg@epa.gov]; Banister, Beverly[Banister.Beverly@epa.gov]; Kemker, Carol[Kemker.Carol@epa.gov]; Davis,

Scott[Davis.ScottR@epa.gov]

From: Paul Smith

Sent: Thur 3/24/2016 5:47:03 PM

Subject: Plots of Modeling Analysis Results for Century Aluminum and Big Rivers Electric

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.....

Paul J. Smith, P.E.

Director

Trinity Consultants

1717 Dixie Hwy, Suite 900 | Covington, Kentucky 41011

Office: 859-341-8100 x102 | Mobile: 859-803-1314

Email: psmith@trinityconsultants.com | LinkedIn:

Ex. 6 - Personal Privacy

From: Paul Smith

Sent: Tuesday, March 22, 2016 6:21 PM

To: 'Alteri, Sean (EEC)' <Sean.Alteri@ky.gov>; Worley, Gregg <Worley.Gregg@epa.gov> **Cc:** Banister, Beverly <Banister.Beverly@epa.gov>; Kemker, Carol <Kemker.Carol@epa.gov>;

Davis, Scott < Davis. ScottR@epa.gov>; Thomas. Shaw@bigrivers.com;

mark.bertram@bigrivers.com; Coomes, Jamie <Jamie.Coomes@centuryaluminum.com>; Duff, Melissa (EEC) <melissa.duff@ky.gov>; Gowins, John (EEC) <John.Gowins@ky.gov>; Miller, Jennifer F (EEC) <JenniferF.Miller@ky.gov>; Cordes, Ben (EEC) <Ben.Cordes@ky.gov>;

Davis, Kevin (EEC) <Kevin.Davis@ky.gov>; George Schewe

<GSchewe@trinityconsultants.com>; Brian Otten <botten@trinityconsultants.com>

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Rivers Electric Importance: High

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If you have any difficulties accessing the file or in detaching the report and modeling files from the PDF Portfolio, please let me know and I can try to send the files via an alternate method.

.....

Paul J. Smith, P.E.

Director

Trinity Consultants

1717 Dixie Hwy, Suite 900 | Covington, Kentucky 41011

Office: 859-341-8100 x102 | Mobile: 859-803-1314

Email: psmith@trinityconsultants.com | LinkedIn:

Ex. 6 - Personal Privacy

Files attached to this message

Filename	Size	Checksum (SHA1)
2016-0324 DRAFT Monitor Siting Modeling	27.7	c255528e2fc80237206c1fc08d52ac1
Results to EPA.zip	MB	

Please click on the following link to download the attachments:

Ev C Doro	anal Drivaav
Ex. 6 - Pers	onal Privacy

This email or download link can not be forwarded to anyone else.

The attachments are available until: Saturday, 23 April.

Message ID: arNNC99A

To: Paul Smith[psmith@trinityconsultants.com]; sean.alteri@ky.gov[sean.alteri@ky.gov]; Worley, Gregg[Worley.Gregg@epa.gov]

Cc: Banister, Beverly[Banister.Beverly@epa.gov]; Kemker, Carol[Kemker.Carol@epa.gov]; Davis, Scott[Davis.ScottR@epa.gov]; Thomas.Shaw@bigrivers.com[Thomas.Shaw@bigrivers.com]; mark.bertram@bigrivers.com[mark.bertram@bigrivers.com]; Coomes,

Jamie[Jamie.Coomes@centuryaluminum.com]; Duff, Melissa (EEC)[melissa.duff@ky.gov]; john.gowins@ky.gov[john.gowins@ky.gov]; jenniferf.miller@ky.gov[jenniferf.miller@ky.gov]; Cordes, Ben (EEC)[Ben.Cordes@ky.gov]; Davis, Kevin (EEC)[Kevin.Davis@ky.gov]; Brian Otten[botten@trinityconsultants.com]

From: George Schewe

Sent: Wed 3/23/2016 2:35:54 PM

Subject: RE: Modeling Files and Modeling Methodology Report for Century Aluminum and Big Rivers

Electric

All

Just as a follow up to Paul Smith's email last evening and in case you were looking for an attachment with the modeling report, it was not attached. As Paul indicated, there is a url link at the bottom of the email indicating where to obtain the modeling report.

If you have any trouble downloading or questions, please direct them to myself, gschewe@trinityconsultants.com

Thanks and have a good day.

George

Subject: Modeling Files and Modeling Methodology Report for Century Aluminum and Big

Rivers Electric Importance: High

On behalf of Century Aluminum and Big Rivers Electric Corporation, Trinity Consultants has prepared a brief report describing the methodology used for the dispersion modeling analyses being conducted as part of the SO2 ambient monitor siting study underway for these facilities. The monitor siting evaluation report will be separately submitted by April 15, 2016 to the Kentucky Division for Air Quality.

The Acrobat Portfolio PDF file being provided includes the report along with the AERMOD input and output data files and meteorological data files used in the modeling analyses, which EPA expressed interest in having to review ahead of the meeting now scheduled for March 29th at the sites to discuss the monitor siting process.

Due to the size of the report file and the attached modeling files, in lieu of sending via email, the file has been uploaded to Trinity's file server and it can be downloaded via the URL link provided at the bottom of this email.

If you have any difficulties accessing the file or in detaching the report and modeling files from the PDF Portfolio, please let me know and I can try to send the files via an alternate method.

.....

Paul J. Smith, P.E. Director

Trinity Consultants

1717 Dixie Hwy, Suite 900 | Covington, Kentucky 41011

Office: 859-341-8100 x102 | Mobile: 859-803-1314

Email: psmith@trinityconsultants.com | LinkedIn:

Ex. 6 - Personal Privacy

From: Alteri, Sean (EEC) [mailto:Sean.Alteri@ky.gov]

Sent: Wednesday, March 16, 2016 2:15 PM

To: tom.shaw@bigrivers.com; mark.bertram@bigrivers.com; 'Coomes, Jamie'

(<u>Jamie.Coomes@centuryaluminum.com</u>) < <u>Jamie.Coomes@centuryaluminum.com</u>>; Paul Smith

<psmith@trinityconsultants.com>

Cc: Shewekah, Rick (EEC) < Rick. Shewekah@ky.gov >; Duff, Melissa (EEC)

<<u>melissa.duff@ky.gov</u>>; Gowins, John (EEC) <<u>John.Gowins@ky.gov</u>>; Cordes, Ben (EEC)

<Ben.Cordes@ky.gov>

Subject: Modeling for Site location

EPA has requested your modeling information as soon as possible to provide better feedback during the meeting. Please let me know if we can assist in the matter.

Thank you,

Sean

Sean Alteri, Director

Division for Air Quality

200 Fair Oaks Lane, 1st Floor

Frankfort, Kentucky 40601

(502) 564-3999 ext 4400

(502) 564-4666 (fax)

http://air.ky.gov

From: Alteri, Sean (EEC) [mailto:Sean.Alteri@ky.gov]

Sent: Wednesday, March 16, 2016 11:11 AM **To:** Worley, Gregg < <u>Worley.Gregg@epa.gov</u>>

Cc: Banister, Beverly <Banister.Beverly@epa.gov>; Kemker, Carol <Kemker.Carol@epa.gov>;

Davis, Scott < Davis.ScottR@epa.gov >; Thomas.Shaw@bigrivers.com;

mark.bertram@bigrivers.com; Coomes, Jamie <<u>Jamie.Coomes@centuryaluminum.com</u>>; Paul Smith <<u>psmith@trinityconsultants.com</u>>; Duff, Melissa (EEC) <<u>melissa.duff@ky.gov</u>>; Gowins, John (EEC) <<u>John.Gowins@ky.gov</u>>; Miller, Jennifer F (EEC) <<u>JenniferF.Miller@ky.gov</u>>; Cordes, Ben (EEC) <<u>Ben.Cordes@ky.gov</u>>; Davis, Kevin (EEC) <<u>Kevin.Davis@ky.gov</u>>

Subject: RE: Meeting to Discuss SO2 DRR Ambient Monitor Siting Conclusions for Area Around Century Aluminum and Big Rivers

Thank you for the quick reply, Gregg.

If EPA is able to meet in the area, I think that a visit to the proposed site location would be advantageous. Great suggestion.

Sean

From: Worley, Gregg [mailto:Worley.Gregg@epa.gov]

Sent: Wednesday, March 16, 2016 11:08 AM

To: Alteri, Sean (EEC)

Cc: Banister, Beverly; Kemker, Carol; Davis, Scott; Thomas.Shaw@bigrivers.com;

mark.bertram@bigrivers.com; Coomes, Jamie; Paul Smith; Duff, Melissa (EEC); Gowins, John (EEC);

Miller, Jennifer F (EEC); Cordes, Ben (EEC); Davis, Kevin (EEC)

Subject: Re: Meeting to Discuss SO2 DRR Ambient Monitor Siting Conclusions for Area Around Century

Aluminum and Big Rivers

Sean,

I will check the dates with my staff. Are you anticipating site visits for the proposed monitor location as part of this meeting?

Gregg

Sent from my iPhone

On Mar 16, 2016, at 11:01 AM, Alteri, Sean (EEC) < Sean. Alteri@ky.gov > wrote:

Good morning, Beverly.

As mentioned in our brief conference call yesterday afternoon, the Division for Air Quality met with representatives of Big Rivers and Century Aluminum to discuss the monitoring requirements to characterize SO2 concentrations pursuant to the SO2 Data Requirements

Rule (DRR). The facilities have jointly conducted preliminary air dispersion modeling and analysis consistent with the monitoring TAD and modeling TAD, where appropriate. Due to the significant costs and efforts associated with establishing and operating a monitoring site, I find it appropriate to present the information and receive feedback from EPA Region 4 as soon as possible.

In our previous discussions, I explained that our intention is to include the SO2 monitoring information for the DRR in our 2016 Network Plan prior to the 30 day public comment period. To meet the pressing deadlines, I propose that we meet either **March 30 or 31**, **2016**. This will allow two weeks for the facilities to complete their submittal and provide the information by April 15, 2016, as requested by the Division.

An in-person meeting is preferable. Please let us know if you and your staff are available on those dates to meet and discuss the monitoring requirements. In our meeting yesterday, the Division recommended the facilities provide Region 4 with relevant information one week prior to the meeting, if possible.

Thank you,

Sean

Sean Alteri, Director

Division for Air Quality

200 Fair Oaks Lane, 1st Floor

Frankfort, Kentucky 40601

http://air.ky.gov

(502) 564-4666 (fax)

(502) 564-3999 ext 4400

Files attached to this message

Filename

Size Checksum (SHA1)

Methodology for Modeling for SO2 DRR Monitor Siting- BREC 9.35c28e13f02c85cbd0e67e5c and Century 2016-0322 (With Model Files Attached).pdf MB

Please click on the following link to download the attachments:

Ex. 6 - Personal Privacy

This email or download link can not be forwarded to anyone else.

The attachments are available until: Thursday, 21 April.

Message ID: t38H6xvs

To: Worley, Gregg[Worley.Gregg@epa.gov]

Cc: Banister, Beverly[Banister.Beverly@epa.gov]; Kemker, Carol[Kemker.Carol@epa.gov]; Davis, Scott[Davis.ScottR@epa.gov]; Thomas.Shaw@bigrivers.com[Thomas.Shaw@bigrivers.com];

mark.bertram@bigrivers.com[mark.bertram@bigrivers.com]; Coomes,

Jamie[Jamie.Coomes@centuryaluminum.com]; Paul Smith[psmith@trinityconsultants.com]; Duff, Melissa (EEC)[melissa.duff@ky.gov]; john.gowins@ky.gov[john.gowins@ky.gov];

jenniferf.miller@ky.gov[jenniferf.miller@ky.gov]; Cordes, Ben (EEC)[Ben.Cordes@ky.gov]; Davis, Kevin (EEC)[Kevin.Davis@ky.gov]

From: Alteri, Sean (EEC)

Sent: Wed 3/16/2016 3:10:57 PM

Subject: RE: Meeting to Discuss SO2 DRR Ambient Monitor Siting Conclusions for Area Around

Century Aluminum and Big Rivers

Thank you for the quick reply, Gregg.

If EPA is able to meet in the area, I think that a visit to the proposed site location would be advantageous. Great suggestion.

Sean

From: Worley, Gregg [mailto:Worley.Gregg@epa.gov]

Sent: Wednesday, March 16, 2016 11:08 AM

To: Alteri, Sean (EEC)

Cc: Banister, Beverly; Kemker, Carol; Davis, Scott; Thomas.Shaw@bigrivers.com;

mark.bertram@bigrivers.com; Coomes, Jamie; Paul Smith; Duff, Melissa (EEC); Gowins, John (EEC);

Miller, Jennifer F (EEC); Cordes, Ben (EEC); Davis, Kevin (EEC)

Subject: Re: Meeting to Discuss SO2 DRR Ambient Monitor Siting Conclusions for Area Around Century

Aluminum and Big Rivers

Sean,

I will check the dates with my staff. Are you anticipating site visits for the proposed monitor location as part of this meeting?

Gregg

Sent from my iPhone

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In our previous discussions, I explained that our intention is to include the SO2 monitoring information for the DRR in our 2016 Network Plan prior to the 30 day public comment period. To meet the pressing deadlines, I propose that we meet either **March 30 or 31**, **2016**. This will allow two weeks for the facilities to complete their submittal and provide the information by April 15, 2016, as requested by the Division.

An in-person meeting is preferable. Please let us know if you and your staff are available on those dates to meet and discuss the monitoring requirements. In our meeting yesterday, the Division recommended the facilities provide Region 4 with relevant information one week prior to the meeting, if possible.

Thank you,
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Sean Alteri, Director

Division for Air Quality

200 Fair Oaks Lane, 1st Floor

Frankfort, Kentucky 40601

(502) 564-3999 ext 4400

(502) 564-4666 (fax)

http://air.ky.gov

To: sean.alteri@ky.gov[sean.alteri@ky.gov]

Cc: Banister, Beverly[Banister.Beverly@epa.gov]; Kemker, Carol[Kemker.Carol@epa.gov]; Davis, Scott[Davis.ScottR@epa.gov]; Thomas.Shaw@bigrivers.com[Thomas.Shaw@bigrivers.com];

mark.bertram@bigrivers.com[mark.bertram@bigrivers.com]; Coomes,

Jamie[Jamie.Coomes@centuryaluminum.com]; Paul Smith[psmith@trinityconsultants.com]; Duff, Melissa (EEC)[melissa.duff@ky.gov]; john.gowins@ky.gov[john.gowins@ky.gov];

jenniferf.miller@ky.gov[jenniferf.miller@ky.gov]; Cordes, Ben (EEC)[Ben.Cordes@ky.gov]; Davis, Kevin (EEC)[Kevin.Davis@ky.gov]

From: Worley, Gregg

Sent: Wed 3/16/2016 3:07:50 PM

Subject: Re: Meeting to Discuss SO2 DRR Ambient Monitor Siting Conclusions for Area Around Century Aluminum and Big Rivers

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Sent from my iPhone

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Thank you,

Sean

Sean Alteri, Director Division for Air Quality 200 Fair Oaks Lane, 1st Floor Frankfort, Kentucky 40601 (502) 564-3999 ext 4400 (502) 564-4666 (fax) http://air.ky.gov To: Banister, Beverly[Banister.Beverly@epa.gov]; Kemker, Carol[Kemker.Carol@epa.gov];

Worley, Gregg[Worley.Gregg@epa.gov]; Davis, Scott[Davis.ScottR@epa.gov];

Thomas.Shaw@bigrivers.com[Thomas.Shaw@bigrivers.com];

mark.bertram@bigrivers.com[mark.bertram@bigrivers.com]; Coomes,

Jamie[Jamie.Coomes@centuryaluminum.com]; Paul Smith[psmith@trinityconsultants.com]

Cc: Duff, Melissa (EEC)[melissa.duff@ky.gov]; john.gowins@ky.gov[john.gowins@ky.gov]; jenniferf.miller@ky.gov[jenniferf.miller@ky.gov]; Cordes, Ben (EEC)[Ben.Cordes@ky.gov]; Davis, Kevin (EEC)[Kevin.Davis@ky.gov]

From: Alteri, Sean (EEC)

Sent: Wed 3/16/2016 3:01:15 PM

Subject: Meeting to Discuss SO2 DRR Ambient Monitor Siting Conclusions for Area Around Century

Aluminum and Big Rivers

Good morning, Beverly.

As mentioned in our brief conference call yesterday afternoon, the Division for Air Quality met with representatives of Big Rivers and Century Aluminum to discuss the monitoring requirements to characterize SO2 concentrations pursuant to the SO2 Data Requirements Rule (DRR). The facilities have jointly conducted preliminary air dispersion modeling and analysis consistent with the monitoring TAD and modeling TAD, where appropriate. Due to the significant costs and efforts associated with establishing and operating a monitoring site, I find it appropriate to present the information and receive feedback from EPA Region 4 as soon as possible.

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Thank you,

Sean

Sean Alteri, Director Division for Air Quality 200 Fair Oaks Lane, 1st Floor Frankfort, Kentucky 40601 (502) 564-3999 ext 4400 (502) 564-4666 (fax) http://air.ky.gov **To:** Duff, Melissa (EEC)[melissa.duff@ky.gov]; Banister, Beverly[Banister.Beverly@epa.gov]; Kemker, Carol[Kemker.Carol@epa.gov]; Gettle, Jeaneanne[Gettle.Jeaneanne@epa.gov]; Benjamin, Lynorae[benjamin.lynorae@epa.gov]; Bradley, Twunjala[Bradley.Twunjala@epa.gov]; Gillam, Rick[Gillam.Rick@epa.gov]; Farngalo, Zuri[Farngalo.Zuri@epa.gov]

Cc: sean.alteri@ky.gov[sean.alteri@ky.gov]; Shewekah, Rick (EEC)[Rick.Shewekah@ky.gov];

Poff, Leslie[LeslieM.Poff@ky.gov]; Cordes, Ben (EEC)[Ben.Cordes@ky.gov]

From: Davis, Scott

Sent: Wed 1/11/2017 2:52:39 PM

Subject: RE: Kentucky submittal for the 2010 SO2 Data Requirements Rule

Thanks Melissa – we will be on the lookout for the DVD package.

R. Scott Davis

Chief, Air Planning and Implementation Branch

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 4

Sam Nunn Atlanta Federal Center, 61 Forsyth Street, SW

Atlanta, GA 30303-8960

Telephone (404) 562-9127

Email: davis.scottr@epa.gov

From: Duff, Melissa (EEC) [mailto:melissa.duff@ky.gov]

Sent: Wednesday, January 11, 2017 9:49 AM

To: Banister, Beverly <Banister.Beverly@epa.gov>; Kemker, Carol <Kemker.Carol@epa.gov>;

Gettle, Jeaneanne <Gettle.Jeaneanne@epa.gov>; Davis, Scott <Davis.ScottR@epa.gov>;

Benjamin, Lynorae

 benjamin.lynorae@epa.gov>; Bradley, Twunjala

<Bradley.Twunjala@epa.gov>; Gillam, Rick <Gillam.Rick@epa.gov>; Farngalo, Zuri

<Farngalo.Zuri@epa.gov>

Cc: sean.alteri@ky.gov; Shewekah, Rick (EEC) < Rick.Shewekah@ky.gov>; Poff, Leslie

<LeslieM.Poff@ky.gov>; Cordes, Ben (EEC) <Ben.Cordes@ky.gov>

Subject: Kentucky submittal for the 2010 SO2 Data Requirements Rule

Good morning.

Attached, please find Kentucky's submittal for the 2010 SO₂ Data Requirement Rule. A hard copy, which includes a DVD containing the modeling information, has been sent to the Regional Administrator. We are working to provide an FTP site for the modeling data and will notify you if/when it becomes available.

If you have questions, comments, or concerns, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Thanks.

Melissa Duff

Program Planning & Administration Branch Manager

Kentucky Division for Air Quality

300 Sower Boulevard, 2nd Floor

Frankfort, KY 40601

502-782-6597

Melissa.Duff@ky.gov

RWG@adem.alabama.gov[RWG@adem.alabama.gov]; To: LWB@adem.alabama.gov[LWB@adem.alabama.gov]; LBB@adem.alabama.gov[LBB@adem.alabama.gov]; jeff.koerner@dep.state.fl.us[jeff.koerner@dep.state.fl.us]; Preston.McLane@dep.state.fl.us[Preston.McLane@dep.state.fl.us]; Karen.Hays@dnr.ga.gov[Karen.Hays@dnr.ga.gov]; Dika.Kuoh@dnr.ga.gov[Dika.Kuoh@dnr.ga.gov]; James.Boylan@dnr.ga.gov[James.Boylan@dnr.ga.gov]; sean.alteri@ky.gov[sean.alteri@ky.gov]; melissa.duff@ky.gov[melissa.duff@ky.gov]; Dallas_Baker@deq.state.ms.us[Dallas_Baker@deq.state.ms.us]; keith_head@deq.state.ms.us[keith_head@deq.state.ms.us]; sheila.holman@ncdenr.gov[sheila.holman@ncdenr.gov]; michael.abraczinskas@ncdenr.gov[michael.abraczinskas@ncdenr.gov]; sushma.masemore@ncdenr.gov[sushma.masemore@ncdenr.gov]; david.brigman@buncombecounty.org[david.brigman@buncombecounty.org]; brownrj@dhec.sc.gov[brownrj@dhec.sc.gov]; basilej@dhec.sc.gov[basilej@dhec.sc.gov]; hollisao@dhec.sc.gov[hollisao@dhec.sc.gov]; michelle.b.walker@tn.gov[michelle.b.walker@tn.gov]; Quincy.Styke@tn.gov[Quincy.Styke@tn.gov]; James.Johnston@tn.gov[James.Johnston@tn.gov]; bob.rogers@shelbycountytn.gov[bob.rogers@shelbycountytn.gov]; michelle.b.walker@tn.gov[michelle.b.walker@tn.gov]; thompsrb@dhec.sc.gov[thompsrb@dhec.sc.gov]; corey.m.masuca@jcdh.org[corey.m.masuca@jcdh.org]; laliddington@aqm.co.knox.tn.us[laliddington@aqm.co.knox.tn.us]; John Hornback[hornback@metro4sesarm.org]

Cc: Benjamin, Lynorae[benjamin.lynorae@epa.gov]; Ceron, Heather[Ceron.Heather@epa.gov]; Bradley, Twunjala[Bradley.Twunjala@epa.gov]; Scofield, Steven[Scofield.Steve@epa.gov]; Gillam, Rick[Gillam.Rick@epa.gov]; Garver, Daniel[Garver.Daniel@epa.gov]; Rinck, Todd[Rinck.Todd@epa.gov]; Worley, Gregg[worley.gregg@epa.gov]; Carol Kemker[Kemker.Carol@epa.gov]; Gettle, Jeaneanne[Gettle.Jeaneanne@epa.gov]; Banister, Beverly[Banister.Beverly@epa.gov]

From: Davis, Scott

Sent: Thur 11/17/2016 9:43:47 PM

Subject: SO2 DRR Follow up from State/Local Air Directors Meeting - Enforceability Question

We are following up on a question raised at last week's State/Local Air Directors Meeting on our September 15, 2016 email we sent to our Region 4 agencies on the SO2 DRR. Anna Wood, Chet Wayland and OAQPS agree that the information in the September 15 email continues to be the EPA position. That email is below. As we presented last week, please continue to raise any modeling questions to Rick Gillam, monitoring questions to Daniel Garver and technical/policy questions to Twunjala Bradley and they will engage others on our SO2 team here and at EPA Headquarters to answer your questions and provide clarification or information. Thanks.

R. Scott Davis

Chief, Air Planning and Implementation Branch

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 4

Sam Nunn Atlanta Federal Center, 61 Forsyth Street, SW

Atlanta, GA 30303-8960

Telephone: (404) 562-9127

email: davis.scottr@epa.gov

http://www.epa.gov/aboutepa/region4

http://www.southeastdiesel.org

From: Bradley, Twunjala

Sent: Thursday, September 15, 2016 6:21 PM

To: RWG@adem.alabama.gov; LWB@adem.alabama.gov; LBB@adem.alabama.gov; Justin.B.Green@dep.state.fl.us; jeff.koerner@dep.state.fl.us; Preston.McLane@dep.state.fl.us; Karen.Hays@dnr.ga.gov; Dika.Kuoh@dnr.ga.gov; James.Boylan@dnr.ga.gov; sean.alteri@ky.gov; melissa.duff@ky.gov; Dallas_Baker@deq.state.ms.us; keith_head@deq.state.ms.us; sheila.holman@ncdenr.gov; michael.abraczinskas@ncdenr.gov; sushma.masemore@ncdenr.gov; david.brigman@buncombecounty.org; brownrj@dhec.sc.gov; basilej@dhec.sc.gov; hollisao@dhec.sc.gov; michelle.b.walker@tn.gov; Quincy.Styke@tn.gov; James.Johnston@tn.gov; bob.rogers@shelbycountytn.gov; michelle.b.walker@tn.gov
Cc: Benjamin, Lynorae

Senjamin.lynorae@epa.gov>; Ceron, Heather

<Ceron.Heather@epa.gov>; Davis, Scott <Davis.ScottR@epa.gov>

Subject: FW: SO2 Data Requirements Rule follow up on Enforceability Questions

All,

Please see below for additional information from headquarters(in **bold text**) regarding limiting emissions below 2,000 tpy to comply with the data requirements rule. Again, if you have any questions, please contact myself, Steve Scofield, Lynorae Benjamin or Heather Ceron.

Twunjala Bradley

Twunjala Bradley

Air Regulatory Management Section

Air, Pesticides and Toxics Management Division USEPA, Region 4 Atlanta, Georgia

(404) 562-9352 office (404) 562-9019 fax bradley.twunjala@epa.gov

From: Davis, Scott

Sent: Thursday, September 01, 2016 6:16 PM

 $\label{to:core} \textbf{To: Gore, Ron} < & \underline{RWG@adem.alabama.gov} >; Brown, Larry < & \underline{LWB@adem.alabama.gov} >; Bacon, Leigh < & \underline{LBB@adem.alabama.gov} >; Green, Justin B. < & \underline{Justin.B.Green@dep.state.fl.us} >; \\ & \underline{jeff.koerner@dep.state.fl.us}; McLane, Preston < & \underline{Preston.McLane@dep.state.fl.us} >; Hays, Karen \\ & \underline{Justin.B.Green@dep.state.fl.us} >; \\ & \underline{Justi$

< Karen. Hays@dnr.ga.gov>; Kuoh, Dika < Dika. Kuoh@dnr.ga.gov>; Boylan, James

<<u>James.Boylan@dnr.ga.gov</u>>; <u>sean.alteri@ky.gov</u>; <u>Duff</u>, <u>Melissa</u> (EEC)

<melissa.duff@ky.gov>; Dallas_Baker@deq.state.ms.us; keith_head@deq.state.ms.us; Holman,

Sheila < sheila < sheila < sheila.holman@ncdenr.gov>; michael.abraczinskas@ncdenr.gov;

sushma.masemore@ncdenr.gov; david.brigman@buncombecounty.org; thompsrb@dhec.sc.gov;

Brown, Robbie < brownrj@dhec.sc.gov >; basilej@dhec.sc.gov; Andrew Hollis

<holdstyle="color: blue;">(hollisao@dhec.sc.gov); Michelle B. Walker < Michelle B. Walker@tn.gov); Quincy Styke

<<u>Quincy.Styke@tn.gov</u>>; James Johnston <<u>James.Johnston@tn.gov</u>>;

bob.rogers@shelbycountytn.gov

Cc: Benjamin, Lynorae < benjamin.lynorae@epa.gov >; Ceron, Heather

< Ceron. Heather@epa.gov >; Bradley, Twunjala < Bradley. Twunjala@epa.gov >; Scofield, Steven

< <u>Scofield.Steve@epa.gov</u>>; Gettle, Jeaneanne < <u>Gettle.Jeaneanne@epa.gov</u>>; Kemker, Carol

<<u>Kemker.Carol@epa.gov</u>>; Fite, Mark <<u>Fite.Mark@epa.gov</u>>

Subject: SO2 Data Requirements Rule follow up on Enforceability Questions

Dear Region 4 State Directors:

Thank you for providing the required information related to the data requirements rule (DRR) on July 1, 2016, on how you intend to characterize sources of sulfur dioxide (SO₂) within your respective states that are subject to the 2,000 tons per year (tpy) threshold through modeling, monitoring or emission limits described in the DRR to inform the next round of SO2 designations. Most of you should have already received specific feedback on your modeling protocols and/or monitoring network plans. For those specific DRR sources that seek to restrict emissions to below 2,000 tpy through a federally enforceable requirement or permanently shutdown by January 13, 2017, in lieu of characterization (pursuant to section 51.1203(e)), please refer to the requirements below for submitting your final documentation for these sources.

Should you have any questions regarding these requirements, please contact any of our

SO2 staff, Twunjala Bradley or Steve Scofield, or my section chiefs Lynorae Benjamin or Heather Ceron. We will continue to work closely with you and your SO2 staff to follow up on any questions you may have and provide additional information or clarifications, so please do not hesitate to contact EPA Region 4 throughout this current characterization process.

Here is the follow up information we currently are providing:

• • • • • For those DRR sources subject to a federally-enforceable control measure
(such as a fuel switch or other control measures that may restrict emissions or
shutdown certain units) lowering emissions below 2,000 tpy, the air agency can either
establish an explicit SO ₂ emission limit and/or provide specific permit conditions that
result in a potential to emit (PTE) to below the DRR threshold. Any explicit SO ₂ limit
established should be based on a short term averaging-time (1-hour not to exceed 30-
day) and cannot simply be an annual cap on emissions. In some cases, a state may
be able to justify use of an annual emission limit, so long as the limit is a rolling
average limit, rolled a minimum of every 30 days. The air agency must ensure that
the limit is practicably enforceable (with appropriate compliance parameters).

•□□□□□□□ The air agency should thoroughly document in the permit how the explicit SO₂ limit or PTE reflect any permit conditions lowering emissions below 2,000 tpy. This includes documenting the permanent shutdown of specific units (i.e. demonstrating the portion of the permit authorizing operation of these units have been rescinded/revoked resulting in a zero PTE). These emission restrictions should be federally enforceable and effective by January 13, 2017. Additionally, where possible, Region 4 requests the review of any permit revisions/modifications.

•□□□□□□□ For those DRR sources that have indicated a permanent source-wide shutdown by January 13, 2017, explicit documentation through a federally-enforceable mechanism is required to show that the operating permit for that source has been rescinded and/or revoked, resulting in zero PTE.

R. Scott Davis

Chief, Air Planning and Implementation Branch

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 4

Sam Nunn Atlanta Federal Center, 61 Forsyth Street, SW

Atlanta, GA 30303-8960

Telephone: (404) 562-9127

email: davis.scottr@epa.gov

http://www.epa.gov/aboutepa/region4

http://www.southeastdiesel.org

To: Gore, Ron[RWG@adem.alabama.gov]; Brown, Larry[LWB@adem.alabama.gov]; Bacon,

Leigh[LBB@adem.alabama.gov]; Green, Justin B.[Justin.B.Green@dep.state.fl.us];

jeff.koerner@dep.state.fl.us[jeff.koerner@dep.state.fl.us]; McLane,

Preston[Preston.McLane@dep.state.fl.us]; Hays, Karen[Karen.Hays@dnr.ga.gov]; Kuoh,

Dika[Dika.Kuoh@dnr.ga.gov]; Boylan, James[James.Boylan@dnr.ga.gov]; Alteri, Sean

(EEC)[sean.alteri@ky.gov]; Duff, Melissa (EEC)[melissa.duff@ky.gov];

Dallas_Baker@deq.state.ms.us[Dallas_Baker@deq.state.ms.us];

keith_head@deq.state.ms.us[keith_head@deq.state.ms.us]; Holman, Sheila[sheila.holman@ncdenr.gov];

Abraczinskas, Michael[michael.abraczinskas@ncdenr.gov];

sushma.masemore@ncdenr.gov[sushma.masemore@ncdenr.gov];

david.brigman@buncombecounty.org[david.brigman@buncombecounty.org];

thompsrb@dhec.sc.gov[thompsrb@dhec.sc.gov]; Brown, Robbie[brownrj@dhec.sc.gov];

basilej@dhec.sc.gov[basilej@dhec.sc.gov]; Andrew Hollis[hollisao@dhec.sc.gov]; Michelle B.

Walker[Michelle.B.Walker@tn.gov]; Quincy Styke[Quincy.Styke@tn.gov]; James

Johnston[James.Johnston@tn.gov]; bob.rogers@shelbycountytn.gov[bob.rogers@shelbycountytn.gov]

Cc: Benjamin, Lynorae[benjamin.lynorae@epa.gov]; Heather Ceron

(Ceron.Heather@epa.gov)[Ceron.Heather@epa.gov]; Bradley, Twunjala[Bradley.Twunjala@epa.gov];

Scofield, Steven[Scofield.Steve@epa.gov]; Gettle, Jeaneanne[Gettle.Jeaneanne@epa.gov]; Carollagout Steven[Scofield.Steve@epa.gov]; Carollagout Steven[Scofield.Steve]]; Ca

Kemker[Kemker.Carol@epa.gov]; Fite, Mark[Fite.Mark@epa.gov]

From: Davis, Scott

Sent: Thur 9/1/2016 10:16:12 PM

Subject: SO2 Data Requirements Rule follow up on Enforceability Questions

Dear Region 4 State Directors:

Thank you for providing the required information related to the data requirements rule (DRR) on July 1, 2016, on how you intend to characterize sources of sulfur dioxide (SO₂) within your respective states that are subject to the 2,000 tons per year (tpy) threshold through modeling, monitoring or emission limits described in the DRR to inform the next round of SO₂ designations. Most of you should have already received specific feedback on your modeling protocols and/or monitoring network plans. For those specific DRR sources that seek to restrict emissions to below 2,000 tpy through a federally enforceable requirement or permanently shutdown by January 13, 2017, in lieu of characterization (pursuant to section 51.1203(e)), please refer to the requirements below for submitting your final documentation for these sources.

Should you have any questions regarding these requirements, please contact any of our SO2 staff, Twunjala Bradley or Steve Scofield, or my section chiefs Lynorae Benjamin or Heather Ceron. We will continue to work closely with you and your SO2 staff to follow up on any questions you may have and provide additional information or clarifications, so please do not hesitate to contact EPA Region 4 throughout this current characterization process.

Here is the follow up information we currently are providing:

Atlanta, GA 30303-8960

Telephone: (404) 562-9127

email: davis.scottr@epa.gov

http://www.epa.gov/aboutepa/region4

http://www.southeastdiesel.org

To: Alteri, Sean (EEC)[Sean.Alteri@ky.gov]; Benjamin, Lynorae[benjamin.lynorae@epa.gov]

Cc: Quarles, Jackie (EEC)[Jackie.Quarles@ky.gov]

From: Davis, Scott

Sent: Wed 12/9/2015 6:14:15 PM

Subject: RE: SO2 Data Requirements Rule, Monitoring and Modeling Technical Issues

Thanks Sean – we missed that part since it was a follow on from our discussion with you and Louisville on the DRR.

R. Scott Davis

Chief, Air Planning and Implementation Branch

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 4

Sam Nunn Atlanta Federal Center, 61 Forsyth Street, SW

Atlanta, GA 30303-8960

Telephone: (404) 562-9127

email: davis.scottr@epa.gov

http://www.epa.gov/aboutepa/region4

http://www.southeastdiesel.org

From: Alteri, Sean (EEC) [mailto:Sean.Alteri@ky.gov] **Sent:** Wednesday, December 09, 2015 1:07 PM

To: Davis, Scott < Davis. ScottR@epa.gov>; Benjamin, Lynorae < benjamin.lynorae@epa.gov>

Cc: Quarles, Jackie (EEC) < Jackie. Quarles@ky.gov>

Subject: FW: SO2 Data Requirements Rule, Monitoring and Modeling Technical Issues

Thanks for the call this afternoon, Scott and Lynorae.

I attempted to make it clear that the call included EKPC, along with the Division. Please see below.

Thanks,

Sean

From: Alteri, Sean (EEC)

Sent: Monday, November 30, 2015 2:04 PM

To: 'Bradley, Twunjala'

Cc: Benjamin, Lynorae; Davis, Scott; Gillam, Rick; Rinck, Todd

Subject: RE: SO2 Data Requirements Rule, Monitoring and Modeling Technical Issues

Thank you. I appreciate the availability and look forward to the discussion.

From: Bradley, Twunjala [mailto:Bradley.Twunjala@epa.gov]

Sent: Monday, November 30, 2015 1:58 PM

To: Alteri, Sean (EEC)

Cc: Benjamin, Lynorae; Davis, Scott; Gillam, Rick; Rinck, Todd

Subject: RE: SO2 Data Requirements Rule, Monitoring and Modeling Technical Issues

Hi Sean,

We're available for an additional conference to discuss the Cooper facility on December 9th immediately following the DRR. Please see the conference line information below.

Twunjala

Wednesday, December 9th - 11-12 EST

Call-in No.:
Access Cod Ex. 6 - Personal Privacy

From: Alteri, Sean (EEC) [mailto:Sean.Alteri@ky.gov]

Sent: Monday, November 30, 2015 11:23 AM

To: Walther, Katherine < Walther. Katherine@epa.gov >; Garver, Daniel

<<u>Garver.Daniel@epa.gov</u>>; Gillam, Rick <<u>Gillam.Rick@epa.gov</u>>; Bradley, Twunjala <<u>Bradley.Twunjala@epa.gov</u>>; Howard, Chris <<u>Howard.Chris@epa.gov</u>>; Rinck, Todd

< Rinck. Todd@epa.gov>; Worley, Gregg < Worley. Gregg@epa.gov>

Cc: Quarles, Jackie (EEC) < Jackie.Quarles@ky.gov >; Bell, Jarrod (EEC)

<Jarrod.Bell@ky.gov>; Shewekah, Rick (EEC) <Rick.Shewekah@ky.gov>; Duff, Melissa (EEC)

<melissa.duff@ky.gov>; john.gowins@ky.gov; Cordes, Ben (EEC) <Ben.Cordes@ky.gov>;

jenniferf.miller@ky.gov; Davis, Kevin (EEC) <Kevin.Davis@ky.gov>

Subject: RE: SO2 Data Requirements Rule, Monitoring and Modeling Technical Issues

Good morning.

In addition to the conference call with EPA, LMAPCD, and the Division, I would like to arrange a meeting with EPA, EKPC, and the Division to discuss the modeling demonstration currently under review by EPA for the Cooper facility. Last week, we met with EKPC to determine the modeling input files relative to the CAMD data.

Also, the "hybrid" approach and EPA's preliminary indication of its appropriate use was discussed. Their combined stack emissions and future allowable does present a unique situation. There are many citations in the NAAQS TAD that appear to be consistent with the approach used by EKPC. However, considering that the demonstration is under EPA review, I find it best for EPA and EKPC to communicate directly, with the Division included to carry out SIP and permit obligations.

If available, I propose a call with EPA, EKPC and the Division from 11:00 am to 12:00 pm on December 9, 2015, following the scheduled SO2 call. If this will not work, I propose that we use 30 minutes of the scheduled call to discuss the issues of EKPC. The two CD demonstrations will serve as a blueprint for the future demonstrations.

Thank you for your consideration.

Sean

Sean Alteri, Director

Division for Air Quality

200 Fair Oaks Lane, 1st Floor

Frankfort, Kentucky 40601

(502) 564-3999 ext 4400

(502) 564-4666 (fax)

http://air.ky.gov

----Original Appointment----

From: Duff, Melissa (EEC) On Behalf Of Walther, Katherine

Sent: Tuesday, November 24, 2015 2:30 PM

To: Walther, Katherine; Alteri, Sean (EEC); Garver, Daniel; Gillam, Rick; Bradley, Twunjala; Howard,

Chris; Miller, Jennifer F (EEC); Gowins, John (EEC); billy.dewitt@louisvilleky.gov; bouisvilleky.gov; <a href

'Paul.Aud@louisvilleky.gov'; Duff, Melissa (EEC)

Cc: Rinck, Todd

Subject: FW: SO2 Data Requirements Rule, Monitoring and Modeling Technical Issues

When: Wednesday, December 09. 2015 10:00 AM-11:00 AM (UTC-05:00) Eastern Time (US & Canada).

Where: TBD - call in: Ex. 6 - Personal Privacy

Sean - please see below for those that will be attending the call from EPA. Are these the right

folks that need to speak with EKPC? Did you want me to arrange for that call as well or have Ben/Kevin arrange that?

----Original Appointment----

From: Walther, Katherine [mailto:Walther.Katherine@epa.gov]

Sent: Tuesday, November 24, 2015 10:25 AM

To: Walther, Katherine; Garver, Daniel; Gillam, Rick; Bradley, Twunjala; Howard, Chris; Miller, Jennifer F (EEC); Gowins, John (EEC); billy.dewitt@louisvilleky.gov; josh.tennen@louisvilleky.gov; Cordes, Ben (EEC); 'Rachael.Hamilton@louisvilleky.gov'; 'Paul.Aud@louisvilleky.gov'; Duff, Melissa (EEC)

Cc: Rinck, Todd

Subject: SO2 Data Requirements Rule, Monitoring and Modeling Technical Issues

When: Wednesday, December 09, 2015 10:00 AM-11:00 AM (UTC-05:00) Eastern Time (US & Canada).

Where: TBD - call in:

Ex. 6 - Personal Privacy

Please forward this invite to anyone else that you would like on the call:

In preparation for the upcoming Data Requirements Rule (DRR) deadlines, we (the EPA Region 4 monitoring and modeling team) would like to schedule a call with you to discuss the following:

- The general timeline for the upcoming deadlines outlined in the DRR
- For SO₂ sources that you are already planning or working to characterize:
- Do you have any questions on the specifics of the monitoring or modeling plans on the work that you have completed so far?
- Are there any expected complex technical issues associated with the monitoring/modeling of specific sources?
- Are you expecting to submit alternative model requests?
- Monitoring technical questions
- An overview of the Monitoring and Modeling Technical Assistance Documents
- QA system for Industrial monitoring (if you are planning to use industrial monitors to comply with the DRR).
- Any questions you have on the overall process

Ideally we would like to have staff from the monitoring, modeling, and SIP groups from Kentucky Division for Air Quality and Louisville Metro Air Pollution Control District participate in the call.

To: Donaldson, Guy[Donaldson.Guy@epa.gov]; Spencer, Stuart[SPENCER@adeq.state.ar.us]
Cc: Stenger, Wren[stenger.wren@epa.gov]; keogh@adeq.state.ar.us[keogh@adeq.state.ar.us];

Montgomery, William[Montgomery@adeq.state.ar.us]; McCorkle, Mark[MAC@adeq.state.ar.us];

Coleman, Sam[Coleman.Sam@epa.gov]; Gray, David[gray.david@epa.gov]

From: Clark, David

Sent: Tue 1/17/2017 2:17:15 PM

Subject: RE: SO2 NAAQS Area Attainment Designation Recommendation for Counties in the State of

Arkansas (Independence County Report)

Guv.

Sorry for the multiple emails. Because of email attachment size restrictions, I just sent you the body of the Independence County report in one email and the appendices in a second email. Could you please confirm with us that you successfully received both attachments.

David

David W. Clark, M.S. Epidemiologist Air Division – Planning & Air Quality Analysis Branch Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality 5301 Northshore Drive North Little Rock, AR. 72118 U.S.A.

Voice: 501 682-0070 Fax: 501 682-0753

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----Original Message----

From: Donaldson, Guy [mailto:Donaldson.Guy@epa.gov]

Sent: Friday, January 13, 2017 4:35 PM

To: Spencer, Stuart

Cc: Stenger, Wren; Keogh, Becky; Montgomery, William; McCorkle, Mark; Coleman, Sam; Gray, David;

Clark, David

Subject: RE: SO2 NAAQS Area Attainment Designation Recommendation for Counties in the State of Arkansas (Independence County Report)

Stuart,

I don't see anything attached.

----Original Message-----

From: Spencer, Stuart [mailto:SPENCER@adeq.state.ar.us]

Sent: Friday, January 13, 2017 2:15 PM

To: Donaldson, Guy < Donaldson. Guy @epa.gov>

Cc: Stenger, Wren <stenger.wren@epa.gov>; keogh@adeq.state.ar.us; Montgomery, William <Montgomery@adeq.state.ar.us>; McCorkle, Mark <MAC@adeq.state.ar.us>; Coleman, Sam

<Coleman.Sam@epa.gov>; Gray, David <gray.david@epa.gov>; Clark, David

<CLARKD@adeq.state.ar.us>

Subject: SO2 NAAQS Area Attainment Designation Recommendation for Counties in the State of Arkansas (Independence County Report)

Importance: High

Guy,

Please find attached the Independence County modeling report (Entergy Independence facility and FutureFuel Chemical Company).

If you have any questions, please don't hesitate to contact me.

Sincerely,

Stuart Spencer
Associate Director- Office of Air Quality Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality 5301 Northshore Drive
North Little Rock, AR 72118
Ph. # (501) 682-0750
Fax # (501) 682-0880

E-mail: SPENCER@adeq.state.ar.us Web: http://www.adeq.state.ar.us

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From: Verhalen, Frances

Location: R6-ConfRm-CypressTree-06O02@epa.gov

Importance: Normal

Subject: ODEQ call SO2: Oxbow Facility

Start Date/Time: Wed 3/16/2016 3:00:00 PM **End Date/Time:** Wed 3/16/2016 4:00:00 PM

Ex. 6 - Personal Privacy

From Kent Stafford:

All,

Would you have time available on Wednesday, March 16 for a brief conference call regarding the ANR (Annual Network Review) as it relates to potential new sites required for the SO2 Data Requirements Rule? We have met with the Oxbow facility and have some questions relative to incorporation of the monitoring and modeling plans into the review. It appears that our folks will be available any time that day. Thanks.

Kent

From: Hansen, Mark

Location: R6-ConfRm-PineTree-06O15 <R6-ConfRm-PineTree-06O15@epa.gov>

Importance: Normal Subject: SO2 Modeling from NRG

Start Date/Time: Thur 10/15/2015 3:00:00 PM End Date/Time: Thur 10/15/2015 5:00:00 PM

Teleconference Info Ex. 6 - Personal Privacy Conference Code Ex. 6 - Personal Privacy

SO2 modeling 1 hour NAAQS will be submitted by September 18

Limestone and Parish Units

Also Big Cajun 114 BART 5 Factor analysis questions

Craig Eckberg and Matt Kuryla in person

To: beverly.botchlet-smith@deq.state.ok.us[beverly.botchlet-smith@deq.state.ok.us]; cheryl.bradley@deq.state.ok.us[cheryl.bradley@deq.state.ok.us]; dbrymer@tceq.state.tx.us[dbrymer@tceq.state.tx.us]; eddie.terrill@deq.state.ok.us[eddie.terrill@deq.state.ok.us]; Fmacias@cabq.gov[Fmacias@cabq.gov]; ltavarez@cabq.gov[Itavarez@cabq.gov]; Nieto, Margaret E.[mnieto@cabq.gov]; rheaume@adeq.state.ar.us[rheaume@adeq.state.ar.us]; richard.goodyear@state.nm.us[richard.goodyear@state.nm.us]; rita.bates@state.nm.us[rita.bates@state.nm.us[rita.bates@state.nm.us]; Vivian Aucoin[Vivian.Aucoin@LA.GOV]; Spencer, Stuart[SPENCER@adeq.state.ar.us]; Montgomery, William[Montgomery@adeq.state.ar.us]; Donald Trahan[Donald.Trahan@LA.GOV]; vennetta.hayes@la.gov[usennetta.hayes@la.gov]

Cc: Snyder, Erik[snyder.erik@epa.gov]; Feldman, Michael[Feldman.Michael@epa.gov]; Imhoff, Robert[imhoff.robert@epa.gov]; Mohr, Ashley[Mohr.Ashley@epa.gov]

From: Donaldson, Guy

Sent: Thur 3/9/2017 7:14:51 PM

Subject: FW: Memorandum/Clarification on the AERMOD Modeling System Version for Use in SO2

Implementation Efforts and Other Regulatory Actions

image2017-03-09-090929.pdf

FYI

To: Spencer, Stuart[SPENCER@adeq.state.ar.us]

Cc: Clark, David[CLARKD@adeq.state.ar.us]; Montgomery,

William[Montgomery@adeq.state.ar.us]

Sent: Tue 1/17/2017 3:00:47 PM

Subject: RE: Flint Creek and Plum Point

Still no go.

Since the problem is on our end, let me find out a

----Original Message----

From: Spencer, Stuart [mailto:SPENCER@adeq.state.ar.us]

Sent: Tuesday, January 17, 2017 8:59 AM
To: Donaldson, Guy < Donaldson. Guy@epa.gov>

Cc: Clark, David <CLARKD@adeq.state.ar.us>; Montgomery, William <Montgomery@adeq.state.ar.us>

Subject: Flint Creek and Plum Point

Morning! Hope these go through. If not, let me know.

Stuart

----Original Message-----From: Clark, David

Sent: Tuesday, January 17, 2017 8:53 AM

To: Spencer, Stuart; Montgomery, William; McCorkle, Mark

Subject: RE: Plum Point

Here are both reports as compressed files with a combined total of 3MB so they should be able to be emailed to anyone without any problem.

David

David W. Clark, M.S.

Epidemiologist

Air Division – Planning & Air Quality Analysis Branch Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality 5301 Northshore Drive

North Little Rock, AR. 72118

U.S.A.

Voice: 501 682-0070 Fax: 501 682-0753

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-----Original Message-----From: Spencer, Stuart

Sent: Tuesday, January 17, 2017 8:48 AM To: Clark, David; Montgomery, William

Subject: FW: Plum Point

Importance: High

Can you guys work on breaking up the Flint Creek and Plum Point files to send to Guy? I was able to break Independence up into six parts on Friday. All parts went through.

Thanks!

Stuart

----Original Message----

From: Donaldson, Guy [mailto:Donaldson.Guy@epa.gov]

Sent: Monday, January 16, 2017 8:30 AM

To: Spencer, Stuart Subject: RE: Plum Point

Neither Flint Creek nor Plum Point came through.

----Original Message-----

From: Spencer, Stuart [mailto:SPENCER@adeq.state.ar.us]

Sent: Friday, January 13, 2017 5:07 PM

To: Donaldson, Guy < Donaldson. Guy @epa.gov>

Subject: Plum Point Importance: High

Going to try one more time for Plum Point.

----Original Message-----From: Spencer, Stuart

Sent: Friday, January 13, 2017 2:12 PM

To: 'Donaldson, Guy (Donaldson.Guy@epa.gov)'

Cc: 'Stenger, Wren (stenger.wren@epa.gov)'; Keogh, Becky; Montgomery, William; McCorkle, Mark;

'Coleman.Sam@epa.gov'; 'gray.david@epa.gov'; Clark, David

Subject: SO2 NAAQS Area Attainment Designation Recommendation for Counties in the State of

Arkansas

Importance: High

Guy,

I am pleased to attach for your review and consideration ADEQ's letter recommending an "unclassifiable/attainment" designation for Benton, Independence, and Mississippi Counties, as well as the accompanying modeling reports for the facilities in each of those counties with SO2 emissions greater than the EPA-determined threshold for review. I am attaching the reports for Plum Point and Flint Creek to this e-mail. I will send the Independence County report (Entergy Independence facility and FutureFuel Chemical Company) separately due to its size. An official Governor's letter will follow.

I appreciate our call on this issue earlier this week. Thank you, again, for your guidance and assistance.

Sincerely,

Stuart Spencer
Associate Director- Office of Air Quality Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality
5301 Northshore Drive
North Little Rock, AR 72118
Ph. # (501) 682-0750
Fax # (501) 682-0880

E-mail: SPENCER@adeq.state.ar.us Web: http://www.adeq.state.ar.us

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From: Medina, Dayana

Location: R6-ConfRm-PineTree-06O15

Importance: Normal

Subject: Call with ODEQ to discuss SO2 Designations

Start Date/Time: Thur 2/25/2016 7:00:00 PM Thur 2/25/2016 8:00:00 PM

2010 SO2 NAAQS Designations.docx

Call in number is Ex. 6 - Personal Privacy onference code Ex. 6 - Personal Privacy

Attached is a list of questions from ODEQ that we will be discussing on the call.

To: Donaldson, Guy[Donaldson.Guy@epa.gov]
Cc: McCorkle, Mark[MAC@adeq.state.ar.us]

From: Clark, David

Sent: Tue 5/24/2016 1:40:10 PM

Subject: RE: EPA R6 & Model Clearinghouse Submittal - Arkansas SO2 NAAQS Independence County

Designation

Good morning Guy,

I'm contacting to inquire about the status of the AERMOD protocol/Clearinghouse request we submitted as part of our SO2 designations work for Independence County. Do you know or could you please see where this stands?

Thank you in advance for any information,

David

David W. Clark, M.S.

Epidemiologist

Air Division – Planning & Air Quality Analysis Branch Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality

5301 Northshore Drive

North Little Rock, AR. 72118

U.S.A.

Voice: 501 682-0070

Fax: 501 682-0753

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From: Clark, David

Sent: Friday, April 29, 2016 8:55 AM

To: 'Donaldson, Guy'; Snyder, Erik **Cc:** McCorkle, Mark; Spencer, Stuart

Subject: RE: EPA R6 & Model Clearinghouse Submittal - Arkansas SO2 NAAQS Independence County

Designation

Hello Guy & Erik,

Attached find a SO2 NAAQS designation AERMOD protocol/Clearinghouse request for Independence County, Arkansas that ADEQ is submitting in response to Ron Curry's February 11, 2016 letter to Arkansas' Governor Hutchinson (also attached) regarding the insufficient information for an Unclassifiable/Attainment SO2 NAAQS designation for Independence County. We have also sent this protocol/Clearinghouse request to both of you as a hardcopy document via postal mail.

David

David W. Clark, M.S.

Epidemiologist

Air Division – Planning & Air Quality Analysis Branch Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality

5301 Northshore Drive

North Little Rock, AR. 72118

U.S.A.

Voice: 501 682-0070

Fax: 501 682-0753

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From: Donaldson, Guy [mailto:Donaldson.Guy@epa.gov]

Sent: Thursday, April 21, 2016 1:06 PM

To: Clark, David; Snyder, Erik

Cc: McCorkle, Mark

Subject: RE: EPA R6 & Model Clearinghouse Submittal - Arkansas SO2 NAAQS Independence County

Designation

Thx for the heads up.

From: Clark, David [mailto:CLARKD@adeq.state.ar.us]

Sent: Thursday, April 21, 2016 9:26 AM

To: Donaldson, Guy; Snyder, Erik

Cc: McCorkle, Mark

Subject: EPA R6 & Model Clearinghouse Submittal - Arkansas SO2 NAAOS Independence

County Designation

Good morning Guy & Erik,

I'm sending this correspondence as follow-up to Ron Curry's February 11, 2016 letter to Arkansas' Governor Hutchinson regarding the insufficient information for an Unclassifiable/Attainment SO2 NAAQS designation for Independence County, Arkansas and the stated opportunity for ADEQ to submit additional information. As you will recall, this letter prompted a February 29, 2016 phone conversation that included EPA R6, the Model Clearinghouse, ADEQ, FutureFuel Chemical Company (FutureFuel) and Entergy Arkansas Independence Steam Electrical Station (Entergy) where a combined FutureFuel/Entergy AERMOD dispersion analysis and a potential Model Clearinghouse submittal was discussed. From FutureFuel, ADEQ has received, reviewed and intends to forward to EPA R6 for consideration a modeling protocol and Clearinghouse request to employ ADJ_U* in a combined FutureFuel/Entergy AERMOD dispersion analysis.

This protocol/request is awaiting the signature of ADEQ's Office of Air Quality Associate Director, Stuart Spencer, who is out of the office this week at a conference and will return Monday April 25, 2016. With Stuart's return next week we anticipate forwarding this protocol/request to both of you for consideration and desired concurrence submittal to the Model Clearinghouse. Please accept this message as an update to keep you abreast of our progress with

this endeavor and I will follow-up with both of you next week.

Thank you in advance for your assistance,

David

David W. Clark, M.S.

Epidemiologist

Air Division – Planning & Air Quality Analysis Branch Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality

5301 Northshore Drive

North Little Rock, AR. 72118

U.S.A.

Voice: 501 682-0070

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To: Donaldson, Guy[Donaldson.Guy@epa.gov]; Snyder, Erik[snyder.erik@epa.gov]

Cc: McCorkle, Mark[MAC@adeq.state.ar.us]; Spencer, Stuart[SPENCER@adeq.state.ar.us]

From: Clark, David

Sent: Fri 4/29/2016 1:55:06 PM

Subject: RE: EPA R6 & Model Clearinghouse Submittal - Arkansas SO2 NAAQS Independence County

Designation

Modeling Clearinghouse Letter & Trinity Doc Submitted.pdf

EPA SO2 to AR Letter Additional Info.pdf

Hello Guy & Erik,

Attached find a SO2 NAAQS designation AERMOD protocol/Clearinghouse request for Independence County, Arkansas that ADEQ is submitting in response to Ron Curry's February 11, 2016 letter to Arkansas' Governor Hutchinson (also attached) regarding the insufficient information for an Unclassifiable/Attainment SO2 NAAQS designation for Independence County. We have also sent this protocol/Clearinghouse request to both of you as a hardcopy document via postal mail.

David

David W. Clark, M.S.

Epidemiologist

Air Division – Planning & Air Quality Analysis Branch Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality

5301 Northshore Drive

North Little Rock, AR. 72118

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From: Donaldson, Guy [mailto:Donaldson.Guy@epa.gov]

Sent: Thursday, April 21, 2016 1:06 PM

To: Clark, David; Snyder, Erik

Cc: McCorkle, Mark

Subject: RE: EPA R6 & Model Clearinghouse Submittal - Arkansas SO2 NAAQS Independence County

Designation

Thx for the heads up.

From: Clark, David [mailto:CLARKD@adeq.state.ar.us]

Sent: Thursday, April 21, 2016 9:26 AM **To:** Donaldson, Guy; Snyder, Erik

Cc: McCorkle, Mark

Subject: EPA R6 & Model Clearinghouse Submittal - Arkansas SO2 NAAQS Independence

County Designation

Good morning Guy & Erik,

I'm sending this correspondence as follow-up to Ron Curry's February 11, 2016 letter to Arkansas' Governor Hutchinson regarding the insufficient information for an Unclassifiable/Attainment SO2 NAAQS designation for Independence County, Arkansas and the stated opportunity for ADEQ to submit additional information. As you will recall, this letter prompted a February 29, 2016 phone conversation that included EPA R6, the Model Clearinghouse, ADEQ, FutureFuel Chemical Company (FutureFuel) and Entergy Arkansas Independence Steam Electrical Station (Entergy) where a combined FutureFuel/Entergy AERMOD dispersion analysis and a potential Model Clearinghouse submittal was discussed. From FutureFuel, ADEQ has received, reviewed and intends to forward to EPA R6 for consideration a modeling protocol and Clearinghouse request to employ ADJ_U* in a combined FutureFuel/Entergy AERMOD dispersion analysis.

This protocol/request is awaiting the signature of ADEQ's Office of Air Quality Associate Director, Stuart Spencer, who is out of the office this week at a conference and will return

Monday April 25, 2016. With Stuart's return next week we anticipate forwarding this protocol/request to both of you for consideration and desired concurrence submittal to the Model Clearinghouse. Please accept this message as an update to keep you abreast of our progress with this endeavor and I will follow-up with both of you next week.

Thank you in advance for your assistance,

David

David W. Clark, M.S.

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April 27, 2016

Guy Donaldson Chief, Air Planning Section U.S. EPA Region 6 1445 Ross Avenue, Suite 1200 Dallas, Texas 75202–2733

Subject: Request to Use the Adjusted_U* Beta Option for the FutureFuel Chemical Company 1-Hour SO₂ NAAQS Modeling Project

Dear Mr. Donaldson:

Through this letter, the Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality (ADEQ) is asking the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (U.S. EPA) Region 6 (R6) to allow FutureFuel Chemical Company (FutureFuel) sited within Independence County, Arkansas to use EPA's proposed algorithm for adjusting the friction velocity (ADJ_U*) within the AERMOD Modeling System. When AERMOD is run with a meteorological dataset derived from one-minute meteorological data, as is currently recommended by the U.S. EPA, low wind speeds are more prevalent than when the modeling system did not rely on one-minute meteorological data. The more frequent inclusion of data that includes low wind speeds have been linked to potential underestimates of friction velocity (U*) in AERMET and therefore, overestimates in ambient concentrations by AERMOD. The U.S. EPA recognized this potential underestimation in AERMET and released AERMET Version 12345 which included the beta option, ADJ U* and on July 29, 2015 the EPA also proposed the ADJ U* algorithm as part of a revision to their Appendix W of 40 CFR Part 51, Guideline on Air Quality Models (Appendix W). The ADJ U* beta option allows the friction velocity to be adjusted to better account for turbulence in the atmosphere during low wind speed stable conditions.

On June 3, 2010, the U.S. EPA set a 1-hour "primary" National Ambient Air Quality Standard for SO₂ at 75 parts per billion (ppb). On August 21, 2015, the U.S. EPA promulgated the 1-hour Sulfur Dioxide (SO₂) Data Requirements Rule (DRR) whereby states use predictive dispersion modeling or monitoring to evaluate specific contributors of SO₂ whose annual emissions exceed 2,000 tons per year (tpy). On January 8, 2016, ADEQ submitted a letter to the U.S. EPA R6 identifying sources as required by the SO₂ DRR that included FutureFuel with actual emissions of 3,174.31 tpy (2014 reporting year). Based on dispersion modeling, on September 11, 2015, ADEQ submitted 2010 SO₂ 1-hour NAAQS designations to the U.S. EPA R6. On February 11, 2016, ADEQ received a response from the U.S. EPA R6 outlining the U.S. EPA's preliminary

¹ Wenjun Qian and Akula Venkatram, "Performance of Styeady State Dispersion Models Under Low Wind-Speed Conditions," Boundary-Layer Meteorology, no. 138 (2011): 475-491.

response to identify Independence County, Arkansas as Unclassifiable based on insufficient information for a determination. To this end, FutureFuel and Entergy Independence Steam Electrical Station (Entergy), along with ADEQ, have undertaken a combined SO₂ predictive dispersion modeling project that considers both FutureFuel and Entergy emissions in the analysis.

Arkansas Regulation 19.412(A) requires applications of air quality modeling to be based on the requirements of Appendix W and 19.412(B) requires the applicant to receive written approval from the EPA for any modification or substitution. Section 3.2.2.b of Appendix W requires that the alternative approach is more appropriate than the preferred air quality model and also states that the request must meet at least one of three conditions, which are summarized below:

- 1. The alternative and preferred model provide equivalent estimates;
- 2. The alternative model outperforms the preferred model when comparing the results to actual air quality data; or
- 3. The preferred model is less appropriate or there is no preferred model for the given scenario.

As described in detail in FutureFuel's April 13, 2016 request to ADEQ (enclosed), ADEQ, FutureFuel and Entergy believe this request to the U.S. EPA meets the third criteria of Appendix W, Section 3.2.2.b. Because the U.S. EPA has noted that AERMOD has the potential to overestimate ambient concentrations during low wind speed conditions and has been developing the ADJ_U* algorithm since at least 2012 to help mitigate the problem, the U.S. EPA has now formally proposed the use of this algorithm on a routine basis² and has conducted a number of modeled to measured comparisons to support their proposal making the preferred model less appropriate for this situation. Appendix W, Section 3.2.2.e provides five criteria that must be met to use an alternative refined model. FutureFuel, Entergy and ADEQ have reviewed these five criteria and believe that within the context of this modeling project, applying ADJ_U* in AERMET to produce a meteorological file to be used in AERMOD will produce valid and more representative results for the modeling domain in the vicinity of the facility.

The detailed responses to each of the five criteria in Section 3.2.2.e are provided in Appendix A of FutureFuel's April 13, 2016 request to ADEQ. For 3.2.2.e.i (Scientific Peer Review), the use of an adjusted friction velocity in AERMOD has received substantial scientific peer review both within the U.S. EPA as well as by others in the scientific community. Regarding 3.2.2.e.ii (Applicable On A Theoretical Basis), when the threshold velocities of the National Weather Service anemometers were 1 meter per second (m/s) and greater the modeling community began to recognize that winds lower than 1 m/s would result in ambient concentration estimates that were not in line with ambient monitored values under the same conditions and that concentrations were inversely proportional to wind speed which greatly increased impacts at wind speeds below 1 m/s. More recently, many scientific studies have noted that Gaussian dispersion models tend to over predict concentrations at low wind speeds. To address 3.2.2.e.iii (Availability Of Databases), the databases applicable to this discussion are available and adequate. Section 3.2.2.e.iv (Demonstration Of No Bias Towards

_

² https://www3.epa.gov/ttn/scram/11thmodconf/9930-11-OAR_AppendixW_Proposal.pdf

Underestimates) is buttressed by a number of studies, including a U.S. EPA model performance evaluation, that show that the use of ADJ_U* has not shown any bias toward underestimating the ambient concentrations. For Section 3.2.2.e.v (A Protocol Has Been Established), the enclosed document serves as the modeling protocol and clearly identifies all of the data resources and modeling methodology being proposed for use in the before-mentioned SO2 Attainment analysis.

For the reasons described above and elaborated on in FutureFuel's request, please grant permission to use the ADJ_U* option in an ambient demonstration to be conducted in support of ADEQ's September 11, 2015 submittal of 2010 Sulfur dioxide (SO₂) 1-hour NAAQS designations to the EPA.

If you have any questions regarding this request, please contact me at (501) 683-0873 or spencer@adeq.state.ar.us or Mark McCorkle at (501) 682-0736 or mac@adeq.state.ar.us.

Sincerely,

Stuart Spencer Associate Director Office of Air Quality

Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality

cc: Erik Snyder, U.S. EPA Region 6



11225 Huron Lane | Suite 212 | Little Rock, AR 72211 | P (501) 225-6400 | F (501) 325-4488

trinityconsultants.com



VIA E-MAIL TO: mac@adeq.state.ar.us

April 13, 2016

Mark McCorkle Environmental Program Coordinator ADEQ, Office of Air Quality – Planning Branch 5301 Northshore Drive North Little Rock, AR 72118-5317

RE: FutureFuel Chemical Company (AFIN: 32-00036)

1-Hour SO₂ NAAQS Modeling Protocol

Dear Mr. McCorkle:

FutureFuel Chemical Company (FutureFuel) is a supplier of specialty organic chemical intermediates used in various manufacturing processes, and is located in Batesville, Arkansas. Per our recent discussions, FutureFuel has prepared the enclosed modeling protocol detailing how the 1-hour SO₂ NAAQS Attainment Demonstration will be conducted. The document is being provided for ADEQ's review and approval. Per our February 29 conference call with you and U.S. EPA, justification for the use of AERMOD model beta options, i.e., ADJ_U* met data, is included in Appendix A of the protocol.

FutureFuel is requesting that ADEQ provide written approval of this modeling protocol at their earliest convenience. Additionally, FutureFuel understands that ADEQ will submit the protocol to EPA for approval, including EPA Modeling Clearinghouse approval of the beta options. FutureFuel requests that we be copied on all correspondence to/from EPA regarding questions, comments, and approval of the protocol.

If you have any questions or comments about the information presented in this letter, please do not hesitate to contact me at (501) 225-6400 or via e-mail to cbuttry@trinityconsultants.com.

Sincerely,

TRINITY CONSULTANTS

Charles R. (Chuck) Buttry Regional Manager, Southeast

Chel R. Butty

Enclosure: 1-Hour SO₂

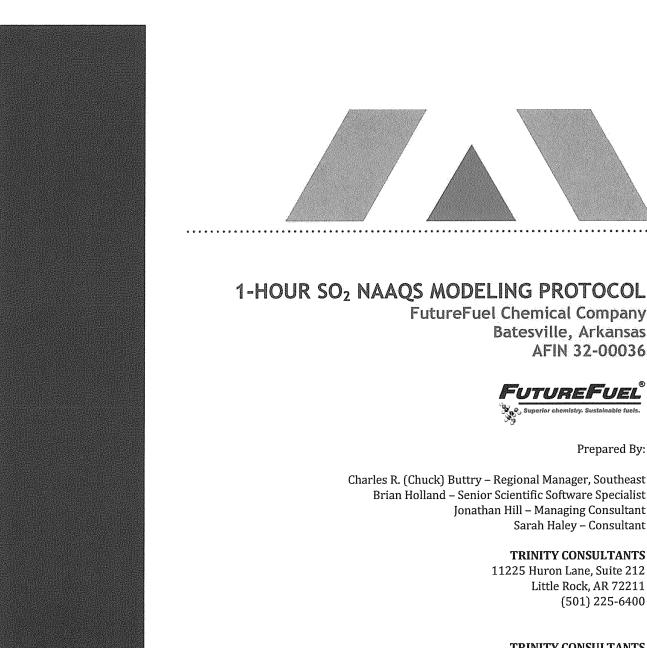
1-Hour SO₂ NAAQS Modeling Protocol

cc: Mr. Philip Antici, FutureFuel Chemical Company (philipantici@ffcmail.com)

Ms. Ann Faitz, Faitz Law Firm (annfaitz@faitzlawfirm.com)

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April 2016

Project 150401.0130



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FutureFuel Chemical Company | 1-Hour SO_2 NAAQS Modeling Protocol Trinity Consultants

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FutureFuel Chemical Company | 1-Hour SO_2 NAAQS Modeling Protocol Trinity Consultants

Under the final U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Sulfur Dioxide (SO_2) Data Requirements Rule (DRR) promulgated on August 21, 2015, state air agencies will seek SO_2 predictive modeling or actual monitoring information for categories of sources based on annual SO_2 emission rates. The focus of the final DRR is on areas with sources whose actual annual SO_2 emissions exceed 2,000 tons per year (tpy). EPA's rationale for using predictive dispersion modeling is the dearth of representative ambient SO_2 monitors and EPA's view that SO_2 is a "source-oriented" criteria pollutant that is relatively stable in the first few kilometers from the source. Thus, this rule directs agencies to focus on specific sources as the main contributors to SO_2 air quality impacts and the way to ascertain those potential source contributions will be through dispersion modeling.

On January 8, 2016, the Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality (ADEQ) submitted a letter to EPA Region 6 regarding SO_2 sources identified pursuant to 40 CFR 51.1202 as required by the DRR for the 1-hour SO_2 National Ambient Air Quality Standard (NAAQS). ADEQ identified FutureFuel Chemical Company (FutureFuel) as a source with actual annual SO_2 emissions of 2,000 tons or more for the 2014 reporting year (i.e., 3,174.31 tpy).

FutureFuel contracted with Trinity Consultants to prepare an SO₂ modeling protocol and complete an SO₂ modeling analysis according to the DRR. Per FutureFuel's discussion with the ADEQ, the FutureFuel modeling analysis will include the actual SO₂ emissions from the nearby Entergy Independence Steam Electric Station (Entergy). According to the March 2, 2015, agreement (Consent Decree) between U.S. EPA and environmental groups, ADEQ was required to designate the area around Entergy plant "early" (no later than July 2, 2016) since Entergy's Independence Station met the Consent Decree criteria. In support of this early designation, Entergy completed a modeling analysis of solely the Independence Station and submitted the results to ADEQ in the SO₂ Air Dispersion Modeling Report for Independence Steam Electric Station, ERM Project No. 0268066, dated August 2015 (the August 2015 report). On September 11, 2015, Governor Hutchinson recommended to EPA that Independence County be designated as "Unclassifiable/Attainment". This recommendation was based on the Entergy modeling analysis. Per ADEQ's request, FutureFuel will complete a combined SO₂ modeling analysis, considering both FutureFuel and Entergy emissions in their analysis.

The 1-hour SO_2 characterization modeling will adhere to the following guidance documents: the February 2016 " SO_2 NAAQS Designations Modeling Technical Assistance Document" (TAD) issued in draft form by the EPA, the final DRR for the 2010 1-hour SO_2 primary NAAQS, and any direction received from the ADEQ Air Division Planning Branch. The 1-hour SO_2 characterization modeling will be conducted using AERMOD (version 15181) using default model options (unless otherwise noted in this document), meteorological data from 2012-2014 as described in Section 3.5, and the actual 2012-2014 emissions rates discussed in Section 3.3. Modeled concentrations will be predicted over the extensive receptor grid described in Section 3.6, and will include an ambient background concentration as described in Section 3.4.

The modeled concentrations predicted by AERMOD (including background) will be calculated based on the form of the 1-hour SO_2 NAAQS. The total design concentration will be compared to the 1-hour SO_2 primary NAAQS to determine if the area surrounding FutureFuel and Entergy should be designated as attainment or non-attainment.

The results of the analysis will be documented in a report submitted to ADEQ, which will also include a complete electronic modeling archive on CD.

FutureFuel Chemical Company | 1-Hour SO_2 NAAQS Modeling Protocol Trinity Consultants

This section presents a description of the FutureFuel facility location and site characteristics required as part of the air dispersion modeling evaluation.

2.1. FACILITY LOCATION

FutureFuel is located approximately 12 kilometers (km) southeast of Batesville in Independence County, Arkansas. Figure 2-1 provides a map of the area surrounding FutureFuel's property. The approximate central Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM) coordinates of the facility are 633,080 meters (m) east and 3,953,700 m north in Zone 15 [North American Datum 1983 (NAD 83)]. As shown in Figure 2-1, the facility is located in a very rural area of the White River valley, comprised of mixed forest and agricultural land with flat, rolling and hilly terrain all nearby.



Figure 2-1. Aerial Map of Area Surrounding FutureFuel Facility

FutureFuel Chemical Company \mid 1-Hour SO_2 NAAQS Modeling Protocol Trinity Consultants

Figure 2-2 shows the relative locations of FutureFuel and Entergy. Entergy is located approximately 11.4 kilometers southeast of FutureFuel and is in an area of generally flat terrain.

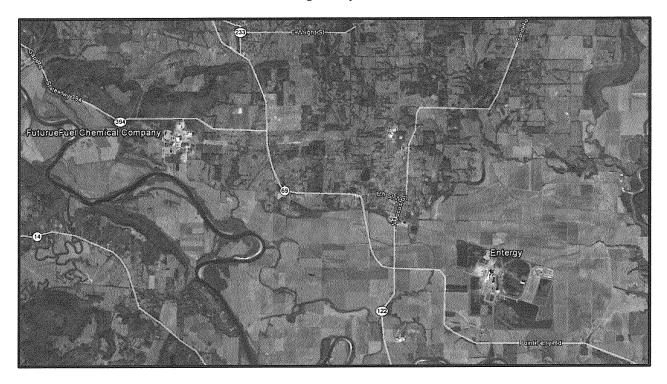


Figure 2-2 Relative Locations of FutureFuel and Entergy

Figure 2-3 shows an aerial map of FutureFuel with the SO_2 sources labeled. Figure 2-4 presents a plot plan of FutureFuel showing the major buildings and SO_2 sources. Refer to Entergy's August 2015 report for more details about their site and SO_2 emissions.

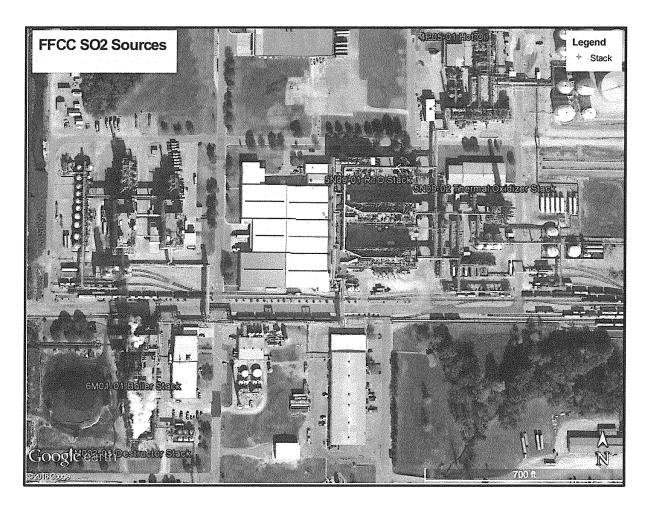
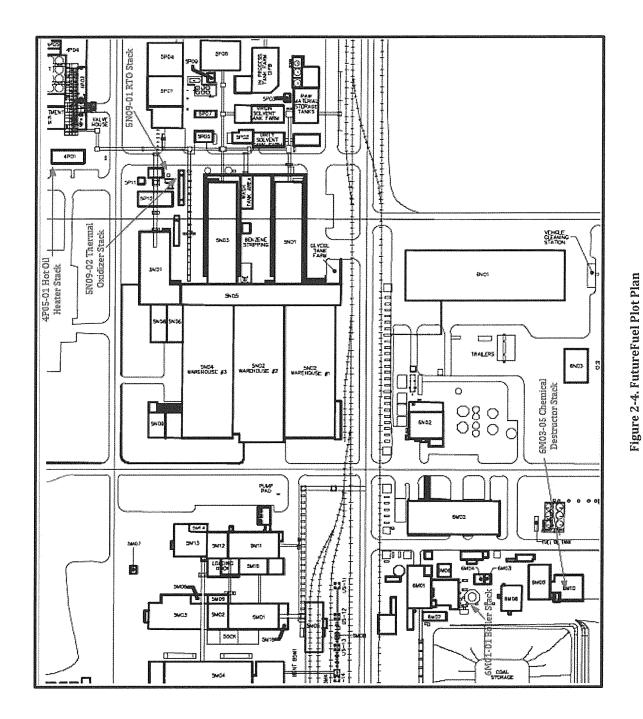


Figure 2-3. Aerial Map of FutureFuel Facility



FutureFuel Chemical Company | 1-Hour SO₂ NAAQS Modeling Protocol Trinity Consultants

This section presents the input data and modeling methodology that will be utilized in the SO₂ NAAQS modeling demonstration. The modeling methodology generally conforms to the Modeling TAD.¹

3.1. MODEL SELECTION

Modeling will be performed for the 1-hour SO_2 analysis following the Modeling TAD. The AERMOD Model Version 15181², the most current version released by EPA on July 24, 2015 on the Support Center for Regulatory Air Modeling (SCRAM) website³, will be used to perform the dispersion modeling. The proposed update to EPA's modeling guidance in the form of the *Guideline on Air Quality Models*⁴, was released on July 15, 2015 via the EPA technical website.⁵

3.2. SOURCE DESCRIPTION

All SO_2 emitting sources at FutureFuel will be modeled except for five very small SO_2 sources (less than 3.8 lb/hr total) and per EPA's clarification memorandum, intermittent emergency sources such as an emergency dieselfired generator and fire water pump engines.⁶ The modeled sources account for 98.5% of allowable SO_2 emissions from the facility. Additionally, SO_2 emitting sources from the nearby Entergy plant will be modeled. Table 3-1 presents a table of the sources that will be modeled and their locations. All locations are expressed in UTM Zone 15 coordinates.

FutureFuel Chemical Company \mid 1-Hour SO_2 NAAQS Modeling Protocol Trinity Consultants

¹ https://www3.epa.gov/airquality/sulfurdioxide/pdfs/SO2ModelingTAD.pdf

² Stated by U.S. EPA to be part of the docket at Docket ID No. EPA-HQ-OAR-2015-0310 and available as of date of submittal of this report.

³ http://www.epa.gov/ttn/scram/dispersion_prefrec.htm#aermod

⁴ Guideline on Air Quality Models. Appendix W to 40 CFR Parts 51 and 52. Federal Register, November 9, 2005. pp. 68217-68261.

 $^{^{5}\} https://www3.epa.gov/ttn/scram/11thmodconf/9930-11-OAR_AppendixW_Proposal.pdf$

⁶ https://www3.epa.gov/ttn/scram/guidance/clarification/Additional_Clarifications_AppendixW_Hourly-NO2-NAAQS_FINAL_03-01-2011.pdf

Table 3-1. Modeled Source Locations

Model ID	Description	UTM-E (m)	UTM-N (m)	Elevation (m)
FF_5N091	RTO	633,660.39	3,953,915.79	81.94
FF_6M01	Coal Fired Boilers	633,343.50	3,953,692.29	83.57
FF_6M03	Chemical Waste Destructor	633,336.15	3,953,628.65	81.50
FF_4P05	Hot Oil System	633,692.56	3,954,022.81	83.40
FF_5N092	Thermal Oxidizer/Caustic Scrubber	633,629.84	3,953,907.38	83.86
EN_SN01	Entergy Unit 1 Boiler	644,086.7	3,949,432.5	71.52
EN_SN02	Entergy Unit 2 Boiler	644,089.8	3,949,441.4	71.53
EN_SN05	Entergy Auxiliary Boiler	644,064.1	3,949,338.7	71.46
EN_SN20	Entergy Emergency Diesel Generator	643,993.0	3,949,472.0	71.58
EN_SN21	Entergy Emergency Diesel Fire Pump	644,011.0	3,949,296.0	71.43

All modeled sources are point sources and Table 3-2 presents the stack parameters that will be input to the model for each of the sources. Sources EN_SN20 and EN_SN21 discharge horizontally and as such will be modeled with a minimal exit velocity (0.001 m/s).

Table 3-2. Modeled Source Parameters

Model ID	Stack Height (m)	Stack Temperature (K)	Exit Velocity (m/s)	Stack Diameter (m)
FF_5N091	18.29	390.31	9.63	2.44
FF_6M01	60.96	485.26	14.42	2.74
FF_6M03	26.57	357.93	12.18	1.22
FF_4P05	5.20	477.60	2.70	0.46
FF_5N092	7.62	345.15	9.27	0.24
EN_SN01	304.8	433.71	27.43	7.83
EN_SN02	304.8	433.71	27.43	7.83
EN_SN05	4.57	519.26	19.81	0.91
EN_SN20	4.27	790.54	0.001	0.25
EN_SN21	4.27	644.26	0.001	0.13

3.3. MODELED EMISSION RATES

As described in the Modeling TAD, attainment modeling demonstrations are intended to represent actual facility emissions. Four of the five FutureFuel units will use actual monthly average emissions data for the 2012-2014 period. For the lowest emitting unit (Thermal Oxidizer, Model ID 5N09_02), the maximum hourly allowable permit limit (3.0 lb/hr SO₂) was modeled as a worst-case. Three of the Entergy units (Model ID EN_SN01, EN_SN02, and EN_SN05) will use actual hourly emissions data for the 2012-2014 model. The emergency fire pump (Model ID EN_SN20) and emergency generator (Model ID EN_SN21) at Entergy will use variable emission rates based on actual engine testing times as described in Entergy's August 2015 report. The EMISFACT option in AERMOD will be utilized to supply the varying monthly emission rates for the units with monthly emission rate data and to supply Entergy's emergency units with the variable emission rates for weekly testing times. Table 3-3 shows the annual average hourly emission rate for the FutureFuel sources for comparative purposes.

Table 3-3. Average Hourly Modeled SO₂ Emission Rates

Model ID	2012 Average Emission Rate (lb/hr)	2013 Average Emission Rate (lb/hr)	2014 Average Emission Rate (lb/hr)
FF_5N091	0.09	0.09	0.05
FF_6M01	561.53	604.68	697.43
FF_6M03	2.53	4.41	3.49
FF_4P05	0.00005	0.00006	0.00006
FF_5N092	3.00	3.00	3.00

Note: The Entergy emission rates are described in their August 2015 report.

3.4. BACKGROUND CONCENTRATIONS

NAAQS modeling demonstrations typically include impacts from the applicant's facility and a background concentration from a representative ambient monitor. When including background concentrations, the potential for double-counting exists, where impacts from explicitly modeled sources may also be included in the concentration measured by the ambient monitor. In their "Clarification Memorandum for 1-hour NO_2 Modeling" (herein referred to as 1-hour NO_2 Guidance), EPA provides a general "rule-of-thumb" for estimating the area over which regional inventory sources should be included. That section of the guidance goes on to suggest that for most applications, the inclusion of nearby sources within about 10 km would be sufficient. This guidance is based on the concept of "significant concentration gradient" in which modeled impacts from a given facility are reviewed to determine how quickly concentrations diminish out from the site. Although Entergy is over 11 km from FutureFuel, the SO_2 emissions from Entergy will be included in the model.

Ambient background data from the closest SO_2 monitor, located in Little Rock (Monitor ID# 05-119-0007), will be used to represent other sources of SO_2 in the background. The only other SO_2 monitor in Arkansas is located in El Dorado in the southern portion of the state. EPA Guidance allows the inclusion of background values that vary by season and hour of day that could simulate a lower value than the 99^{th} percentile design value from the monitor. The modeling will be performed with a set of seasonal diurnal values developed using methodology described in the 1-hour NO_2 Guidance which addresses NO_2 modeling and the process for developing seasonal diurnal background values for SO_2 . Table 3-4 shows the seasonal diurnal values that will be used in the model.

Table 3-4. Seasonal Diurnal SO₂ Concentrations at Little Rock Monitor

Hour	Winter (μg/m³)	Spring (µg/m³)	Summer (µg/m³)	Fall (µg/m³)
1	6.89	5.67	4.80	5.50
2	7.85	5.32	4.28	6.19
3	7.33	6.19	4.45	6.02
4	6.89	5.76	4.19	4.71
5	8.55	4.97	4.19	5.15
6	9.60	4.80	5.41	5.85
7	9.60	6.28	5.50	6.63
8	8.99	5.24	6.11	6.54
9	7.50	6.46	7.68	7.85
10	8.38	8.20	7.42	9.07
11	9.16	8.46	9.95	8.20
12	10.73	15.09	10.38	9.34
13	9.69	11.08	10.91	11.17
14	10.56	9.34	9.86	9.51
15	10.03	8.20	13.18	9.95
16	9.42	7.94	9.34	10.47
17	7.15	9.86	11.08	9.16
18	7.50	7.42	9.69	7.24
19	9.25	6.37	9.86	6.98
20	12.30	6.54	8.73	5.93
21	9.07	6.02	6.19	6.28
22	6.11	8.99	5.76	5.67
23	6.46	7.07	5.67	5.85
24	7.24	6.81	5.41	6.11

Figure 3-1 shows the relative locations of the FutureFuel facility, Entergy, the meteorological site and the SO_2 monitor.

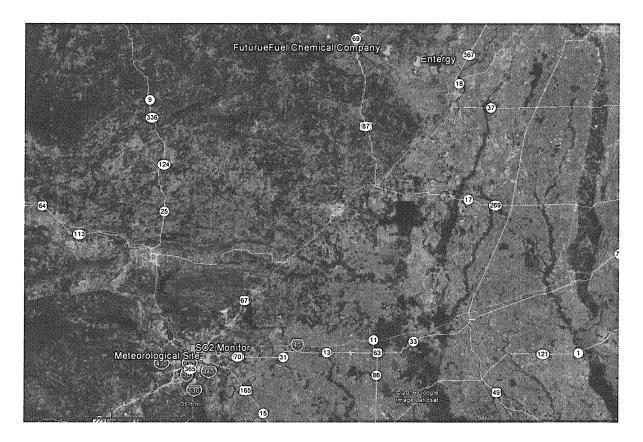


Figure 3-1. Relative Locations of FutureFuel Facility, Entergy, Meteorological Site, and SO₂ Monitor

3.5. METEOROLOGICAL DATA

AERMOD-ready meteorological data for the period 2012-2014 was prepared using the latest version of the EPA's AERMET meteorological processing utility (version 15181) and will be used for this analysis. Standard EPA meteorological data processing guidance was used as outlined in a recent memorandum⁷ and other documentation.

3.5.1. Surface Data

Raw hourly surface meteorological data was obtained from the U.S. National Climatic Data Center (NCDC) for Little Rock Clinton National Airport/Adams Field (KLIT, WMO ID: 722310) in the standard ISHD format. This data was supplemented with TD-6405 (commonly referred to as "1-minute ASOS") wind data from KLIT. The 1-

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⁷ Fox, Tyler, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. 2013. "Use of ASOS Meteorological Data in AERMOD Dispersion Modeling." Available Online: http://www.epa.gov/ttn/scram/guidance/clarification/20130308 Met Data Clarification.pdf

minute wind data was processed using the latest version of the EPA AERMINUTE pre-processing tool (version 15272). Quality of the 1-minute data was verified by comparison to the hourly ISHD data from KLIT, which showed only small differences typical of 1-minute and hourly wind data comparisons. The "Ice-Free Winds Group (IFWG)" option was utilized in AERMINUTE due to the fact that a sonic anemometer was installed at KLIT on May 21, 2009. ⁸ As such, the IFWG option was engaged for the full 2012-2014 period. Figure 3-2 shows the distribution of wind speed and direction for the site.

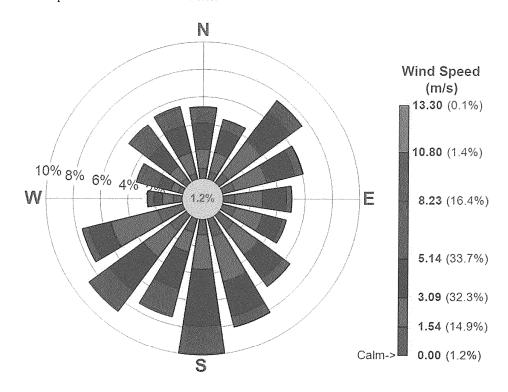


Figure 3-2. 2012-2014 Wind Rose for Little Rock Airport (KLIT)

3.5.2. Upper Air Data

In addition to surface meteorological data, AERMET requires the use of data from a sunrise-time upper air sounding to estimate daytime mixing heights. The nearest U.S. National Weather Service (NWS) upper-air radiosonde station is located in Little Rock, AR (LZK). Upper air data for the same 2012-2014 time period were obtained from the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) in FSL format.⁹

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⁸ http://www.nws.noaa.gov/ops2/Surface/documents/IFW_stat.pdf

⁹ http://esrl.noaa.gov/raobs/

3.5.3. Land Use Analysis

Parameters derived from the analysis of land use data (surface roughness, Bowen ratio, and albedo) are also required by AERMET. In accordance with EPA guidance, these values will be determined using the latest version of the EPA AERSURFACE tool (version 13016). The AERSUFACE settings that will be used for processing are summarized in Table 3-5. The met station coordinates were determined by visually identifying the met station in Google Earth. NLCD 1992 (CONUS) Land Cover data that will be used in AERSURFACE processing was obtained from the Multi-Resolution Land Use Consortium (MRLC).

EPA recommendations were used to specify the area used for the AERSURFACE analysis. Surface roughness was estimated based on land use within a 1 km radius of the meteorological station, with directional variation in roughness accounted for by dividing that circle into sectors with common landuse types. By default, AERSURFACE assumes twelve 30-degree landuse sectors. In cases where the landuse is uniform, that is an acceptable approach. However, in the case of the LIT airport, there are four (4) directional sectors with truly distinct landuse categories. Figure 3-3 shows the wind direction sectors input to AERSURFACE for the surface roughness portion of the landuse analysis.

¹⁰ U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. 2013. "AERSURFACE User's Guide." EPA-454/B-08-001, Revised 01/16/2013. Available Online: http://www.epa.gov/scram001/7thconf/aermod/aersurface_userguide.pdf

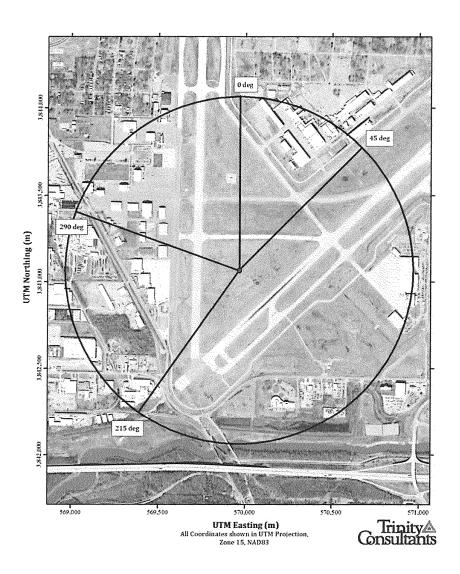


Figure 3-3. AERSURFACE Land Use Sector Analysis

Albedo and Bowen ratio are regional parameters and were estimated within AERSURFACE, based on the default 10x10 km box centered on the meteorological station.

EPA guidance dictates that on at least an annual basis, precipitation at a surface site should be classified as wet, dry, or average in comparison to the 30-year climatological record at the site. This determination is used to adjust the Bowen ratio estimated by AERSURFACE. To make the determination, annual precipitation in each

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modeled year (2012-2014) was compared to the 1981-2010 climatological record for KLIT. 11 The 30th and 70th percentile values of the annual precipitation distribution from 1981-2010 were calculated. Per EPA guidance, each modeled year was classified for AERSUFACE processing as "wet" if its annual precipitation was higher than the 70th percentile value, "dry" if its annual precipitation was lower than the 30th percentile value, and "average" if it was between the 30th and 70th percentile values. The values that will be used in this case are included in Table 3-5.

The site location does not experience meteorological seasons like the default seasonal categories in AERSURFACE, therefore the monthly categories were modified to better represent the meteorological seasons the site experiences. The modified seasons are shown in Table 3-6.

Table 3-5. AERSURFACE Input Parameters

AERSURFACE Parameter	Value
Met Station Latitude	34.727266
Met Station Longitude	-92.235811
Datum	NAD 1983
Radius for surface roughness (km)	1.0
Vary by Sector?	Yes
Number of Sectors	4 (0-45, 45-215, 215-290, 290-360)
Temporal Resolution	Seasonal
Continuous Winter Snow Cover?	No
Station Located at Airport?	Yes
Arid Region?	No
Surface Moisture Classification	Dry (2012), Wet (2013), Average (2014)

Table 3-6 Modified AERSURFACE Seasons

Seasonal Category	Season Description	Month Assignments
1	Midsummer with lush vegetation	May, Jun, Jul, Aug, Sept
2	Autumn with unharvested cropland	Oct, Nov
3	Late autumn after frost and harvest, or winter with no snow	Dec, Jan, Feb
5	Transitional spring with partial green coverage or short annuals	Mar, Apr

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¹¹ National Climatic Data Center. 2010 Local Climatological Data (LCD), (KMSY).

3.5.4. AERMET Processing Options

EPA released AERMET Version 12345 which included a beta option, ADJ_U*, to better account for turbulence in the atmosphere during low wind speed stable conditions. Subsequent releases of AERMET have incorporated modifications to the ADJ_U* formulation to better address micrometeorological refinements (e.g. Bulk Richardson Number, low solar elevation angles). The ADJ_U* option adjusts the surface friction velocity parameter (U*) used by AERMET in certain low wind speed situations. This option, based on a peer-reviewed study¹², was added to AERMET by EPA to address the tendency of AERMET/AERMOD to underestimate dispersion and thus overestimate ground-level pollutant concentrations for low-level sources under low wind speed conditions, especially for shorter-term averaging periods. Given the refined nature of this beta option and the peer reviewed studies which have acknowledged its accuracy, including EPA, FutureFuel has incorporated this AERMET option. A detailed justification for the use of ADJ_U* is contained in Appendix A.

The AERMET data processing procedure utilized regulatory default options in this case 13,14 with the exception of the ADJ_U* option. The options selected include:

- > MODIFY keyword for upper air data
- > THRESH_1MIN 0.5 keyword to provide a lower bound of 0.5 m/s for 1-minute wind data
- > AUDIT keywords to provide additional QA/QC and diagnostic information
- ASOS1MIN keyword to incorporate 1-minute wind data
- > NWS_HGT WIND 10 keyword to designate the anemometer height as 10 meters
- > METHOD WIND_DIR RANDOM keyword to correct for any wind direction rounding in the raw ISHD data
- METHOD REFLEVEL SUBNWS keyword to allow use of airport surface station data
- > Default substitution options for cloud cover and temperature data were not overridden
- Default ASOS_ADJ option for correction of truncated wind speeds was not overridden
- > ADI_U* beta option was used

3.6. MODELED RECEPTORS

A comprehensive Cartesian receptor grid extending out to approximately 20 kilometers from FutureFuel and Entergy will be used in the AERMOD modeling analysis to assess maximum ground level 1-hour SO_2 concentrations. The Modeling TAD states that the receptor grid must be sufficient to determine ambient air quality in the vicinity of the source being studied. Preliminary modeling analyses were conducted to determine appropriate extents for the modeled receptor grids, which will consist of the following:

- > 50-meter spacing along both the facilities fencelines (fenceline grids);
- > 100-meter spacing extending from the Entergy fenceline to 5 kilometers (Entergy fine grid);
- > 100-meter spacing extending from the FutureFuel fenceline to 7 kilometers (FutureFuel fine grid);
- > 200-meter spacing extending from 7 to 10 kilometers around FutureFuel (FutureFuel medium grid); and
- > 500-meter spacing extending from 10 to 20 kilometers around FutureFuel (FutureFuel coarse grid); and

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¹² Qian and Venkatram. 2011. "Performance of Steady-State Dispersion Models Under Low Wind-Speed Conditions." Boundary-Layer Meteorology, Volume 138, Issue 3, pp 475-491.

Fox, Tyler, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. 2013. "Use of ASOS Meteorological Data in AERMOD Dispersion Modeling." Available Online: http://www.epa.gov/ttn/scram/guidance/clarification/20130308 Met Data Clarification.pdf

¹⁴ U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. 2014. "User's Guide for the AERMOD Meteorological Preprocessor (AERMET)". EPA-454/B-03-002, November 2004).

> 1,000-meter spacing extending out 20 kilometers around both facilities (Overall coarse grid).

The above receptor data will be used without modification in the modeling. Per the Modeling TAD, a number of receptors located over the White River could be excluded from the modeling domain because ambient monitors could not reasonably be placed at these locations, but these receptors will be retained in this analysis as a measure of conservatism.

The AERMOD model is capable of handling both simple and complex terrain. Through the use of the AERMOD terrain preprocessor (AERMAP), AERMOD incorporates not only the receptor heights, but also an effective height (hill height scale) that represents the significant terrain features surrounding a given receptor that could lead to plume recirculation and other terrain interaction. Receptor terrain elevations input to the model will be interpolated from National Elevation Database (NED) data obtained from the USGS. NED data consist of arrays of regularly spaced elevations. The array elevations will be at a resolution of 1 arc second (approximately 30 m intervals) and will be interpolated using the latest version of AERMAP (version 11103) to determine elevations at the defined receptor intervals. The receptor grids that will be modeled are shown in Figure 3-4.

15 US EPA-Users Guide for the AERMOD Terrain Preprocessor (AERMAP), EPA-454/B-03-003, Research Triangle Park, NC.

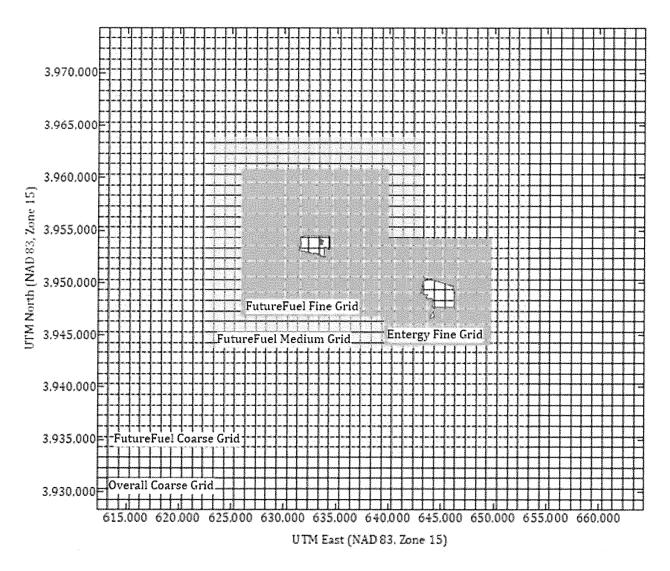


Figure 3-4. Receptor Grids

3.7. BUILDING DOWNWASH

AERMOD incorporates the Plume Rise Model Enhancements (PRIME) downwash algorithms. Direction specific building parameters required by AERMOD are calculated using the BPIP-PRIME preprocessor (version 04274). Downwash effects will be considered through the use of this program.

EPA has promulgated stack height regulations that restrict the use of stack heights in excess of "Good Engineering Practice" (GEP) in air dispersion modeling analyses. Under these regulations, that portion of a stack in excess of the GEP height is generally not creditable when modeling to determine source impacts. This essentially prevents the use of excessively tall stacks to reduce ground-level pollutant concentrations. However, since the DRR modeling process is determining attainment for the area around a facility, the TAD document appropriately recommends that actual stack heights be used.

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APPENDIX A: USE OF ADJ_U* IN FUTUREFUEL SO2 DISPERSION MODELING

When AERMOD is run with a meteorological dataset derived from one-minute meteorological data as is currently recommended by U.S. EPA, low wind speeds are much more prevalent than in prior versions of the modeling system that did not rely on one-minute meteorological data. These low wind speeds have been linked to potential overestimates in ambient concentrations by AERMOD.¹⁶ These overestimates occur, in part, due to an underestimate of friction velocity (u*) by the AERMET meteorological processor. U.S. EPA recognized this underestimation as a potential issue with AERMET and released AERMET Version 12345 which included a beta option, ADJ_U*. The ADJ_U* beta option allows the friction velocity (u*) to be adjusted using the methods of Qian and Venkatram¹⁷ to better account for turbulence in the atmosphere during low wind speed stable conditions. This beta option was updated to incorporate a modified Bulk Richardson Number methodology in version 13350, was further modified to adjust u* for low solar elevation angles with version 14134, and was most recently used to modify the calculation of the turbulence measure, Monin-Obukhov length in Version 15181.¹⁸ Given the refined nature of this beta option and the peer reviewed studies which have acknowledged its accuracy, FutureFuel is proposing to incorporate this option into the modeling analysis to allow more representative and more accurate modeling results.

The U.S. EPA has proposed to make the ADJ_U* option a regulatory default in the forthcoming revisions to the Guideline, 19 Currently, however, the u* option is not a default option in AERMOD, the combined use of AERMOD plus the u* adjustment in the meteorology file (generated by AERMET) would no longer have "preferred" status in the sense that it is a model to be used for regulatory purposes without additional regulatory authority approval. To substantiate that the adjusted friction velocity option in AERMOD is a valid model to use in this situation, Section 3.2 of Appendix W describes steps to be considered to allow the use of the u* adjusted AERMOD as an acceptable alternative model. The section also describes criteria for determining the acceptability of an alternative model. Section 3.2.2.b states that satisfying any one of the three alternative conditions may make use of an alternative model acceptable. Condition 1 states that the alternative model will demonstrate equivalency. But in this case the AERMOD Model is the preferred model of choice with just an option change (making it alternative). Because the model cannot have a demonstration of equivalency to itself and the option change will result in different results, this condition is not applicable. This leaves the satisfaction of Conditions 2 and 3 as criteria to accept the u* option in AERMOD. Condition 2 requires the formal submittal of a protocol to allow demonstration of superior performance which is acceptable to the control agency and to FutureFuel. This type of study would require appropriate ambient air quality monitoring and side-by-side modeling and comparisons which are well beyond the scope of this modeling demonstration.

Thus, Condition 3 was reviewed and followed along with the individual criteria to meet its requirements. Section 3.2.2.e states that an alternative refined model may be used provided that five criteria are met. These are:

http://www.epa.gov/ttn/scram/7thconf/aermod/AERMET mcb6.pdf

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¹⁶ Wenjun Qian and Akula Venkatram, "Performance of Steady State Dispersion Models Under Low Wind-Speed Conditions," Boundary-Layer Meteorology, no. 138 (2011): 475-491.

¹⁷ Ibid.

¹⁸ http://www.epa.gov/ttn/scram/7thconf/aermod/aermet mcb3.txt; http://www.epa.gov/ttn/scram/7thconf/aermod/aermet mcb4.txt; http://www.epa.gov/ttn/scram/7thconf/aermod/AERMET mcb5.pdf;

¹⁹ https://www3.epa.gov/ttn/scram/11thmodconf/9930-11-OAR_AppendixW_Proposal.pdf

- i. The model has received a scientific peer review;
- ii. The model can be demonstrated to be applicable to the problem on a theoretical basis;
- iii. The data bases which are necessary to perform the analysis are available and adequate;
- iv. Appropriate performance evaluations of the model have shown that the model is not biased towards underestimates; and
- v. A protocol on methods and procedures to be followed has been established.

Review of these criteria as well as the responses to each within the context of modeling for FutureFuel have shown the use of the u* option, as generated by AERMET in the meteorological file and used in AERMOD, to be valid and representative for the modeling domain in the vicinity of the facility. The response to each criteria is given in the following Appendix A subsections.

CRITERIA 3.2.2.e.i - SCIENTIFIC PEER REVIEW

The use of an adjusted friction velocity in AERMOD has received scientific peer review and been evaluated both by U.S. EPA modelers as well as others in the scientific and modeling community. Three examples are:

- The paper entitled "Performance of Steady-State Dispersion Models Under Low Wind-Speed Conditions" by Wenjun Qian and Akula Venkatram, Boundary Layer Meteorology, Volume 138, pp 475-491, 2011. This paper examined the AERMOD Model to estimate dispersion under low wind speed events. Two tracer studies, the Prairie Grass Experiment and the Idaho Falls experiment, were compared to the use of AERMOD with and without u* adjustments. The analysis reports that the tendency of AERMOD to overestimate ambient air impacts during low wind speed events was reduced by incorporating an empirical modification. This modification is incorporated into the AERMET program through the ADJ_U* keyword. This option generates the enhanced friction velocity datasets on a low wind speed, stable atmosphere, hour-by-hour basis. Also in his email memorandum dated June 26, 2013, George Bridgers of the U.S. EPA's Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards, notes that "The AERMET BETA option is based on a peer reviewed study (Qian and Venkatram, 2011) which also includes independent evaluations of the new u-star estimates...".
- In his April 23, 2013 presentation at the Regional/State/Local Modeling Meeting in Dallas, Texas, Roger Brode showed "improved AERMOD performance" when including the u* adjustment. The figures below from Mr. Brode's presentation demonstrate the enhanced performance of AERMOD for two field data bases, namely the Oak Ridge Study and the Idaho Falls Study. The closer the points are to the center line of each graph, the better the model performance.

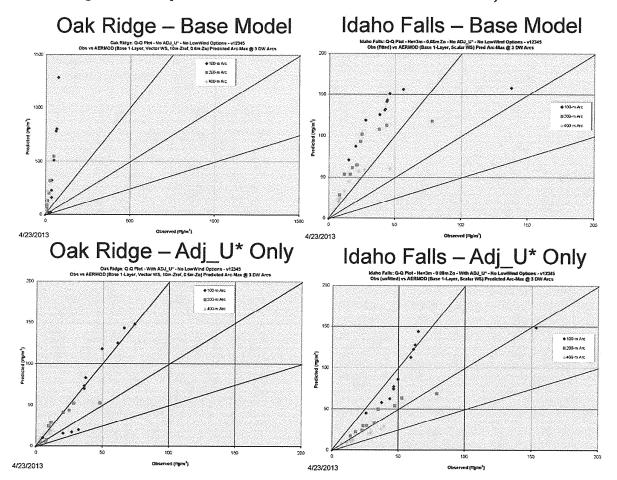


Figure A-1. Comparison of the AERMOD Model with and without the u* Adjustment

The paper entitled "Evaluation of low wind modeling approaches for two tall-stack databases" by Robert Paine, Olga Samani, Mary Kaplan, Eladio Knipping and Naresh Kumar, Journal of the Air & Waste Management Association, 65:11, 1341-1353. This paper evaluates model performance for the LOWWIND options in AERMET and AERMOD for two databases: Mercer County, North Dakota and Gibson Power Station in Indiana. Since the Indiana database is in an area with flat terrain, it is not applicable to this modeling analysis. However, the North Dakota databases consists of tall stacks in rolling terrain, including monitor locations at elevations above stack base elevation, which is similar to the terrain surrounding the FutureFuel Chemical site. As shown in Table 4 of the paper, the predicted/observed impact ratios where improved from 2.20 to 1.53 for the monitor location (DGC #17) in the elevated terrain surrounding the sources.

CRITERIA 3.2.2.e.ii - APPLICABLE ON A THEORETICAL BASIS

Over the past several years many scientific studies have noted that Gaussian dispersion models tend to over predict concentrations at low wind speeds. In the early days of dispersion modeling when the threshold velocities of the National Weather Service anemometers were a few miles per hour, the common use of 1 m/s as

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the lowest wind speed that would be considered in the model was prevalent. The modeling community recognized that winds lower than that would result in ambient concentration estimates that were not coincidental with ambient monitored values at these same low wind speed conditions. Because concentration is inversely proportional to wind speed, impacts increase greatly as wind speeds fall below 1 m/s. In addition, other studies and field research showed that winds tend to meander during low wind speeds, meaning that the wind was not in only one direction during the time step of the Gaussian models, namely one hour, but tended to change over the time step. The relationship between this phenomenon and the friction velocity calculations in AERMET determined that adjusting the u* could have the same effect as adjusting plume meander and was better estimated empirically (as demonstrated in the peer reviewed paper by Qian and Venkatram).

In reviewing the frequency distribution of winds from the Little Rock, AR Airport for the period of record of this modeling analysis, the number of hours in the range of 0.28 m/s (the lower limit where AERMOD will make a calculation) and 3.1 m/s wind speed is 12,414 hours over the three year period of record or 47.2%. In fact, the observed wind speeds are less than 2 m/s for 6,327 hours (24.1%) over the 2012-2014 modeling period. The overall distribution is shown in Table A-1. As previously discussed, the incorporation of the 1 minute ASOS wind observations has greatly reduced the number of calm (and thus unmodeled) hours and replaced them in many cases with low wind speed hours. Thus, the consideration of better science in terms of the u^* adjustment is applicable and reasonable given this relatively high frequency of low wind occurrences.

Table A-1. Distribution of Hourly Observations by Wind Speed and Wind Direction

D: 1 C. 1	. 1	. 2.00	. 544	. 0.22	40.00	40.00	m . 1
Dir \ Spd	<= 1.54	<= 3.09	<= 5.14	<= 8.23	<= 10.80	> 10.80	Total
0.0	0.74	1.41	1.95	1.11	0.07	0.00	5.28
22.5	0.55	1.49	1.69	0.79	0.02	0.00	4.54
45.0	0.84	2.98	2.65	1.03	0.03	0.00	7.53
67.5	0.94	2.43	2.13	0.55	0.02	0.03	6.10
90.0	0.87	2.03	1.76	0.37	0.02	0.00	5.05
112.5	1.00	2.06	1.46	0.29	0.01	0.00	4.83
135.0	1.35	2.29	2.19	0.66	0.03	0.00	6.51
157.5	1.35	3.45	2.60	0.76	0.04	0.00	8.21
180.0	1.13	2.57	4.16	2.05	0.09	0.00	9.99
202.5	1.03	1.54	2.76	1.97	0.15	0.00	7.45
225.0	1.46	2.41	3.08	1.73	0.13	0.01	8.82
247.5	1.85	3.57	1.65	0.47	0.03	0.00	7.58
270.0	0.63	0.81	0.62	0.40	0.07	0.03	2.56
292.5	0.34	0.56	0.97	1.32	0.29	0.05	3.53
315.0	0.42	1.08	1.94	1.60	0.23	0.01	5.28
337.5	0.44	1.56	2.05	1.28	0.16	0.01	5.50
Total	14.93	32.26	33.66	16.39	1.38	0.14	98.77
Calms							1.20
Missing							0.03
Total							100.00

As previously shown, the default AERMOD model is susceptible to overprediction for taller stacks located in elevated terrain. Figure A-2 presents the area surrounding the FutureFuel Chemical site with terrain contours overlaid to indicate the rolling nature of terrain and thus the potential for model overprediction in the areas to the north and southwest of the facility. Given the combination of steep terrain and low wind speed, the ADJ_U* option is very applicable to this analysis on a theoretical basis.

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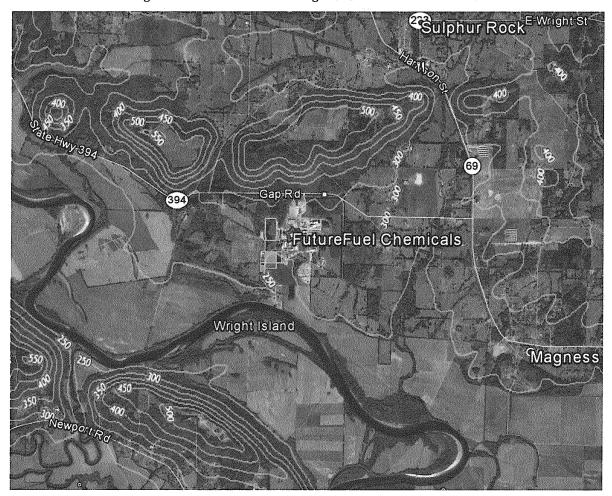


Figure A-2. Terrain Surrounding the FutureFuel Chemical Site

CRITERIA 3.2.2.e.iii - AVAILABILITY OF DATABASES

The test data bases and reporting for low wind speed observations and evaluation are available to assess model performance. The data bases applicable to this discussion and use of the u* option in AERMET and AERMOD are:

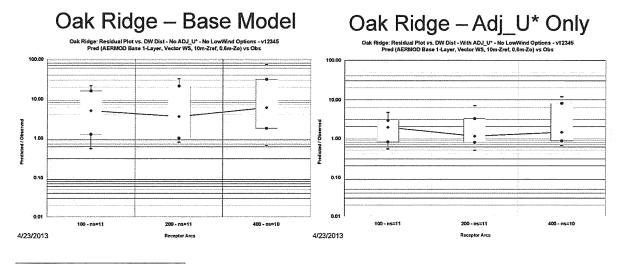
- Idaho Falls Study- Sagendorf JF, Dickson CR (1974) Diffusion under low wind speed, inversion conditions. NOAA Technical Memorandum ERL ARL-52, 89 pp.
- Prairie Grass Study Barad ML (ed) (1958) Project Prairie Grass. A field program in diffusion. Geophysical research paper no. 59, vols I (300 pp) and II (221 pp). AFCRF-TR-58-235. Air Force Cambridge Research Center, Bedford, Massachusetts; under Model Evaluation Databases on U.S EPA's website http://www.epa.gov/ttn/scram/dispersion_prefrec.htm
- Oak Ridge Study NOAA Technical Memorandum ERL ARL-61, 1976. Diffusion under Low Wind Speed Conditions near Oak Ridge, Tennessee. Wilson, R. B., G. Start, C. Dickson, N. Ricks. Air Resources Laboratory, Idaho Falls, Idaho.

In addition, the AERMET source code and all input data required for implementing the ADJ_U* are publicly available on U.S. EPA's SCRAM website.

CRITERIA 3.2.2.e.iv - DEMONSTRATION OF NO BIASES TOWARDS UNDERESTIMATES

As demonstrated in a number of studies over the past 3-5 years, including the 2010 study by AECOM²⁰, the use of the u* adjustment in dispersion modeling has not shown any bias towards underestimating the ambient concentrations due to sources and emissions. A repeat use of the same Oak Ridge data set in 2013 by the U.S. EPA in their model performance evaluation demonstrates both the improved performance of AERMOD with u* option and no bias towards underestimation as shown in Figure A-3.

Figure A-3. Residual Plots Showing Improved Performance with u* and No Bias toward Underestimation



²⁰ AERMOD Low Wind Speed Evaluation Study Results, AECOM prepared for the American Petroleum Institute, Washington, DC, March 22, 2010.

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Cc: McCorkle, Mark[MAC@adeq.state.ar.us]; Snyder, Erik[snyder.erik@epa.gov] From: Mohr, Ashley Thur 6/16/2016 2:22:19 PM Sent: Subject: RE: EPA R6 & Model Clearinghouse Submittal - Arkansas SO2 NAAQS Independence County Designation David/Mark -Guy is also out of the office this week, so I am providing a response. We have provided the request documentation to HQs and have requested a time to discuss. As we mentioned before, HQs is in the final push for finishing up the Appendix W rulemaking so there availability has been limited. I will let you all know when we have been able to schedule a time with the appropriate folks at HQs. Meanwhile, we have been reviewing the information here in the Region and will let you know if we identify any additional information needs or have any questions. Feel free to contact me directly to follow-up. Thanks. Ashley THE POSITIONS or VIEWS CONTAINED IN THIS EMAIL DO NOT REPRESENT OFFICIAL EPA POLICY.

Clark, David[CLARKD@adeq.state.ar.us]; Donaldson, Guy[Donaldson.Guy@epa.gov]

From: Clark, David [mailto:CLARKD@adeq.state.ar.us]

Sent: Tuesday, June 14, 2016 8:44 AM

To:

To: Donaldson, Guy < Donaldson.Guy@epa.gov>

Cc: McCorkle, Mark <MAC@adeq.state.ar.us>; Mohr, Ashley <Mohr.Ashley@epa.gov>;

Snyder, Erik <snyder.erik@epa.gov>

Subject: RE: EPA R6 & Model Clearinghouse Submittal - Arkansas SO2 NAAQS

Independence County Designation

Hello Guy,

Has this request gone to HQ or do you have any other updates?

I will be out of the office for a week starting tomorrow, June 15 through Wednesday June 22, so during my absence please Cc Mark McCorkle on any new information you may have for us.

Thank you in advance,

David

David W. Clark, M.S.

Epidemiologist

Air Division – Planning & Air Quality Analysis Branch Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality

5301 Northshore Drive

North Little Rock, AR. 72118

U.S.A.

Voice: 501 682-0070

Fax: 501 682-0753

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From: Donaldson, Guy [mailto:Donaldson.Guy@epa.gov]

Sent: Tuesday, May 24, 2016 5:05 PM

To: Clark, David

Cc: McCorkle, Mark; Mohr, Ashley; Snyder, Erik

Subject: RE: EPA R6 & Model Clearinghouse Submittal - Arkansas SO2 NAAQS Independence County

Designation

David, I have checked in with our folks. Your request is being reviewed by Regional Staff. We expect that we will complete the Regional Review in the next 6-10 days and send to HQs. It is difficult to predict how long HQs review will take because there seems to be a large number of request going through the system. We will contact you when we have a better idea after we send it up.

From: Clark, David [mailto:CLARKD@adeq.state.ar.us]

Sent: Tuesday, May 24, 2016 11:59 AM

To: Donaldson, Guy

Cc: McCorkle, Mark; Mohr, Ashley; Snyder, Erik

Subject: RE: EPA R6 & Model Clearinghouse Submittal - Arkansas SO2 NAAQS

Independence County Designation

Thank you Guy.

David W. Clark, M.S.

Epidemiologist

Air Division – Planning & Air Quality Analysis Branch Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality

5301 Northshore Drive

North Little Rock, AR. 72118

U.S.A.

Voice: 501 682-0070

Fax: 501 682-0753

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From: Donaldson, Guy [mailto:Donaldson.Guy@epa.gov]

Sent: Tuesday, May 24, 2016 11:16 AM

To: Clark, David

Cc: McCorkle, Mark; Mohr, Ashley; Snyder, Erik

Subject: RE: EPA R6 & Model Clearinghouse Submittal - Arkansas SO2 NAAQS Independence County

Designation

I am checking on the status.

From: Clark, David [mailto:CLARKD@adeq.state.ar.us]

Sent: Tuesday, May 24, 2016 8:40 AM

To: Donaldson, Guy **Cc:** McCorkle, Mark

Subject: RE: EPA R6 & Model Clearinghouse Submittal - Arkansas SO2 NAAQS

Independence County Designation

Good morning Guy,

I'm contacting to inquire about the status of the AERMOD protocol/Clearinghouse request we submitted as part of our SO2 designations work for Independence County. Do you know or could you please see where this stands?

Thank you in advance for any information,

David

David W. Clark, M.S.

Epidemiologist

Air Division – Planning & Air Quality Analysis Branch Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality

5301 Northshore Drive

North Little Rock, AR. 72118

U.S.A.

Voice: 501 682-0070

Fax: 501 682-0753

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From: Clark, David

Sent: Friday, April 29, 2016 8:55 AM To: 'Donaldson, Guy'; Snyder, Erik Cc: McCorkle, Mark; Spencer, Stuart

Subject: RE: EPA R6 & Model Clearinghouse Submittal - Arkansas SO2 NAAQS Independence County

Designation

Hello Guy & Erik,

Attached find a SO2 NAAQS designation AERMOD protocol/Clearinghouse request for Independence County, Arkansas that ADEQ is submitting in response to Ron Curry's February 11, 2016 letter to Arkansas' Governor Hutchinson (also attached) regarding the insufficient information for an Unclassifiable/Attainment SO2 NAAQS designation for Independence County. We have also sent this protocol/Clearinghouse request to both of you as a hardcopy document via postal mail.

David

David W. Clark, M.S.

Epidemiologist

Air Division – Planning & Air Quality Analysis Branch Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality

5301 Northshore Drive

North Little Rock, AR. 72118

U.S.A.

Voice: 501 682-0070

Fax: 501 682-0753

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From: Donaldson, Guy [mailto:Donaldson.Guy@epa.gov]

Sent: Thursday, April 21, 2016 1:06 PM

To: Clark, David; Snyder, Erik

Cc: McCorkle, Mark

Subject: RE: EPA R6 & Model Clearinghouse Submittal - Arkansas SO2 NAAQS Independence County

Designation

Thx for the heads up.

From: Clark, David [mailto:CLARKD@adeq.state.ar.us]

Sent: Thursday, April 21, 2016 9:26 AM

To: Donaldson, Guy; Snyder, Erik

Cc: McCorkle, Mark

Subject: EPA R6 & Model Clearinghouse Submittal - Arkansas SO2 NAAQS Independence

County Designation

Good morning Guy & Erik,

I'm sending this correspondence as follow-up to Ron Curry's February 11, 2016 letter to Arkansas' Governor Hutchinson regarding the insufficient information for an Unclassifiable/Attainment SO2 NAAQS designation for Independence County, Arkansas and the stated opportunity for ADEQ to submit additional information. As you will recall, this letter prompted a February 29, 2016 phone conversation that included EPA R6, the Model Clearinghouse, ADEQ, FutureFuel Chemical Company (FutureFuel) and Entergy Arkansas Independence Steam Electrical Station (Entergy) where a combined FutureFuel/Entergy AERMOD dispersion analysis and a potential Model Clearinghouse submittal was discussed. From FutureFuel, ADEQ has received, reviewed and intends to forward to EPA R6 for consideration a modeling protocol and Clearinghouse request to employ ADJ_U* in a combined FutureFuel/Entergy AERMOD dispersion analysis.

This protocol/request is awaiting the signature of ADEQ's Office of Air Quality Associate Director, Stuart Spencer, who is out of the office this week at a conference and will return Monday April 25, 2016. With Stuart's return next week we anticipate forwarding this protocol/request to both of you for consideration and desired concurrence submittal to the Model Clearinghouse. Please accept this message as an update to keep you abreast of our progress with this endeavor and I will follow-up with both of you next week.

Thank you in advance for your assistance,

David

David W. Clark, M.S.

Epidemiologist

Air Division – Planning & Air Quality Analysis Branch Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality

5301 Northshore Drive

North Little Rock, AR. 72118

U.S.A.

Voice: 501 682-0070

Fax: 501 682-0753

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To: Donaldson, Guy[Donaldson.Guy@epa.gov]

Cc: Snyder, Erik[snyder.erik@epa.gov]; Spencer, Stuart[SPENCER@adeq.state.ar.us]; Montgomery, William[Montgomery@adeq.state.ar.us]; McCorkle, Mark[MAC@adeq.state.ar.us]

From: Clark, David

Sent: Fri 1/20/2017 3:50:44 PM

Subject: RE: SO2 NAAQS Area Attainment Designation Recommendation for Counties in the State of

Arkansas

Guy,

Disregard that Governor's Letter, the Governor's office signed the wrong letter and the correct one will go to you soon.

David

David W. Clark, M.S.
Epidemiologist
Air Division – Planning & Air Quality Analysis Branch
Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality
5301 Northshore Drive
North Little Rock, AR. 72118
U.S.A.

Voice: 501 682-0070 Fax: 501 682-0753

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----Original Message-----

From: Clark, David

Sent: Friday, January 20, 2017 9:40 AM To: Guy Donaldson (donaldson.guy@epa.gov)

Cc: Snyder, Erik (snyder.erik@epa.gov); Spencer, Stuart (SPENCER@adeq.state.ar.us); Montgomery,

William; McCorkle, Mark

Subject: FW: SO2 NAAQS Area Attainment Designation Recommendation for Counties in the State of

Arkansas Importance: High

Guy,

Attached is the follow-up Arkansas Governor's SO2 Designations letter that Stuart mentions below. I am also putting a copy of this Governor's Letter and DVDs that contain the reports and modeling files in the postal mail to you.

David

David W. Clark, M.S.
Epidemiologist
Air Division – Planning & Air Quality Analysis Branch Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality 5301 Northshore Drive
North Little Rock, AR. 72118
U.S.A.
Voice: 501 682-0070

Voice: 501 682-0070 Fax: 501 682-0753

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----Original Message-----From: Spencer, Stuart

Sent: Friday, January 13, 2017 2:12 PM

To: 'Donaldson, Guy (Donaldson.Guy@epa.gov)'

Cc: 'Stenger, Wren (stenger.wren@epa.gov)'; Keogh, Becky; Montgomery, William; McCorkle, Mark;

'Coleman.Sam@epa.gov'; 'gray.david@epa.gov'; Clark, David

Subject: SO2 NAAQS Area Attainment Designation Recommendation for Counties in the State of

Arkansas

Importance: High

Guy,

I am pleased to attach for your review and consideration ADEQ's letter recommending an "unclassifiable/attainment" designation for Benton, Independence, and Mississippi Counties, as well as the accompanying modeling reports for the facilities in each of those counties with SO2 emissions greater than the EPA-determined threshold for review. I am attaching the reports for Plum Point and Flint Creek to this e-mail. I will send the Independence County report (Entergy Independence facility and FutureFuel Chemical Company) separately due to its size. An official Governor's letter will follow.

I appreciate our call on this issue earlier this week. Thank you, again, for your guidance and assistance.

Sincerely,

Stuart Spencer
Associate Director- Office of Air Quality Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality
5301 Northshore Drive
North Little Rock, AR 72118
Ph. # (501) 682-0750
Fax # (501) 682-0880

E-mail: SPENCER@adeq.state.ar.us Web: http://www.adeq.state.ar.us

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To: Donaldson, Guy[Donaldson.Guy@epa.gov]; Spencer, Stuart[SPENCER@adeq.state.ar.us]
Cc: Stenger, Wren[stenger.wren@epa.gov]; keogh@adeq.state.ar.us[keogh@adeq.state.ar.us];

Montgomery, William[Montgomery@adeq.state.ar.us]; McCorkle, Mark[MAC@adeq.state.ar.us];

Coleman, Sam[Coleman.Sam@epa.gov]; Gray, David[gray.david@epa.gov]

From: Clark, David

Sent: Tue 1/17/2017 2:09:08 PM

Subject: RE: SO2 NAAQS Area Attainment Designation Recommendation for Counties in the State of

Arkansas (Independence County Report)

Appendices for Independence County SO2 Modeling Analysis v8.1 FINAL (v15181).pdf

Guy,

Here are the appendices as one document for the Independence County Report, hopefully. David

David W. Clark, M.S. Epidemiologist Air Division – Planning & Air Quality Analysis Branch Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality 5301 Northshore Drive North Little Rock, AR. 72118 U.S.A.

Voice: 501 682-0070 Fax: 501 682-0753

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----Original Message----

From: Donaldson, Guy [mailto:Donaldson.Guy@epa.gov]

Sent: Friday, January 13, 2017 4:35 PM

To: Spencer, Stuart

Cc: Stenger, Wren; Keogh, Becky; Montgomery, William; McCorkle, Mark; Coleman, Sam; Gray, David;

Clark, David

Subject: RE: SO2 NAAQS Area Attainment Designation Recommendation for Counties in the State of Arkansas (Independence County Report)

Stuart,

I don't see anything attached.

----Original Message----

From: Spencer, Stuart [mailto:SPENCER@adeq.state.ar.us]

Sent: Friday, January 13, 2017 2:15 PM

To: Donaldson, Guy < Donaldson. Guy @epa.gov>

Cc: Stenger, Wren <stenger.wren@epa.gov>; keogh@adeq.state.ar.us; Montgomery, William <Montgomery@adeq.state.ar.us>; McCorkle, Mark <MAC@adeq.state.ar.us>; Coleman, Sam

<Coleman.Sam@epa.gov>; Gray, David <gray.david@epa.gov>; Clark, David

<CLARKD@adeq.state.ar.us>

Subject: SO2 NAAQS Area Attainment Designation Recommendation for Counties in the State of

Arkansas (Independence County Report)

Importance: High

Guy,

Please find attached the Independence County modeling report (Entergy Independence facility and FutureFuel Chemical Company).

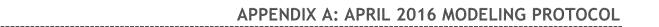
If you have any questions, please don't hesitate to contact me.

Sincerely,

Stuart Spencer
Associate Director- Office of Air Quality Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality 5301 Northshore Drive
North Little Rock, AR 72118
Ph. # (501) 682-0750
Fax # (501) 682-0880

E-mail: SPENCER@adeq.state.ar.us Web: http://www.adeq.state.ar.us

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April 27, 2016

Guy Donaldson Chief, Air Planning Section U.S. EPA Region 6 1445 Ross Avenue, Suite 1200 Dallas, Texas 75202–2733

Subject: Request to Use the Adjusted_U* Beta Option for the FutureFuel Chemical Company 1-Hour SO₂ NAAQS Modeling Project

Dear Mr. Donaldson:

Through this letter, the Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality (ADEQ) is asking the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (U.S. EPA) Region 6 (R6) to allow FutureFuel Chemical Company (FutureFuel) sited within Independence County, Arkansas to use EPA's proposed algorithm for adjusting the friction velocity (ADJ U*) within the AERMOD Modeling System. When AERMOD is run with a meteorological dataset derived from one-minute meteorological data, as is currently recommended by the U.S. EPA, low wind speeds are more prevalent than when the modeling system did not rely on one-minute meteorological data. The more frequent inclusion of data that includes low wind speeds have been linked to potential underestimates of friction velocity (U*) in AERMET and therefore, overestimates in ambient concentrations by AERMOD. The U.S. EPA recognized this potential underestimation in AERMET and released AERMET Version 12345 which included the beta option, ADJ U* and on July 29, 2015 the EPA also proposed the ADJ U* algorithm as part of a revision to their Appendix W of 40 CFR Part 51, Guideline on Air Quality Models (Appendix W). The ADJ U* beta option allows the friction velocity to be adjusted to better account for turbulence in the atmosphere during low wind speed stable conditions.

On June 3, 2010, the U.S. EPA set a 1-hour "primary" National Ambient Air Quality Standard for SO₂ at 75 parts per billion (ppb). On August 21, 2015, the U.S. EPA promulgated the 1-hour Sulfur Dioxide (SO₂) Data Requirements Rule (DRR) whereby states use predictive dispersion modeling or monitoring to evaluate specific contributors of SO₂ whose annual emissions exceed 2,000 tons per year (tpy). On January 8, 2016, ADEQ submitted a letter to the U.S. EPA R6 identifying sources as required by the SO₂ DRR that included FutureFuel with actual emissions of 3,174.31 tpy (2014 reporting year). Based on dispersion modeling, on September 11, 2015, ADEQ submitted 2010 SO₂ 1-hour NAAQS designations to the U.S. EPA R6. On February 11, 2016, ADEQ received a response from the U.S. EPA R6 outlining the U.S. EPA's preliminary

¹ Wenjun Qian and Akula Venkatram, "Performance of Styeady State Dispersion Models Under Low Wind-Speed Conditions," Boundary-Layer Meteorology, no. 138 (2011): 475-491.

response to identify Independence County, Arkansas as Unclassifiable based on insufficient information for a determination. To this end, FutureFuel and Entergy Independence Steam Electrical Station (Entergy), along with ADEQ, have undertaken a combined SO₂ predictive dispersion modeling project that considers both FutureFuel and Entergy emissions in the analysis.

Arkansas Regulation 19.412(A) requires applications of air quality modeling to be based on the requirements of Appendix W and 19.412(B) requires the applicant to receive written approval from the EPA for any modification or substitution. Section 3.2.2.b of Appendix W requires that the alternative approach is more appropriate than the preferred air quality model and also states that the request must meet at least one of three conditions, which are summarized below:

- 1. The alternative and preferred model provide equivalent estimates;
- 2. The alternative model outperforms the preferred model when comparing the results to actual air quality data; or
- 3. The preferred model is less appropriate or there is no preferred model for the given scenario.

As described in detail in FutureFuel's April 13, 2016 request to ADEQ (enclosed), ADEQ, FutureFuel and Entergy believe this request to the U.S. EPA meets the third criteria of Appendix W, Section 3.2.2.b. Because the U.S. EPA has noted that AERMOD has the potential to overestimate ambient concentrations during low wind speed conditions and has been developing the ADJ_U* algorithm since at least 2012 to help mitigate the problem, the U.S. EPA has now formally proposed the use of this algorithm on a routine basis² and has conducted a number of modeled to measured comparisons to support their proposal making the preferred model less appropriate for this situation. Appendix W, Section 3.2.2.e provides five criteria that must be met to use an alternative refined model. FutureFuel, Entergy and ADEQ have reviewed these five criteria and believe that within the context of this modeling project, applying ADJ_U* in AERMET to produce a meteorological file to be used in AERMOD will produce valid and more representative results for the modeling domain in the vicinity of the facility.

The detailed responses to each of the five criteria in Section 3.2.2.e are provided in Appendix A of FutureFuel's April 13, 2016 request to ADEQ. For 3.2.2.e.i (Scientific Peer Review), the use of an adjusted friction velocity in AERMOD has received substantial scientific peer review both within the U.S. EPA as well as by others in the scientific community. Regarding 3.2.2.e.ii (Applicable On A Theoretical Basis), when the threshold velocities of the National Weather Service anemometers were 1 meter per second (m/s) and greater the modeling community began to recognize that winds lower than 1 m/s would result in ambient concentration estimates that were not in line with ambient monitored values under the same conditions and that concentrations were inversely proportional to wind speed which greatly increased impacts at wind speeds below 1 m/s. More recently, many scientific studies have noted that Gaussian dispersion models tend to over predict concentrations at low wind speeds. To address 3.2.2.e.iii (Availability Of Databases), the databases applicable to this discussion are available and adequate. Section 3.2.2.e.iv (Demonstration Of No Bias Towards

_

² https://www3.epa.gov/ttn/scram/11thmodconf/9930-11-OAR_AppendixW_Proposal.pdf

Underestimates) is buttressed by a number of studies, including a U.S. EPA model performance evaluation, that show that the use of ADJ_U* has not shown any bias toward underestimating the ambient concentrations. For Section 3.2.2.e.v (A Protocol Has Been Established), the enclosed document serves as the modeling protocol and clearly identifies all of the data resources and modeling methodology being proposed for use in the before-mentioned SO2 Attainment analysis.

For the reasons described above and elaborated on in FutureFuel's request, please grant permission to use the ADJ_U* option in an ambient demonstration to be conducted in support of ADEQ's September 11, 2015 submittal of 2010 Sulfur dioxide (SO₂) 1-hour NAAQS designations to the EPA.

If you have any questions regarding this request, please contact me at (501) 683-0873 or spencer@adeq.state.ar.us or Mark McCorkle at (501) 682-0736 or mac@adeq.state.ar.us.

Sincerely,

Stuart Spencer Associate Director Office of Air Quality

Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality

cc: Erik Snyder, U.S. EPA Region 6



11225 Huron Lane | Suite 212 | Little Rock, AR 72211 | P (501) 225-6400 | F (501) 325-4488

trinityconsultants.com



VIA E-MAIL TO: mac@adeq.state.ar.us

April 13, 2016

Mark McCorkle Environmental Program Coordinator ADEQ, Office of Air Quality – Planning Branch 5301 Northshore Drive North Little Rock, AR 72118-5317

RE: FutureFuel Chemical Company (AFIN: 32-00036)

1-Hour SO₂ NAAQS Modeling Protocol

Dear Mr. McCorkle:

FutureFuel Chemical Company (FutureFuel) is a supplier of specialty organic chemical intermediates used in various manufacturing processes, and is located in Batesville, Arkansas. Per our recent discussions, FutureFuel has prepared the enclosed modeling protocol detailing how the 1-hour SO₂ NAAQS Attainment Demonstration will be conducted. The document is being provided for ADEQ's review and approval. Per our February 29 conference call with you and U.S. EPA, justification for the use of AERMOD model beta options, i.e., ADJ_U* met data, is included in Appendix A of the protocol.

FutureFuel is requesting that ADEQ provide written approval of this modeling protocol at their earliest convenience. Additionally, FutureFuel understands that ADEQ will submit the protocol to EPA for approval, including EPA Modeling Clearinghouse approval of the beta options. FutureFuel requests that we be copied on all correspondence to/from EPA regarding questions, comments, and approval of the protocol.

If you have any questions or comments about the information presented in this letter, please do not hesitate to contact me at (501) 225-6400 or via e-mail to cbuttry@trinityconsultants.com.

Sincerely,

TRINITY CONSULTANTS

Charles R. (Chuck) Buttry Regional Manager, Southeast

Enclosure: 1-Hour SO₂ NAAQS Modeling Protocol

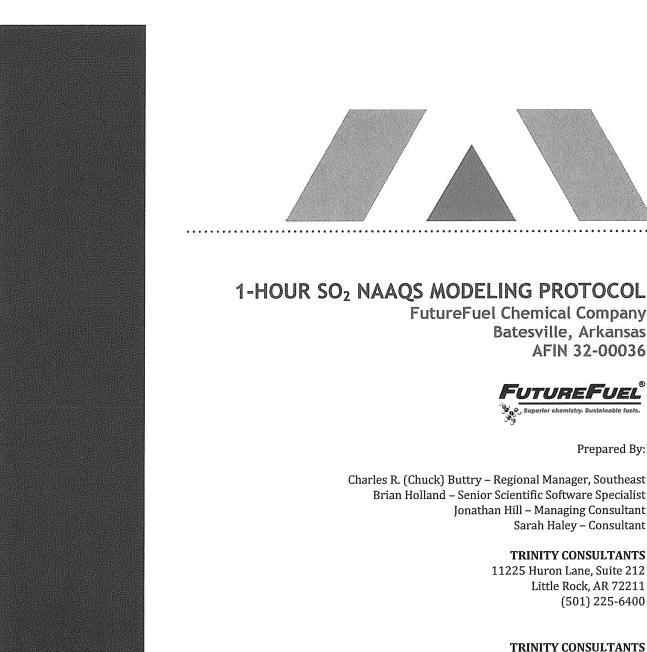
Chel R. Butty

cc: Mr. Philip Antici, FutureFuel Chemical Company (philipantici@ffcmail.com)

Ms. Ann Faitz, Faitz Law Firm (annfaitz@faitzlawfirm.com)

HEADQUARTERS > 12770 Merit Drive | Suite 900 | Dallas, TX 75251 | P (972) 661-8100 | F (972) 385-9203

USA | China | Middle East



11225 Huron Lane, Suite 212 Little Rock, AR 72211 (501) 225-6400

TRINITY CONSULTANTS

One Copley Parkway, Suite 310 Morrisville, NC 27560 (919) 462-9693

April 2016

Project 150401.0130



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FutureFuel Chemical Company | 1-Hour SO_2 NAAQS Modeling Protocol Trinity Consultants

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FutureFuel Chemical Company | 1-Hour SO_2 NAAQS Modeling Protocol Trinity Consultants

Under the final U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Sulfur Dioxide (SO_2) Data Requirements Rule (DRR) promulgated on August 21, 2015, state air agencies will seek SO_2 predictive modeling or actual monitoring information for categories of sources based on annual SO_2 emission rates. The focus of the final DRR is on areas with sources whose actual annual SO_2 emissions exceed 2,000 tons per year (tpy). EPA's rationale for using predictive dispersion modeling is the dearth of representative ambient SO_2 monitors and EPA's view that SO_2 is a "source-oriented" criteria pollutant that is relatively stable in the first few kilometers from the source. Thus, this rule directs agencies to focus on specific sources as the main contributors to SO_2 air quality impacts and the way to ascertain those potential source contributions will be through dispersion modeling.

On January 8, 2016, the Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality (ADEQ) submitted a letter to EPA Region 6 regarding SO_2 sources identified pursuant to 40 CFR 51.1202 as required by the DRR for the 1-hour SO_2 National Ambient Air Quality Standard (NAAQS). ADEQ identified FutureFuel Chemical Company (FutureFuel) as a source with actual annual SO_2 emissions of 2,000 tons or more for the 2014 reporting year (i.e., 3,174.31 tpy).

FutureFuel contracted with Trinity Consultants to prepare an SO₂ modeling protocol and complete an SO₂ modeling analysis according to the DRR. Per FutureFuel's discussion with the ADEQ, the FutureFuel modeling analysis will include the actual SO₂ emissions from the nearby Entergy Independence Steam Electric Station (Entergy). According to the March 2, 2015, agreement (Consent Decree) between U.S. EPA and environmental groups, ADEQ was required to designate the area around Entergy plant "early" (no later than July 2, 2016) since Entergy's Independence Station met the Consent Decree criteria. In support of this early designation, Entergy completed a modeling analysis of solely the Independence Station and submitted the results to ADEQ in the SO₂ Air Dispersion Modeling Report for Independence Steam Electric Station, ERM Project No. 0268066, dated August 2015 (the August 2015 report). On September 11, 2015, Governor Hutchinson recommended to EPA that Independence County be designated as "Unclassifiable/Attainment". This recommendation was based on the Entergy modeling analysis. Per ADEQ's request, FutureFuel will complete a combined SO₂ modeling analysis, considering both FutureFuel and Entergy emissions in their analysis.

The 1-hour SO_2 characterization modeling will adhere to the following guidance documents: the February 2016 " SO_2 NAAQS Designations Modeling Technical Assistance Document" (TAD) issued in draft form by the EPA, the final DRR for the 2010 1-hour SO_2 primary NAAQS, and any direction received from the ADEQ Air Division Planning Branch. The 1-hour SO_2 characterization modeling will be conducted using AERMOD (version 15181) using default model options (unless otherwise noted in this document), meteorological data from 2012-2014 as described in Section 3.5, and the actual 2012-2014 emissions rates discussed in Section 3.3. Modeled concentrations will be predicted over the extensive receptor grid described in Section 3.6, and will include an ambient background concentration as described in Section 3.4.

The modeled concentrations predicted by AERMOD (including background) will be calculated based on the form of the 1-hour SO_2 NAAQS. The total design concentration will be compared to the 1-hour SO_2 primary NAAQS to determine if the area surrounding FutureFuel and Entergy should be designated as attainment or non-attainment.

The results of the analysis will be documented in a report submitted to ADEQ, which will also include a complete electronic modeling archive on CD.

This section presents a description of the FutureFuel facility location and site characteristics required as part of the air dispersion modeling evaluation.

2.1. FACILITY LOCATION

FutureFuel is located approximately 12 kilometers (km) southeast of Batesville in Independence County, Arkansas. Figure 2-1 provides a map of the area surrounding FutureFuel's property. The approximate central Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM) coordinates of the facility are 633,080 meters (m) east and 3,953,700 m north in Zone 15 [North American Datum 1983 (NAD 83)]. As shown in Figure 2-1, the facility is located in a very rural area of the White River valley, comprised of mixed forest and agricultural land with flat, rolling and hilly terrain all nearby.

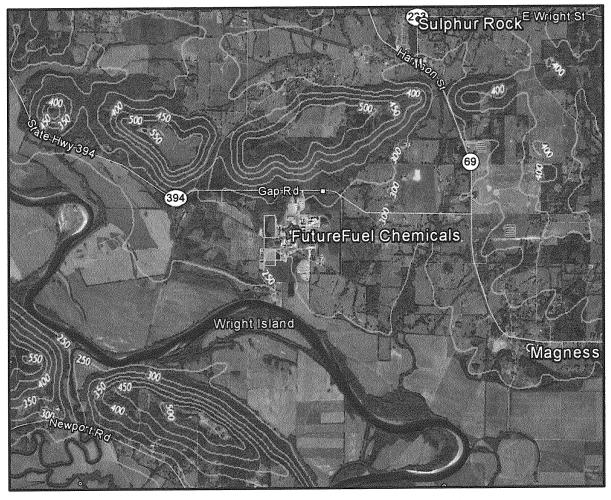


Figure 2-1. Aerial Map of Area Surrounding FutureFuel Facility

Figure 2-2 shows the relative locations of FutureFuel and Entergy. Entergy is located approximately 11.4 kilometers southeast of FutureFuel and is in an area of generally flat terrain.

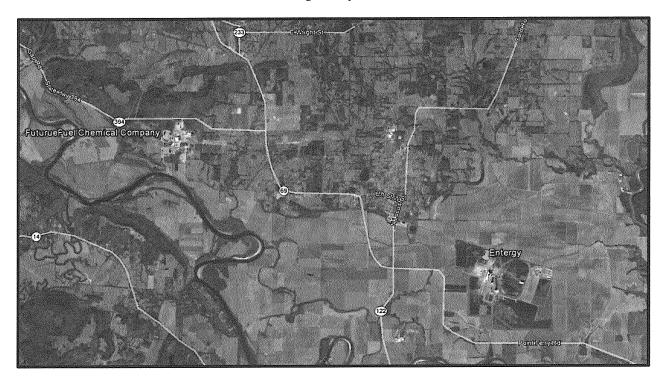


Figure 2-2 Relative Locations of FutureFuel and Entergy

Figure 2-3 shows an aerial map of FutureFuel with the SO_2 sources labeled. Figure 2-4 presents a plot plan of FutureFuel showing the major buildings and SO_2 sources. Refer to Entergy's August 2015 report for more details about their site and SO_2 emissions.

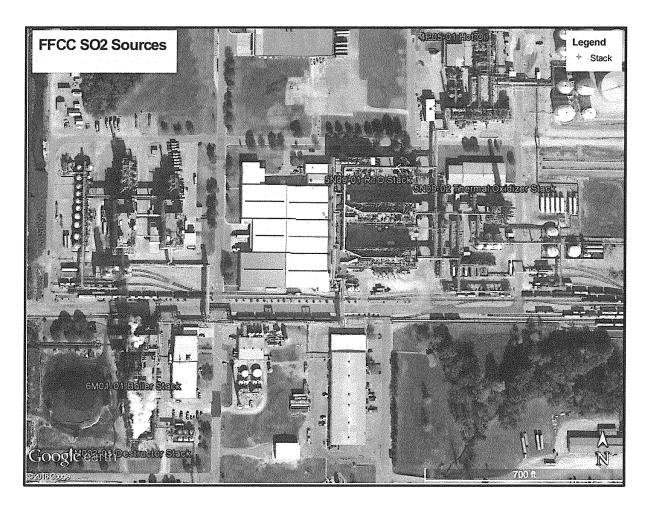
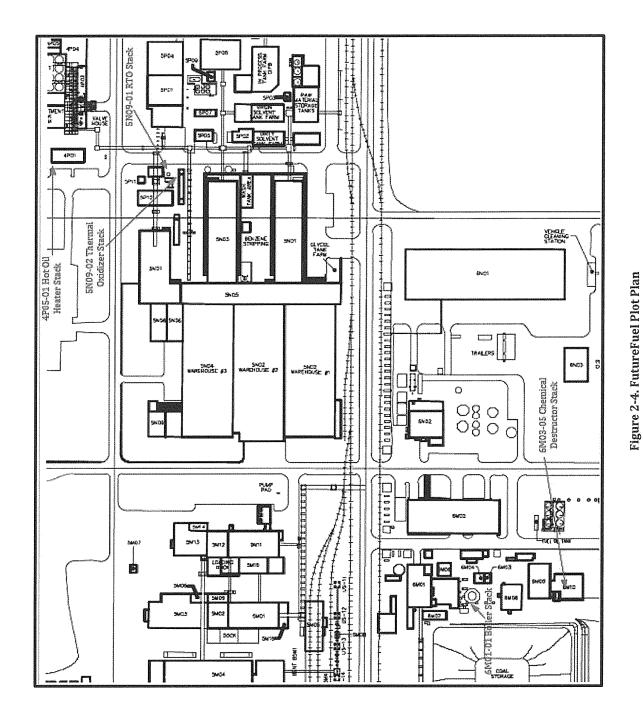


Figure 2-3. Aerial Map of FutureFuel Facility



FutureFuel Chemical Company | 1-Hour SO₂ NAAQS Modeling Protocol Trinity Consultants

This section presents the input data and modeling methodology that will be utilized in the SO₂ NAAQS modeling demonstration. The modeling methodology generally conforms to the Modeling TAD.¹

3.1. MODEL SELECTION

Modeling will be performed for the 1-hour SO_2 analysis following the Modeling TAD. The AERMOD Model Version 15181², the most current version released by EPA on July 24, 2015 on the Support Center for Regulatory Air Modeling (SCRAM) website³, will be used to perform the dispersion modeling. The proposed update to EPA's modeling guidance in the form of the *Guideline on Air Quality Models*⁴, was released on July 15, 2015 via the EPA technical website.⁵

3.2. SOURCE DESCRIPTION

All SO_2 emitting sources at FutureFuel will be modeled except for five very small SO_2 sources (less than 3.8 lb/hr total) and per EPA's clarification memorandum, intermittent emergency sources such as an emergency dieselfired generator and fire water pump engines.⁶ The modeled sources account for 98.5% of allowable SO_2 emissions from the facility. Additionally, SO_2 emitting sources from the nearby Entergy plant will be modeled. Table 3-1 presents a table of the sources that will be modeled and their locations. All locations are expressed in UTM Zone 15 coordinates.

¹ https://www3.epa.gov/airquality/sulfurdioxide/pdfs/SO2ModelingTAD.pdf

² Stated by U.S. EPA to be part of the docket at Docket ID No. EPA-HQ-OAR-2015-0310 and available as of date of submittal of this report.

³ http://www.epa.gov/ttn/scram/dispersion_prefrec.htm#aermod

⁴ Guideline on Air Quality Models. Appendix W to 40 CFR Parts 51 and 52. Federal Register, November 9, 2005. pp. 68217-68261.

 $^{^{5}\} https://www3.epa.gov/ttn/scram/11thmodconf/9930-11-OAR_AppendixW_Proposal.pdf$

⁶ https://www3.epa.gov/ttn/scram/guidance/clarification/Additional_Clarifications_AppendixW_Hourly-NO2-NAAQS_FINAL_03-01-2011.pdf

Table 3-1. Modeled Source Locations

Model ID	Description	UTM-E (m)	UTM-N (m)	Elevation (m)
FF_5N091	RTO	633,660.39	3,953,915.79	81.94
FF_6M01	Coal Fired Boilers	633,343.50	3,953,692.29	83.57
FF_6M03	Chemical Waste Destructor	633,336.15	3,953,628.65	81.50
FF_4P05	Hot Oil System	633,692.56	3,954,022.81	83.40
FF_5N092	Thermal Oxidizer/Caustic Scrubber	633,629.84	3,953,907.38	83.86
EN_SN01	Entergy Unit 1 Boiler	644,086.7	3,949,432.5	71.52
EN_SN02	Entergy Unit 2 Boiler	644,089.8	3,949,441.4	71.53
EN_SN05	Entergy Auxiliary Boiler	644,064.1	3,949,338.7	71.46
EN_SN20	Entergy Emergency Diesel Generator	643,993.0	3,949,472.0	71.58
EN_SN21	Entergy Emergency Diesel Fire Pump	644,011.0	3,949,296.0	71.43

All modeled sources are point sources and Table 3-2 presents the stack parameters that will be input to the model for each of the sources. Sources EN_SN20 and EN_SN21 discharge horizontally and as such will be modeled with a minimal exit velocity (0.001 m/s).

Table 3-2. Modeled Source Parameters

Model ID	Stack Height (m)	Stack Temperature (K)		
FF_5N091	18.29	390.31	9.63	2.44
FF_6M01	60.96	485.26	14.42	2.74
FF_6M03	26.57	357.93	12.18	1.22
FF_4P05	5.20	477.60	2.70	0.46
FF_5N092	7.62	345.15	9.27	0.24
EN_SN01	304.8	433.71	27.43	7.83
EN_SN02	304.8	433.71	27.43	7.83
EN_SN05	4.57	519.26	19.81	0.91
EN_SN20	4.27	790.54	0.001	0.25
EN_SN21	4.27	644.26	0.001	0.13

3.3. MODELED EMISSION RATES

As described in the Modeling TAD, attainment modeling demonstrations are intended to represent actual facility emissions. Four of the five FutureFuel units will use actual monthly average emissions data for the 2012-2014 period. For the lowest emitting unit (Thermal Oxidizer, Model ID 5N09_02), the maximum hourly allowable permit limit (3.0 lb/hr SO₂) was modeled as a worst-case. Three of the Entergy units (Model ID EN_SN01, EN_SN02, and EN_SN05) will use actual hourly emissions data for the 2012-2014 model. The emergency fire pump (Model ID EN_SN20) and emergency generator (Model ID EN_SN21) at Entergy will use variable emission rates based on actual engine testing times as described in Entergy's August 2015 report. The EMISFACT option in AERMOD will be utilized to supply the varying monthly emission rates for the units with monthly emission rate data and to supply Entergy's emergency units with the variable emission rates for weekly testing times. Table 3-3 shows the annual average hourly emission rate for the FutureFuel sources for comparative purposes.

Table 3-3. Average Hourly Modeled SO₂ Emission Rates

Model ID	2012 Average Emission Rate (lb/hr)	2013 Average Emission Rate (lb/hr)	2014 Average Emission Rate (lb/hr)
FF_5N091	0.09	0.09	0.05
FF_6M01	561.53	604.68	697.43
FF_6M03	2.53	4.41	3.49
FF_4P05	0.00005	0.00006	0.00006
FF_5N092	3.00	3.00	3.00

Note: The Entergy emission rates are described in their August 2015 report.

3.4. BACKGROUND CONCENTRATIONS

NAAQS modeling demonstrations typically include impacts from the applicant's facility and a background concentration from a representative ambient monitor. When including background concentrations, the potential for double-counting exists, where impacts from explicitly modeled sources may also be included in the concentration measured by the ambient monitor. In their "Clarification Memorandum for 1-hour NO₂ Modeling" (herein referred to as 1-hour NO₂ Guidance), EPA provides a general "rule-of-thumb" for estimating the area over which regional inventory sources should be included. That section of the guidance goes on to suggest that for most applications, the inclusion of nearby sources within about 10 km would be sufficient. This guidance is based on the concept of "significant concentration gradient" in which modeled impacts from a given facility are reviewed to determine how quickly concentrations diminish out from the site. Although Entergy is over 11 km from FutureFuel, the SO₂ emissions from Entergy will be included in the model.

Ambient background data from the closest SO_2 monitor, located in Little Rock (Monitor ID# 05-119-0007), will be used to represent other sources of SO_2 in the background. The only other SO_2 monitor in Arkansas is located in El Dorado in the southern portion of the state. EPA Guidance allows the inclusion of background values that vary by season and hour of day that could simulate a lower value than the 99^{th} percentile design value from the monitor. The modeling will be performed with a set of seasonal diurnal values developed using methodology described in the 1-hour NO_2 Guidance which addresses NO_2 modeling and the process for developing seasonal diurnal background values for SO_2 . Table 3-4 shows the seasonal diurnal values that will be used in the model.

Table 3-4. Seasonal Diurnal SO₂ Concentrations at Little Rock Monitor

Hour	Winter (μg/m³)	Spring (µg/m³)	Summer (µg/m³)	Fall (µg/m³)
1	6.89	5.67	4.80	5.50
2	7.85	5.32	4.28	6.19
3	7.33	6.19	4.45	6.02
4	6.89	5.76	4.19	4.71
5	8.55	4.97	4.19	5.15
6	9.60	4.80	5.41	5.85
7	9.60	6.28	5.50	6.63
8	8.99	5.24	6.11	6.54
9	7.50	6.46	7.68	7.85
10	8.38	8.20	7.42	9.07
11	9.16	8.46	9.95	8.20
12	10.73	15.09	10.38	9.34
13	9.69	11.08	10.91	11.17
14	10.56	9.34	9.86	9.51
15	10.03	8.20	13.18	9.95
16	9.42	7.94	9.34	10.47
17	7.15	9.86	11.08	9.16
18	7.50	7.42	9.69	7.24
19	9.25	6.37	9.86	6.98
20	12.30	6.54	8.73	5.93
21	9.07	6.02	6.19	6.28
22	6.11	8.99	5.76	5.67
23	6.46	7.07	5.67	5.85
24	7.24	6.81	5.41	6.11

Figure 3-1 shows the relative locations of the FutureFuel facility, Entergy, the meteorological site and the SO_2 monitor.

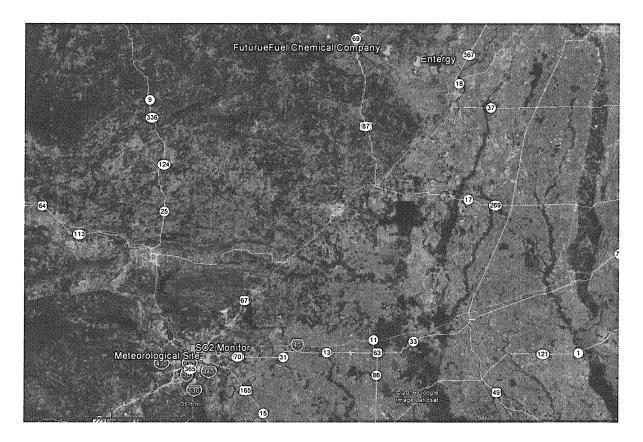


Figure 3-1. Relative Locations of FutureFuel Facility, Entergy, Meteorological Site, and SO₂ Monitor

3.5. METEOROLOGICAL DATA

AERMOD-ready meteorological data for the period 2012-2014 was prepared using the latest version of the EPA's AERMET meteorological processing utility (version 15181) and will be used for this analysis. Standard EPA meteorological data processing guidance was used as outlined in a recent memorandum⁷ and other documentation.

3.5.1. Surface Data

Raw hourly surface meteorological data was obtained from the U.S. National Climatic Data Center (NCDC) for Little Rock Clinton National Airport/Adams Field (KLIT, WMO ID: 722310) in the standard ISHD format. This data was supplemented with TD-6405 (commonly referred to as "1-minute ASOS") wind data from KLIT. The 1-

⁷ Fox, Tyler, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. 2013. "Use of ASOS Meteorological Data in AERMOD Dispersion Modeling." Available Online: http://www.epa.gov/ttn/scram/guidance/clarification/20130308 Met Data Clarification.pdf

minute wind data was processed using the latest version of the EPA AERMINUTE pre-processing tool (version 15272). Quality of the 1-minute data was verified by comparison to the hourly ISHD data from KLIT, which showed only small differences typical of 1-minute and hourly wind data comparisons. The "Ice-Free Winds Group (IFWG)" option was utilized in AERMINUTE due to the fact that a sonic anemometer was installed at KLIT on May 21, 2009. ⁸ As such, the IFWG option was engaged for the full 2012-2014 period. Figure 3-2 shows the distribution of wind speed and direction for the site.

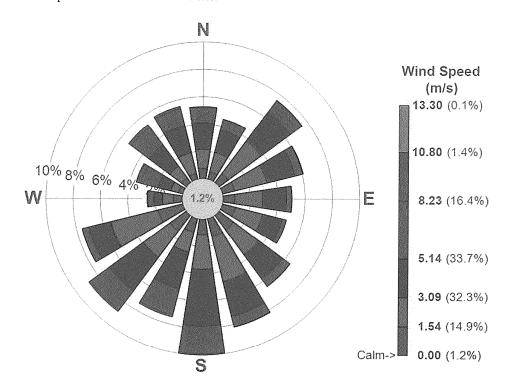


Figure 3-2. 2012-2014 Wind Rose for Little Rock Airport (KLIT)

3.5.2. Upper Air Data

In addition to surface meteorological data, AERMET requires the use of data from a sunrise-time upper air sounding to estimate daytime mixing heights. The nearest U.S. National Weather Service (NWS) upper-air radiosonde station is located in Little Rock, AR (LZK). Upper air data for the same 2012-2014 time period were obtained from the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) in FSL format.⁹

⁸ http://www.nws.noaa.gov/ops2/Surface/documents/IFW_stat.pdf

⁹ http://esrl.noaa.gov/raobs/

3.5.3. Land Use Analysis

Parameters derived from the analysis of land use data (surface roughness, Bowen ratio, and albedo) are also required by AERMET. In accordance with EPA guidance, these values will be determined using the latest version of the EPA AERSURFACE tool (version 13016). The AERSUFACE settings that will be used for processing are summarized in Table 3-5. The met station coordinates were determined by visually identifying the met station in Google Earth. NLCD 1992 (CONUS) Land Cover data that will be used in AERSURFACE processing was obtained from the Multi-Resolution Land Use Consortium (MRLC).

EPA recommendations were used to specify the area used for the AERSURFACE analysis. Surface roughness was estimated based on land use within a 1 km radius of the meteorological station, with directional variation in roughness accounted for by dividing that circle into sectors with common landuse types. By default, AERSURFACE assumes twelve 30-degree landuse sectors. In cases where the landuse is uniform, that is an acceptable approach. However, in the case of the LIT airport, there are four (4) directional sectors with truly distinct landuse categories. Figure 3-3 shows the wind direction sectors input to AERSURFACE for the surface roughness portion of the landuse analysis.

¹⁰ U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. 2013. "AERSURFACE User's Guide." EPA-454/B-08-001, Revised 01/16/2013. Available Online: http://www.epa.gov/scram001/7thconf/aermod/aersurface_userguide.pdf

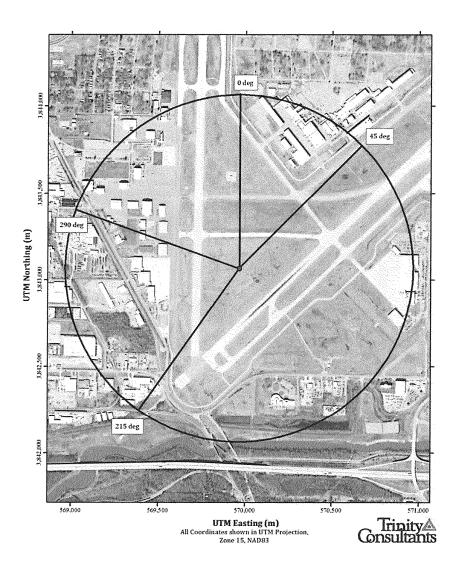


Figure 3-3. AERSURFACE Land Use Sector Analysis

Albedo and Bowen ratio are regional parameters and were estimated within AERSURFACE, based on the default 10x10 km box centered on the meteorological station.

EPA guidance dictates that on at least an annual basis, precipitation at a surface site should be classified as wet, dry, or average in comparison to the 30-year climatological record at the site. This determination is used to adjust the Bowen ratio estimated by AERSURFACE. To make the determination, annual precipitation in each

modeled year (2012-2014) was compared to the 1981-2010 climatological record for KLIT. 11 The 30th and 70th percentile values of the annual precipitation distribution from 1981-2010 were calculated. Per EPA guidance, each modeled year was classified for AERSUFACE processing as "wet" if its annual precipitation was higher than the 70th percentile value, "dry" if its annual precipitation was lower than the 30th percentile value, and "average" if it was between the 30th and 70th percentile values. The values that will be used in this case are included in Table 3-5.

The site location does not experience meteorological seasons like the default seasonal categories in AERSURFACE, therefore the monthly categories were modified to better represent the meteorological seasons the site experiences. The modified seasons are shown in Table 3-6.

Table 3-5. AERSURFACE Input Parameters

AERSURFACE Parameter	Value				
Met Station Latitude	34.727266				
Met Station Longitude	-92.235811				
Datum	NAD 1983				
Radius for surface roughness (km)	1.0				
Vary by Sector?	Yes				
Number of Sectors	4 (0-45, 45-215, 215-290, 290-360)				
Temporal Resolution	Seasonal				
Continuous Winter Snow Cover?	No				
Station Located at Airport?	Yes				
Arid Region?	No				
Surface Moisture Classification	Dry (2012), Wet (2013), Average (2014)				

Table 3-6 Modified AERSURFACE Seasons

Seasonal Category	Season Description	Month Assignments
1	Midsummer with lush vegetation	May, Jun, Jul, Aug, Sept
2	Autumn with unharvested cropland	Oct, Nov
3	Late autumn after frost and harvest, or winter with no snow	Dec, Jan, Feb
5	Transitional spring with partial green coverage or short annuals	Mar, Apr

¹¹ National Climatic Data Center. 2010 Local Climatological Data (LCD), (KMSY).

3.5.4. AERMET Processing Options

EPA released AERMET Version 12345 which included a beta option, ADJ_U*, to better account for turbulence in the atmosphere during low wind speed stable conditions. Subsequent releases of AERMET have incorporated modifications to the ADJ_U* formulation to better address micrometeorological refinements (e.g. Bulk Richardson Number, low solar elevation angles). The ADJ_U* option adjusts the surface friction velocity parameter (U*) used by AERMET in certain low wind speed situations. This option, based on a peer-reviewed study¹², was added to AERMET by EPA to address the tendency of AERMET/AERMOD to underestimate dispersion and thus overestimate ground-level pollutant concentrations for low-level sources under low wind speed conditions, especially for shorter-term averaging periods. Given the refined nature of this beta option and the peer reviewed studies which have acknowledged its accuracy, including EPA, FutureFuel has incorporated this AERMET option. A detailed justification for the use of ADJ_U* is contained in Appendix A.

The AERMET data processing procedure utilized regulatory default options in this case^{13,14} with the exception of the ADJ_U* option. The options selected include:

- > MODIFY keyword for upper air data
- > THRESH_1MIN 0.5 keyword to provide a lower bound of 0.5 m/s for 1-minute wind data
- > AUDIT keywords to provide additional QA/QC and diagnostic information
- ASOS1MIN keyword to incorporate 1-minute wind data
- NWS_HGT WIND 10 keyword to designate the anemometer height as 10 meters
- > METHOD WIND_DIR RANDOM keyword to correct for any wind direction rounding in the raw ISHD data
- > METHOD REFLEVEL SUBNWS keyword to allow use of airport surface station data
- > Default substitution options for cloud cover and temperature data were not overridden
- > Default ASOS_ADJ option for correction of truncated wind speeds was not overridden
- > ADI_U* beta option was used

3.6. MODELED RECEPTORS

A comprehensive Cartesian receptor grid extending out to approximately 20 kilometers from FutureFuel and Entergy will be used in the AERMOD modeling analysis to assess maximum ground level 1-hour SO_2 concentrations. The Modeling TAD states that the receptor grid must be sufficient to determine ambient air quality in the vicinity of the source being studied. Preliminary modeling analyses were conducted to determine appropriate extents for the modeled receptor grids, which will consist of the following:

- > 50-meter spacing along both the facilities fencelines (fenceline grids);
- > 100-meter spacing extending from the Entergy fenceline to 5 kilometers (Entergy fine grid);
- > 100-meter spacing extending from the FutureFuel fenceline to 7 kilometers (FutureFuel fine grid);
- > 200-meter spacing extending from 7 to 10 kilometers around FutureFuel (FutureFuel medium grid); and
- > 500-meter spacing extending from 10 to 20 kilometers around FutureFuel (FutureFuel coarse grid); and

¹² Qian and Venkatram. 2011. "Performance of Steady-State Dispersion Models Under Low Wind-Speed Conditions." Boundary-Layer Meteorology, Volume 138, Issue 3, pp 475-491.

Fox, Tyler, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. 2013. "Use of ASOS Meteorological Data in AERMOD Dispersion Modeling." Available Online: http://www.epa.gov/ttn/scram/guidance/clarification/20130308 Met Data Clarification.pdf

¹⁴ U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. 2014. "User's Guide for the AERMOD Meteorological Preprocessor (AERMET)". EPA-454/B-03-002, November 2004).

1,000-meter spacing extending out 20 kilometers around both facilities (Overall coarse grid).

The above receptor data will be used without modification in the modeling. Per the Modeling TAD, a number of receptors located over the White River could be excluded from the modeling domain because ambient monitors could not reasonably be placed at these locations, but these receptors will be retained in this analysis as a measure of conservatism.

The AERMOD model is capable of handling both simple and complex terrain. Through the use of the AERMOD terrain preprocessor (AERMAP), AERMOD incorporates not only the receptor heights, but also an effective height (hill height scale) that represents the significant terrain features surrounding a given receptor that could lead to plume recirculation and other terrain interaction. Receptor terrain elevations input to the model will be interpolated from National Elevation Database (NED) data obtained from the USGS. NED data consist of arrays of regularly spaced elevations. The array elevations will be at a resolution of 1 arc second (approximately 30 m intervals) and will be interpolated using the latest version of AERMAP (version 11103) to determine elevations at the defined receptor intervals. The receptor grids that will be modeled are shown in Figure 3-4.

15 US EPA-Users Guide for the AERMOD Terrain Preprocessor (AERMAP), EPA-454/B-03-003, Research Triangle Park, NC.

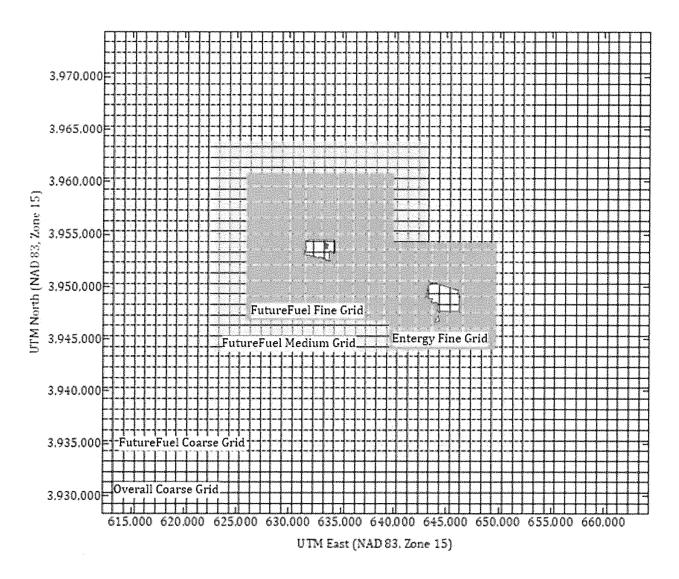


Figure 3-4. Receptor Grids

3.7. BUILDING DOWNWASH

AERMOD incorporates the Plume Rise Model Enhancements (PRIME) downwash algorithms. Direction specific building parameters required by AERMOD are calculated using the BPIP-PRIME preprocessor (version 04274). Downwash effects will be considered through the use of this program.

EPA has promulgated stack height regulations that restrict the use of stack heights in excess of "Good Engineering Practice" (GEP) in air dispersion modeling analyses. Under these regulations, that portion of a stack in excess of the GEP height is generally not creditable when modeling to determine source impacts. This essentially prevents the use of excessively tall stacks to reduce ground-level pollutant concentrations. However, since the DRR modeling process is determining attainment for the area around a facility, the TAD document appropriately recommends that actual stack heights be used.

APPENDIX A: USE OF ADJ_U* IN FUTUREFUEL SO2 DISPERSION MODELING

When AERMOD is run with a meteorological dataset derived from one-minute meteorological data as is currently recommended by U.S. EPA, low wind speeds are much more prevalent than in prior versions of the modeling system that did not rely on one-minute meteorological data. These low wind speeds have been linked to potential overestimates in ambient concentrations by AERMOD.¹⁶ These overestimates occur, in part, due to an underestimate of friction velocity (u*) by the AERMET meteorological processor. U.S. EPA recognized this underestimation as a potential issue with AERMET and released AERMET Version 12345 which included a beta option, ADJ_U*. The ADJ_U* beta option allows the friction velocity (u*) to be adjusted using the methods of Qian and Venkatram¹⁷ to better account for turbulence in the atmosphere during low wind speed stable conditions. This beta option was updated to incorporate a modified Bulk Richardson Number methodology in version 13350, was further modified to adjust u* for low solar elevation angles with version 14134, and was most recently used to modify the calculation of the turbulence measure, Monin-Obukhov length in Version 15181.¹⁸ Given the refined nature of this beta option and the peer reviewed studies which have acknowledged its accuracy, FutureFuel is proposing to incorporate this option into the modeling analysis to allow more representative and more accurate modeling results.

The U.S. EPA has proposed to make the ADJ_U* option a regulatory default in the forthcoming revisions to the Guideline, 19 Currently, however, the u* option is not a default option in AERMOD, the combined use of AERMOD plus the u* adjustment in the meteorology file (generated by AERMET) would no longer have "preferred" status in the sense that it is a model to be used for regulatory purposes without additional regulatory authority approval. To substantiate that the adjusted friction velocity option in AERMOD is a valid model to use in this situation, Section 3.2 of Appendix W describes steps to be considered to allow the use of the u* adjusted AERMOD as an acceptable alternative model. The section also describes criteria for determining the acceptability of an alternative model. Section 3.2.2.b states that satisfying any one of the three alternative conditions may make use of an alternative model acceptable. Condition 1 states that the alternative model will demonstrate equivalency. But in this case the AERMOD Model is the preferred model of choice with just an option change (making it alternative). Because the model cannot have a demonstration of equivalency to itself and the option change will result in different results, this condition is not applicable. This leaves the satisfaction of Conditions 2 and 3 as criteria to accept the u* option in AERMOD. Condition 2 requires the formal submittal of a protocol to allow demonstration of superior performance which is acceptable to the control agency and to FutureFuel. This type of study would require appropriate ambient air quality monitoring and side-by-side modeling and comparisons which are well beyond the scope of this modeling demonstration.

Thus, Condition 3 was reviewed and followed along with the individual criteria to meet its requirements. Section 3.2.2.e states that an alternative refined model may be used provided that five criteria are met. These are:

http://www.epa.gov/ttn/scram/7thconf/aermod/AERMET mcb6.pdf

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¹⁶ Wenjun Qian and Akula Venkatram, "Performance of Steady State Dispersion Models Under Low Wind-Speed Conditions," Boundary-Layer Meteorology, no. 138 (2011): 475-491.

¹⁷ Ibid.

¹⁸ http://www.epa.gov/ttn/scram/7thconf/aermod/aermet mcb3.txt; http://www.epa.gov/ttn/scram/7thconf/aermod/aermet mcb4.txt; http://www.epa.gov/ttn/scram/7thconf/aermod/AERMET mcb5.pdf;

¹⁹ https://www3.epa.gov/ttn/scram/11thmodconf/9930-11-OAR_AppendixW_Proposal.pdf

- i. The model has received a scientific peer review;
- ii. The model can be demonstrated to be applicable to the problem on a theoretical basis;
- iii. The data bases which are necessary to perform the analysis are available and adequate;
- iv. Appropriate performance evaluations of the model have shown that the model is not biased towards underestimates; and
- v. A protocol on methods and procedures to be followed has been established.

Review of these criteria as well as the responses to each within the context of modeling for FutureFuel have shown the use of the u* option, as generated by AERMET in the meteorological file and used in AERMOD, to be valid and representative for the modeling domain in the vicinity of the facility. The response to each criteria is given in the following Appendix A subsections.

CRITERIA 3.2.2.e.i - SCIENTIFIC PEER REVIEW

The use of an adjusted friction velocity in AERMOD has received scientific peer review and been evaluated both by U.S. EPA modelers as well as others in the scientific and modeling community. Three examples are:

- The paper entitled "Performance of Steady-State Dispersion Models Under Low Wind-Speed Conditions" by Wenjun Qian and Akula Venkatram, Boundary Layer Meteorology, Volume 138, pp 475-491, 2011. This paper examined the AERMOD Model to estimate dispersion under low wind speed events. Two tracer studies, the Prairie Grass Experiment and the Idaho Falls experiment, were compared to the use of AERMOD with and without u* adjustments. The analysis reports that the tendency of AERMOD to overestimate ambient air impacts during low wind speed events was reduced by incorporating an empirical modification. This modification is incorporated into the AERMET program through the ADJ_U* keyword. This option generates the enhanced friction velocity datasets on a low wind speed, stable atmosphere, hour-by-hour basis. Also in his email memorandum dated June 26, 2013, George Bridgers of the U.S. EPA's Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards, notes that "The AERMET BETA option is based on a peer reviewed study (Qian and Venkatram, 2011) which also includes independent evaluations of the new u-star estimates...".
- In his April 23, 2013 presentation at the Regional/State/Local Modeling Meeting in Dallas, Texas, Roger Brode showed "improved AERMOD performance" when including the u* adjustment. The figures below from Mr. Brode's presentation demonstrate the enhanced performance of AERMOD for two field data bases, namely the Oak Ridge Study and the Idaho Falls Study. The closer the points are to the center line of each graph, the better the model performance.

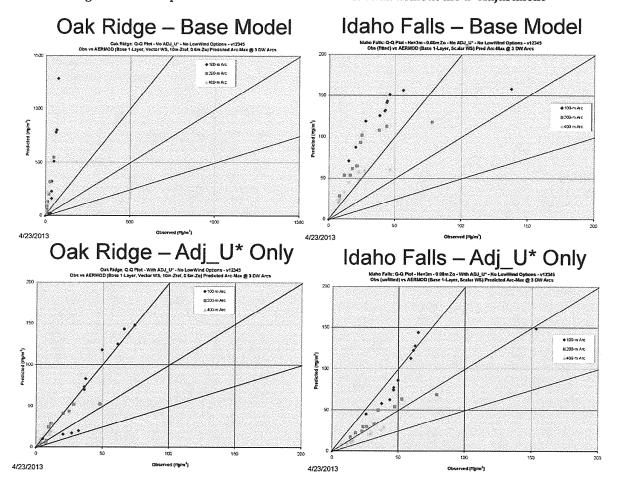


Figure A-1. Comparison of the AERMOD Model with and without the u* Adjustment

The paper entitled "Evaluation of low wind modeling approaches for two tall-stack databases" by Robert Paine, Olga Samani, Mary Kaplan, Eladio Knipping and Naresh Kumar, Journal of the Air & Waste Management Association, 65:11, 1341-1353. This paper evaluates model performance for the LOWWIND options in AERMET and AERMOD for two databases: Mercer County, North Dakota and Gibson Power Station in Indiana. Since the Indiana database is in an area with flat terrain, it is not applicable to this modeling analysis. However, the North Dakota databases consists of tall stacks in rolling terrain, including monitor locations at elevations above stack base elevation, which is similar to the terrain surrounding the FutureFuel Chemical site. As shown in Table 4 of the paper, the predicted/observed impact ratios where improved from 2.20 to 1.53 for the monitor location (DGC #17) in the elevated terrain surrounding the sources.

CRITERIA 3.2.2.e.ii - APPLICABLE ON A THEORETICAL BASIS

Over the past several years many scientific studies have noted that Gaussian dispersion models tend to over predict concentrations at low wind speeds. In the early days of dispersion modeling when the threshold velocities of the National Weather Service anemometers were a few miles per hour, the common use of 1 m/s as

the lowest wind speed that would be considered in the model was prevalent. The modeling community recognized that winds lower than that would result in ambient concentration estimates that were not coincidental with ambient monitored values at these same low wind speed conditions. Because concentration is inversely proportional to wind speed, impacts increase greatly as wind speeds fall below 1 m/s. In addition, other studies and field research showed that winds tend to meander during low wind speeds, meaning that the wind was not in only one direction during the time step of the Gaussian models, namely one hour, but tended to change over the time step. The relationship between this phenomenon and the friction velocity calculations in AERMET determined that adjusting the u* could have the same effect as adjusting plume meander and was better estimated empirically (as demonstrated in the peer reviewed paper by Qian and Venkatram).

In reviewing the frequency distribution of winds from the Little Rock, AR Airport for the period of record of this modeling analysis, the number of hours in the range of $0.28 \, \text{m/s}$ (the lower limit where AERMOD will make a calculation) and $3.1 \, \text{m/s}$ wind speed is $12,414 \, \text{hours}$ over the three year period of record or 47.2%. In fact, the observed wind speeds are less than $2 \, \text{m/s}$ for $6,327 \, \text{hours}$ (24.1%) over the $2012-2014 \, \text{modeling}$ period. The overall distribution is shown in Table A-1. As previously discussed, the incorporation of the $1 \, \text{minute}$ ASOS wind observations has greatly reduced the number of calm (and thus unmodeled) hours and replaced them in many cases with low wind speed hours. Thus, the consideration of better science in terms of the u^* adjustment is applicable and reasonable given this relatively high frequency of low wind occurrences.

Table A-1. Distribution of Hourly Observations by Wind Speed and Wind Direction

Dir \ Spd	<= 1.54	<= 3.09	<= 5.14	<= 8.23	<= 10.80	> 10.80	Total
0.0	0.74	1.41	1.95	1.11	0.07	0.00	
22.5	0.55	1.49	1.69	0.79	0.02	0.00	f
45.0	0.84	2.98	2.65	1.03	0.03	0.00	7.53
67.5	0.94	2.43	2.13	0.55	0.02	0.03	6.10
90.0	0.87	2.03	1.76	0.37	0.02	0.00	5.05
112.5	1.00	2.06	1.46	0.29	0.01	0.00	4.83
135.0	1.35	2.29	2.19	0.66	0.03	0.00	6.51
157.5	1.35	3.45	2.60	0.76	0.04	0.00	8.21
180.0	1.13	2.57	4.16	2.05	0.09	0.00	9.99
202.5	1.03	1.54	2.76	1.97	0.15	0.00	7.45
225.0	1.46	2.41	3.08	1.73	0.13	0.01	8.82
247.5	1.85	3.57	1.65	0.47	0.03	0.00	7.58
270.0	0.63	0.81	0.62	0.40	0.07	0.03	2.56
292.5	0.34	0.56	0.97	1.32	0.29	0.05	3.53
315.0	0.42	1.08	1.94	1.60	0.23	0.01	5.28
337.5	0.44	1.56	2.05	1.28	0.16	0.01	5.50
Total	14.93	32.26	33.66	16.39	1.38	0.14	98.77
Calms							1.20
Missing							0.03
Total							100.00

As previously shown, the default AERMOD model is susceptible to overprediction for taller stacks located in elevated terrain. Figure A-2 presents the area surrounding the FutureFuel Chemical site with terrain contours overlaid to indicate the rolling nature of terrain and thus the potential for model overprediction in the areas to the north and southwest of the facility. Given the combination of steep terrain and low wind speed, the ADJ_U* option is very applicable to this analysis on a theoretical basis.



Figure A-2. Terrain Surrounding the FutureFuel Chemical Site

CRITERIA 3.2.2.e.iii - AVAILABILITY OF DATABASES

The test data bases and reporting for low wind speed observations and evaluation are available to assess model performance. The data bases applicable to this discussion and use of the u* option in AERMET and AERMOD are:

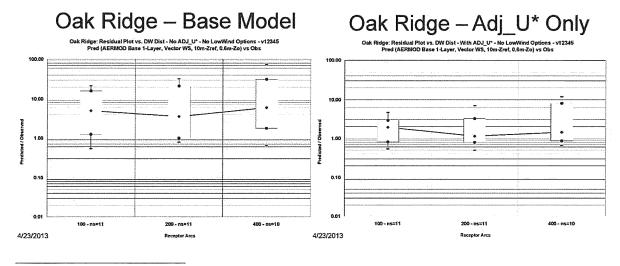
- Idaho Falls Study- Sagendorf JF, Dickson CR (1974) Diffusion under low wind speed, inversion conditions. NOAA Technical Memorandum ERL ARL-52, 89 pp.
- Prairie Grass Study Barad ML (ed) (1958) Project Prairie Grass. A field program in diffusion. Geophysical research paper no. 59, vols I (300 pp) and II (221 pp). AFCRF-TR-58-235. Air Force Cambridge Research Center, Bedford, Massachusetts; under Model Evaluation Databases on U.S EPA's website http://www.epa.gov/ttn/scram/dispersion_prefrec.htm
- Oak Ridge Study NOAA Technical Memorandum ERL ARL-61, 1976. Diffusion under Low Wind Speed Conditions near Oak Ridge, Tennessee. Wilson, R. B., G. Start, C. Dickson, N. Ricks. Air Resources Laboratory, Idaho Falls, Idaho.

In addition, the AERMET source code and all input data required for implementing the ADJ_U* are publicly available on U.S. EPA's SCRAM website.

CRITERIA 3.2.2.e.iv - DEMONSTRATION OF NO BIASES TOWARDS UNDERESTIMATES

As demonstrated in a number of studies over the past 3-5 years, including the 2010 study by AECOM²⁰, the use of the u* adjustment in dispersion modeling has not shown any bias towards underestimating the ambient concentrations due to sources and emissions. A repeat use of the same Oak Ridge data set in 2013 by the U.S. EPA in their model performance evaluation demonstrates both the improved performance of AERMOD with u* option and no bias towards underestimation as shown in Figure A-3.

Figure A-3. Residual Plots Showing Improved Performance with u* and No Bias toward Underestimation



²⁰ AERMOD Low Wind Speed Evaluation Study Results, AECOM prepared for the American Petroleum Institute, Washington, DC, March 22, 2010.

CRITERIA 3.2.2.e.v - A PROTOCOL HAS BEEN ESTABLISHED

This document serves as the modeling protocol being submitted to ADEQ by FutureFuel to clearly identify all of the data resources and modeling methodology proposed for use in the SO_2 Attainment analysis. There is discussion regarding the potential frequent occurrence of low winds due to the EPA-recommended use of the one-minute meteorological data available from the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration website.

The use of the LOWWIND options (e.g. LOWWIND3, which has been proposed for incorporation into the revised *Guideline*) was also considered to be appropriate for this modeling application. However, FutureFuel is proposing only ADJ_U* because it has been subject to extensive peer review and thus the likelihood of the approval of its use for this modeling exercise is greater.





October 12, 2016

Ashley Mohr Environmental Scientist Air Permits Section (6MM-AP) U.S. EPA Region 6 1445 Ross Avenue, Suite 1200 Dallas, Texas 75202—2733

Subject: EPA's Modeling Protocol Feedback for Independence County, Arkansas (Entergy Independence Power Plant & FutureFuel Chemical Company Combined SO₂ NAAQS Demonstration)

Dear Ms. Mohr:

Thank you for your email, dated September 29, 2016, that provided ADEQ with additional Modeling Protocol and Adjusted_U* Request feedback for the EPA's requested SO₂ attainment modeling that simultaneously simulates SO₂ emissions from Entergy's Independence Power Plant (Entergy Independence) and the Futurefuel Chemical Company (FutureFuel), both located in Independence County Arkansas. We have evaluated your comments, along with those provided by Robert Imhoff and Guy Donaldson in a phone conversation and email on July 14, 2016 and a follow-up conference call¹ with the EPA Region 6 and the EPA Model Clearinghouse that occurred on August 18, 2016. In the July 14, 2016 phone call/email and the August 18, 2016 follow-up conference call, EPA provided the Modeling Protocol and Adjusted_U* Request feedback that:

... "to get a MCH concurrence we will need additional information."... "to establish a firm link between the science on which Adj_U* option is based and the individual source/receptor situation of an application." Specifically including an evaluation of the locations of the receptors where significant change occur (to confirm that it is an elevated terrain issues) and what the change in the actual u* value was when concentrations were reduced using the beta option (to confirm that the adjustment via the beta option is the reason for the concentration reductions)."

Also during the August 18, 2016 follow-up conference call, ADEQ asked if, in addition to the necessary Adjusted_U* Request sensitivity analysis the EPA had any other comments – no additional comments were provided and ADEQ proceeded.

¹ Conference Call participants included: Guy Donaldson, George Bridgers and Ashley Mohr from the EPA; Will Montgomery, Mark McCorkle and David Clark from ADEQ; Jay Haney and Sharon Doulgas from ICF Jones and Stokes (representing ADEQ); Philip Antici from FutureFuel; Chuck Buttry and John Becherer from Trinity Environmental; and David Triplett from Entergy Arkansas.

As EPA will recall, Entergy's Independence facility was a 2010 SO₂ NAAQS Data Requirements Rule² second-round facility³ and FutureFuel was a third-round facility^{4,5}. Per the DRR Round 2 schedule, on September 11, 2015, Arkansas submitted to the EPA a recommendation of "Attainment" for Independence County and supportive AERMOD modeling files for Entergy Independence; however due to "insufficient information" the EPA designated Independence County as "Unclassifiable" and requested that both Entergy Independence and FutureFuel be modeled together to provide the additional information that the EPA needed to make a final attainment designation – bringing FutureFuel from the third-round DRR schedule and into the second-round to be modeled simultaneously with Entergy Independence.

This EPA request to ADEQ for more information in the form of a combined Entergy Independence and FutureFuel combined modeling demonstration prompted ADEQ to submit an SO₂ Designation AERMOD Modeling Protocol and Model Clearinghouse Adjusted_U* Request to the EPA on April 27, 2016 that proposed to model the combined SO₂ emissions from both facilities.

As update to the above July 14, 2016 and August 18, 2016 conversations among the EPA, ADEQ and the involved facilities, FutureFuel's SO₂ emissions have been modeled with the Adjusted_U* Beta option toggled on and off, individual receptors have been compared and a draft sensitivity analysis report is circulating among ADEQ, FutureFuel, Entergy Independence and the involved consultants.

With regard to the September 29, 2016 Modeling Protocol and Adjusted_U* Request comments email that provided ADEQ with additional Modeling Protocol and Adjusted_U* Request feedback (in **Bold**), ADEQ submits the below responses (in *Italics*):

² "Data Requirements Rule for the 2-10 1-Hour Sulfur Dioxide (SO₂) Primary National Ambient Air Quality standard (NAAQS); Final Rule," 80 Federal Register 51052, August 21, 2015.

³ Janet G. McCabe signed EPA Letter to ADEQ dated March 20, 2015 concurring with ADEQ that Entergy Independence and Entergy White Bluff meet the criteria for an ADEQ recommendation submittal date of September 18, 2015 and an EPA Final Designation date of July 2, 2016.

⁴ Stuart Spencer signed ADEQ Letter to EPA dated January 8, 2016 identifying FutureFuel Chemical Company, Flint Creek Power Plant and Plum Point Energy Station as "Round 3" facilities.

Wren Stenger signed EPA Letter to ADEQ dated March 21, 2016 concurring with ADEQ that FutureFuel Chemical Company, Flint Creek Power Plant and Plum Point Energy Station meet the criteria for an ADEQ recommendation submittal date of January 13, 2017 and an EPA Final Designation date of December 31, 2017.

⁶ Gina McCarthy signed Letter to Arkansas dated June 30, 2016 establishing Independence County as "Unclassifiable".

EPA's General Comments

EPA General Comment 1 – "The protocol indicates that meteorological data, background concentrations, and emissions information for 2012-2014 will be used in the analysis. If available, we suggest conducting the modeling with the latest 3 years of data (2013-2015). If the data period is not updated, we request that information be provided to support that the 2012-2014 data period is representative of the most recent 3 year period."

ADEQ General Response 1 – This project began with gathering and formatting meteorological, background and emissions data prior to the September 11, 2015 Round 2 submission to the EPA of the Entergy Independence (Independence County) attainment recommendation and supportive AERMOD modeling files. Subsequent work included the ADEQ submission on April 27, 2016 that proposed to model Entergy Independence and FutureFuel simultaneously and to request the authorization to employ the Adjusted_U* Beta option – the sole EPA response, provided on July 14, 2016 and August 18, 2016, to this ADEQ submittal was that a sensitivity analysis would also be required from ADEQ and ADEQ proceeded acknowledging this comment. For ADEQ and involved facilities to now begin gathering and formatting 2013-2015 data would cause ADEQ to, in effect, be aiming at a moving target within a very limited timeframe. Therefore, here ADEQ addresses the option of "If the data period is not updated, we request that information be provided to support that the 2012-2014 data period is representative of the most recent 3 year period." with the following information for: 1) meteorological data, 2) background concentrations and 3) emissions information that will also be included in the Attainment Demonstration Modeling Report.

1) Meteorological Data: For the Little Rock Airport (the source of Meteorological data inputs), the distribution of wind speed and direction is nearly identical for both three-year periods. There is a slightly greater proportion of southerly winds (from the south) for 2012-2014 (Figure 1) compared with the later overlapping three-year period and a slightly greater proportion of northeasterly winds for 2013-2015 (Figure 2) compared to the prior overlapping three-year period. In both cases, the average wind speed is approximately 3 meters per second (m/s) and winds are calm approximately 20 percent of the time.

Figure 1: Wind Speed and Wind Direction Frequency for 2012-2014 for the Little Rock Airport / Adams Field

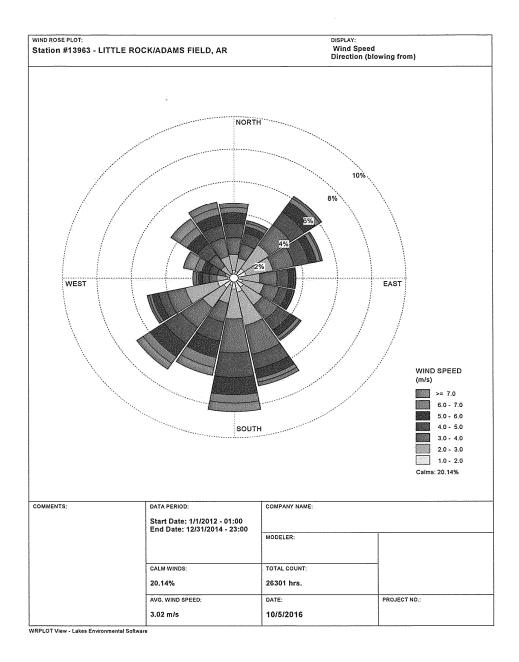
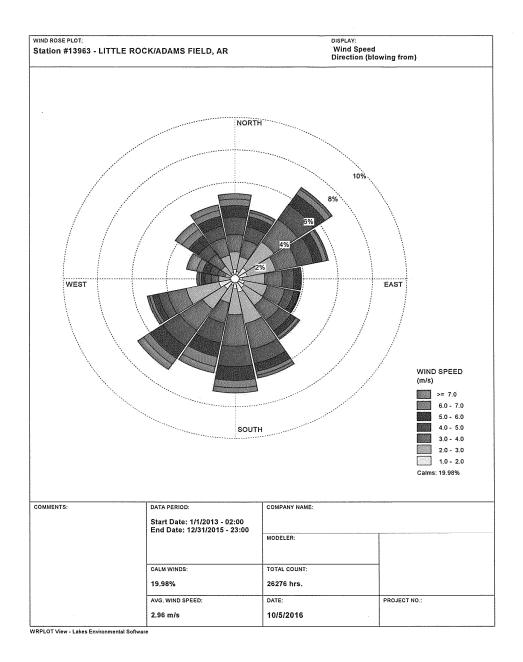


Figure 2: Wind Speed and Wind Direction Frequency for 2013-2015 for the Little Rock Airport / Adams Field

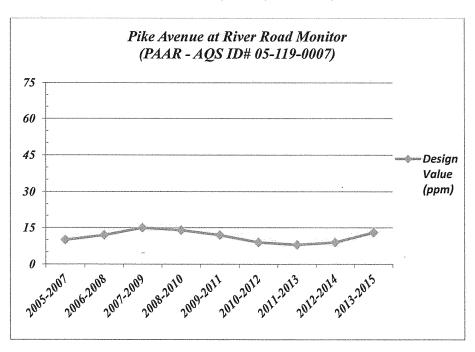


2) Background Concentrations: The Pike Avenue at River Road Monitor (PAAR - AQS ID# 05-119-0007), which is the monitor from which background concentrations have been generated, indicates very little difference (4 ppm) in Design Values between 2012-2014 and 2013-2015 (Table 1 and Figure 3). Therefore, utilizing data that was generated at the beginning of this project, prior to the initial submission to EPA on September 11, 2015, as opposed to now gathering and formatting updated data should not cause any difference in the modeled outcome.

Table 1: Background Concentrations for 2012-2014 and 2013-2015 Design Values for the Pike Avenue at River Road (PARR) Monitor (AQS ID# 05-119-0007)

PAAR Monitor	2005-	2006-	2007-	2008-	2009-	2010-	2011-	2012-	2013-
AQS ID# 05-119-0007	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Design Value (ppm)	10	12	15	14	12	9	8	9	13

Figure 3: Background Concentrations for 2012-2014 and 2013-2015 Design Values for the Pike Avenue at River Road (PARR) Monitor (AQS ID# 05-119-0007)



3) Emissions Data: Data Requirements Rule for the 2010 1-Hour Sulfur Dioxide (SO2) Primary National Ambient Air Quality Standard (NAAQS); Final Rule

Because emissions data for the current project has been collected, formatted and input into AERMOD, for both the original September 11, 2015 Attainment Designation submission and the current sensitivity analysis, ADEQ proposes that the following provision⁷ in the DRR requires annual updates of emissions data:

"For areas that were characterized using air quality modeling, the ongoing data requirement applies only where the modeling was based on actual emissions and where the area has not subsequently received a nonattainment designation. In such cases, the air agency will be required to submit an annual report to the EPA providing updated emissions information and recommending to the EPA whether further modeling is warranted to assess any expected changes in recent air quality."

EPA General Comment 2- "As you are aware, the release of a new version of AERMOD is anticipated in the near future (along with the final revisions to Appendix W). While significant changes in modeled results are not expected to occur from the change in model versions, we suggest either updating the analysis once the new version is released or conducting a sensitivity run for one of the modeled years to confirm the new model version does not affect your determination regarding the SO_2 designation for the area."

ADEQ General Response 2 – Like the EPA, ADEQ does not expect any appreciable change in results from a new version of AERMOD. If a new version of AERMOD is released prior to completion of the current project, ADEQ would evaluate the feasibility of utilizing the new version.

EPA General Comment 3 – "The proposed meteorological stations and background monitoring stations are suitable for the modeling conducted for Independence County."

ADEQ General Response 3 – Duly noted.

EPA General Comment 4 – "Based on our review of recent El data, no additional large sources of SO₂ are located nearby. Therefore, the inclusion of the DRR facility sources only is appropriate."

ADEQ General Response 4 – Duly noted.

⁷ Data Requirements Rule for the 2010 1-Hour Sulfur Dioxide (SO2) Primary National Ambient Air Quality Standard (NAAQS); Final Rule (80 FR 51054-51055)

EPA General Comment 5 – "As part of the final modeling report, we expect to see additional information regarding how the actual emission rates are determined. Specifically, if these are based on emissions monitoring or based on calculations using operational data. If calculated, the final modeling report should include information to support the calculated emission rates, including the underlying operational data and calculations relied upon. If monitored emission rates will be modeled, such as CEMS data, information regarding the presence of mission data should be provided along with an explanation of how missing emissions data will be replaced."

ADEQ General Response 5 – Actual emissions for both Entergy Independence and FutureFuel are used in the current modeling project (except FutureFuel's Thermal Oxidizer where the permitted allowable emissions are used; also see ADEQ Specific Response 1 below) and are calculated from both facility CEM systems data and operational data. Documentation that includes calculations of actual emissions will be provided in the Final SO₂ Attainment Designation Modeling Report.

EPA's Specific Questions

EPA Specific Question 1 – "The modeling protocol indicates that allowable emission rates will be modeled for all sources except the Thermal Oxidizer located at the Future Fuels facility. Could you provide additional information regarding why allowable emissions will not be modeled for this particular source? Is it a matter of data availability or information required to calculate an actual emission rate?"

ADEQ Specific Response 1 – EPA may have misread the SO₂ Designation AERMOD Modeling Protocol and Model Clearinghouse Adjusted_U* Request submitted to the EPA on April 27, 2016. Each FutureFuel modeled emission point uses actual 2012-2014 emission rates, except the Thermal Oxidizer (TO), which uses permitted allowable emissions. The TO is permitted for 3.0 pounds per hour (lb/hr) SO₂ and actual emissions are less than 0.02 lb/hr (see ADEQ Specific Response 2 below). Due to considerable time and effort necessary to establish an actual emissions dataset for the TO, ADEQ and FutureFuel had elected to model the worst-case, most conservative allowable emission rate. If EPA desires, ADEQ and FutureFuel can reevaluating the effort required to calculate the actual emissions from FutureFuel's TO and consider incorporated the TO's actual emissions into the final model run.

EPA Specific Question 2 – "It is unclear if the modeled source parameters (velocity and temperature) will be single constant values or if variable stack parameters will be modeled. Please clarify what type of source parameters will be modeled and what the basis of those parameters is."

ADEQ Specific Response 2 – For FutureFuel sources, the exhaust exit velocity and temperature are modeled as constant values based on recent stack test measured values; FutureFuel does not have continuous monitoring of exhaust conditions on any unit and all the modeled units run at essentially stable conditions. Entergy Independence stack parameters are variable hourly values derived from the facility CEM system. Documentation of the sources of the constant stack parameters will be provided in the Final Attainment Demonstration Modeling Report.

EPA Specific Question 3 – "Please provide additional information regarding the five emission sources located at the Future Fuels facility that are excluded from the modeling analysis – including source type and any associated operational limits that exist for those units (e.g., permit limits on hours of operation)."

ADEQ Specific Response 2 – For clarification, our SO₂ Designation AERMOD Modeling Protocol and Model Clearinghouse Adjusted_U* Request submitted on April 27, 2016 states: "All SO₂ emitting sources at FutureFuel will be modeled except for five very small SO₂ sources (less than 3.8 lb/hr total) and per EPA's clarification memorandum, intermittent emergency sources such as an emergency diesel-fired generator and fire water pump engines.⁶". So the total number of sources not being modeled is 5 very small SO₂ sources plus 5 intermittent emergency sources as shown in Table 2 below. These excluded sources account for 1.5% of the permitted allowable SO₂ emissions and have conservative permitted allowable limits. For example, the TO and Caustic Scrubber (5N09-03) is permitted for 3.0 lb/hr SO₂, but actual emissions are less than 0.02 lb/hr SO₂. Likewise, the Isopropyl Benzene unit Flare (5N03-54) is permitted for a worst-case emission rate of 0.5 lb/hr SO₂ when the actual emissions for this unit are less than 0.02 lb/hr SO₂. If EPA desires, these sources permitted allowable emissions rates can be included in the final SO₂ attainment designation model run.

Table 2: Model-excluded FutureFuel SO₂ sources

SN	Name	SO ₂ (lb/hr)	Justification
5N09-03	Thermal Oxidizer and Caustic Scrubber	3.0 (permit limit) 0.02 (actual emissions)	Only one of two TO/scrubbers (09-02 and 09-03) is actually receiving process gas at any given time
6M06-01	#4 Boiler	0.1 (permit limit)	Natural gas boiler
6M06-02	#5 Boiler	0.2 (permit limit)	Natural gas boiler
5M04-10	Scrubber (NOBS)	0.1 (permit limit)	Source has not operated since 2009 due to ceasing production of product, although equipment remains potentially operable
5N03-54	Flare	0.5 (permit limit) 0.02 (actual emissions)	No sulfur in process. Pilot on natural gas since August 2012.
5N01-WA	Diesel Glycol Pump	These are all eme	ergency RICE and are limited to
7M04-HT-G01	Diesel Waste Disposal Pump	excludes such int	ration. EPA modeling guidance ermittent sources in modeling for
7M04-HT-G04	Diesel Waste Disposal Pump	probabilistic 1-ho	ur standards. ⁸
6N02	Diesel Generator		
8M01	Diesel Fire Water Pump]	

Sincerely,

David W. Clark Epidemiologist

Policy & Planning Branch

Office of Air Quality

Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality

cc: Chuck Buttry (Trinity Consultants)
Jay Haney (ICF Jones and Stokes, Inc.)
Philip Antici (FutureFuel Chemical Company)

David Triplett (Entergy Arkansas, Inc.)

 $^{^8}$ https://www3.epa.gov/ttn/scram/guidance/clarification/Additional_Clarifications_AppendixW_Hourly-NO2-NAAQS_FINAL_03-01-2011.pdf

APPENDIX C: EMISSION RATES AND EMISSION CALCULATION DISCUSSION

listing of the $2012\text{-}2014$ actual emission rates and an explanation of the actual emission calculations α the following pages.	appear

The EMISFACT option in AERMOD was utilized to supply the varying monthly emission rates for the units with monthly emission rate data.

This option allows for a different emission rate to be used in the model for each month. The EMISFACT is calculated as a fraction of the allowable emission rate. The allowable emission rate is entered into the input file and then is multiplied by each monthly EMISFACT to calculate the actual emission rate for each month.

2012 Emissions

	5	N09-01 RTO	6M0	1-01 Coal Boilers	6M0	3-05 Incinerator	He	ot Oil System
	Actual Emission	EMISFACT	Actual Emission	EMISFACT	Actual Emission	EMISFACT	Actual Emission	EMISFACT
	Rate	(Actual Emission Rate/	Rate	(Actual Emission Rate/	Rate	(Actual Emission Rate/	Rate	(Actual Emission Rate/
Month	(lb/hr)	8.4 lb/hr Allowable Rate)	(lb/hr)	1418.7 lb/hr Allowable Rate)	(lb/hr)	11.6 lb/hr Allowable Rate)	(lb/hr)	1.1 lb/hr Allowable Rate)
Jan-12	0.1102	0.0131	690.30	0.4866	2.249	0.1938	0.00E+00	0.0E+00
Feb-12	0.0704	0.0084	633.00	0.4462	2.210	0.1905	5.89E-05	5.4E-05
Mar-12	0.0363	0.0043	553.62	0.3902	3.145	0.2711	5.11E-05	4.6E-05
Apr-12	0.1028	0.0122	636.73	0.4488	5.240	0.4517	5.56E-06	5.1E-06
May-12	0.0806	0.0096	615.65	0.4340	5.878	0.5067	4.70E-05	4.3E-05
Jun-12	0.0833	0.0099	440.88	0.3108	2.490	0.2147	5.97E-05	5.4E-05
Jul-12	0.1317	0.0157	426.47	0.3006	1.531	0.1320	3.76E-05	3.4E-05
Aug-12	0.1116	0.0133	472.86	0.3333	1.204	0.1038	6.32E-05	5.7E-05
Sep-12	0.0931	0.0111	475.48	0.3352	1.664	0.1434	6.11E-05	5.6E-05
Oct-12	0.0820	0.0098	446.90	0.3150	0.625	0.0539	6.32E-05	5.7E-05
Nov-12	0.1014	0.0121	674.77	0.4756	1.785	0.1539	5.83E-05	5.3E-05
Dec-12	0.1223	0.0146	657.63	0.4635	2.339	0.2016	5.78E-05	5.3E-05

2013 Emissions

	5	N09-01 RTO	6M0	1-01 Coal Boilers	6M0	3-05 Incinerator	H	ot Oil System
	Actual Emission	EMISFACT	Actual Emission	EMISFACT	Actual Emission	EMISFACT	Actual Emission	EMISFACT
	Rate	(Actual Emission Rate/	Rate	(Actual Emission Rate/	Rate	(Actual Emission Rate/	Rate	(Actual Emission Rate/
Month	(lb/hr)	8.4 lb/hr Allowable Rate)	(lb/hr)	1418.7 lb/hr Allowable Rate)	(lb/hr)	11.6 lb/hr Allowable Rate)	(lb/hr)	1.1 lb/hr Allowable Rate)
Jan-13	0.0833	0.0099	802.01	0.5653	2.124	0.1831	6.18E-05	5.6E-05
Feb-13	0.1696	0.0202	715.35	0.5042	3.859	0.3326	6.85E-05	6.2E-05
Mar-13	0.1156	0.0138	705.08	0.4970	4.117	0.3549	6.99E-05	6.4E-05
Apr-13	0.1278	0.0152	604.00	0.4257	4.757	0.4101	1.81E-05	1.6E-05
May-13	0.1196	0.0142	620.64	0.4375	3.668	0.3162	5.78E-05	5.3E-05
Jun-13	0.1431	0.0170	532.55	0.3754	6.282	0.5415	7.78E-05	7.1E-05
Jul-13	0.1304	0.0155	567.41	0.4000	5.004	0.4314	7.39E-05	6.7E-05
Aug-13	0.1035	0.0123	542.23	0.3822	5.015	0.4323	6.18E-05	5.6E-05
Sep-13	0.0806	0.0096	573.37	0.4042	5.157	0.4446	4.72E-05	4.3E-05
Oct-13	0.0188	0.0022	586,33	0.4133	4.349	0.3750	2.82E-05	2.6E-05
Nov-13	0.0014	0.0002	453.91	0.3199	4.479	0.3861	4.86E-05	4.4E-05
Dec-13	0.0040	0.0005	555.77	0.3917	4.149	0.3577	6.85E-05	6.2E-05

2014 Emissions

	5	N09-01 RTO	6M0	1-01 Coal Boilers	6M0	3-05 Incinerator	Н	ot Oil System
	Actual Emission	EMISFACT	Actual Emission	EMISFACT	Actual Emission	EMISFACT	Actual Emission	EMISFACT
	Rate	(Actual Emission Rate/	Rate	(Actual Emission Rate/	Rate	(Actual Emission Rate/	Rate	(Actual Emission Rate/
Month	(lb/hr)	8.4 lb/hr Allowable Rate)	(lb/hr)	1418.7 lb/hr Allowable Rate)	(lb/hr)	11.6 lb/hr Allowable Rate)	(lb/hr)	1.1 lb/hr Allowable Rate)
Jan-14	0.0309	0.0037	718.25	0.5063	4.512	0.3890	6.18E-05	5.6E-05
Feb-14	0.0506	0.0060	661.84	0.4665	4.126	0.3557	6.85E-05	6.2E-05
Mar-14	0.0497	0.0059	676.81	0.4771	4.593	0.3959	2.96E-05	2.7E-05
Apr-14	0.0819	0.0098	634.67	0.4474	3.574	0.3081	5.83E-05	5.3E-05
May-14	0.0699	0.0083	806.82	0.5687	0.327	0.0282	7.53E-05	6.8E-05
Jun-14	0.0861	0.0103	787.54	0.5551	2.074	0.1788	5.97E-05	5.4E-05
Jul-14	0.0538	0.0064	637.60	0.4494	1.483	0.1278	6.32E-05	5.7E-05
Aug-14	0.0215	0.0026	700.34	0.4937	3.843	0.3313	7.53E-05	6.8E-05
Sep-14	0.0736	8800.0	724.02	0.5103	4.043	0.3485	7.22E-05	6.6E-05
Oct-14	0.0470	0.0056	629.27	0.4436	4.574	0.3943	7.12E-05	6.5E-05
Nov-14	0.0347	0.0041	687.10	0.4843	4.296	0.3703	5.83E-05	5.3E-05
Dec-14	0.0444	0.0053	705.38	0.4972	4.567	0.3937	5.51E-05	5.0E-05

FutureFuel Chemical Company Sulfur Dioxide Source Calculation Explanations

FutureFuel owns and operates an organic chemical manufacturing facility utilizing both batch and continuous manufacturing processes. Due to the nature of batch manufacturing at the facility, emissions, especially emissions from control devices through which process streams vent directly, will vary as the mixture of products made varies.

During a typical month, employing at least twenty to thirty separate processes, FutureFuel manufactures a varied set of products to meet customer needs. An internal database serves to maintain material balance information for each process and product. Using the quantity of the various products manufactured from monthly production records, engineering calculations, and process knowledge, production related waste stream compositions and volumes are determined from each process material balance. For example, this information may be used to quantify the amount of sulfur entering the solid waste, wastewater, or air.

SN 5N09-01 Regenerative Thermal Oxidizers (RTOs)

As part of the monthly inventory, emissions to SN 5N09-01 are calculated using the actual quantity of each product manufactured and the data from each process material balance.

For each sulfur-containing component vented to SN 5N09-01, combustion calculations have been evaluated to determine the amount of SO_2 generated.

The total quantity of SO₂ emitted from all processes venting through SN 5N09-01 is summed and recorded. An example calculation on a per component basis is as follows:

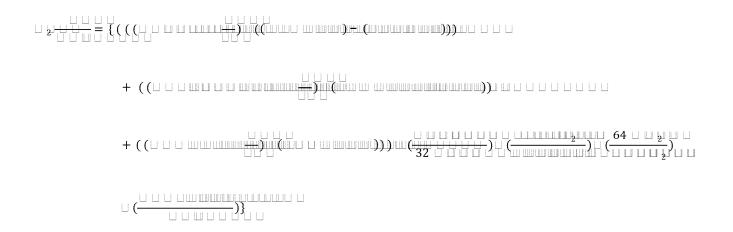
SN 6M01-01 Coal Fired Boilers

FutureFuel Chemical Company operates three coal-fired boilers, grouped under the umbrella of SN 6M01-01. Coal, liquid chemical waste, and sludge are burned in SN 6M01-01. It is assumed that all sulfur entering SN 6M01-01 through either waste chemicals or sludge will be emitted as SO_2 . It is also assumed that all sulfur contained in the coal burned in SN 6M01-01 will be emitted as SO_2 with the exception of the sulfur retained in the coal ash. An analysis is conducted on each shipment of coal. Guidance for determining the amount of sulfur retained in the coal ash was taken from EPA Publication 600/7-78-153b, November 1973, "Sulfur Retention in Coal Ash."

The total quantity of SO₂ emitted from SN 6M01-01 is calculated as follows:

Independence County Arkansas \mid 1-Hour SO_2 NAAQS Modeling Analysis Trinity Consultants

1 of 3



SN 6M03-05 Chemical Waste Destructor

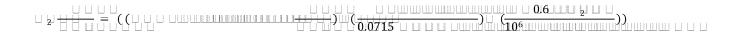
Waste streams resulting from manufacturing processes are burned in SN 6M03-05. SN 6M03-05 is equipped with a scrubber which decreases the sulfur content of the feed stream. It is assumed that all sulfur fed to SN 6M03-05 not removed by the scrubber exits as SO_2 .

The total quantity of SO₂ emitted from SN 6M03-05 is calculated as follows:

SN 4P05-01 Hot Oil System

Sulfur dioxide emissions from SN 4P05-01 result from natural gas combustion. An emission factor for the natural gas fired heater of 0.6 for SO₂ was taken from AP-42 *Compilation of Air Pollutant Emission Factors* Table 1.4-2 "Emission Factors for Criteria Pollutants and Greenhouse Gases from Natural Gas Combustion."

The total quantity of SO₂ emitted from SN 4P05-01 is calculated as follows:



Independence County Arkansas \mid 1-Hour SO_2 NAAQS Modeling Analysis Trinity Consultants

SN 5N09-02 Thermal Oxidizer TO-01 and Caustic Scrubber

Process vent streams routed to SN 5N09-02 do not include sulfur containing compounds. Sulfur dioxide emissions from SN 5N09-02 result from natural gas combustion and have been estimated to be approximately 0.5 lb/month using factors from AP-42 Compilation of Air Pollutant Emission Factors Table 1.4-2 "Emission Factors for Criteria Pollutants and Greenhouse Gases from Natural Gas Combustion." As a worse-case representation of actual SO_2 emissions, the permit allowable SO_2 emission rate of 3.0 lb/hr for 5N09-02 was modeled.

SN 5N09-03 Thermal Oxidizer (TO) and Caustic Scrubber

SN 5N09-03 was constructed in 2016 to serve as an on-line spare for SN 5N09-03. Since this unit did not exist during the modeled period, it was not modeled. As with SN 5N09-02, process vent streams do not contain sulfur containing compounds.

APPENDIX D: 2012-2014 COAL USAGE AND COAL SULFUR CONTENT DATA

The following pages contain the 2012-2014 coal usage and coal sulfur analysis data for the coal fired boilers (source 6M01-01).

Independence County Arkansas | 1-Hour $SO_2\ NAAQS\ Modeling\ Analysis\ Trinity\ Consultants$

2014	2013	2012	Coal Usage (Tons)
4.656	4,954	5,081	January
4,380	3,840	4,517	February
4.371	4,319	4,012	March
3.920	3,187	4,760	April
4.872	3,657	4,688	May
5,021	3,020	3,382	June
3,763	3,832	2,926	July
4.491	3,845	3,266	August
4.247	3,594	3,139	Sept
3.759	3,994	3,053	October
4.632	2,959	4,193	Nov
6,439	3,940	4,058	Dec
54,551	45,141	47,075	Totals

First Sample	Last S _I Sample Ar	Special Analysis		AR NAME	% MOISTURE	% ASH as	BTU / lb. as	% SULFUR as
)1 ₂		American Interplex American Interplex			!	ļ
	6/	NAME OF TAXABLE PARTY.		Standard Laboratories, Inc.				
	9/ 11/	9/4/2012 9 11/7/2012 1	`	American Interplex American Interplex				
				•				
01/03/11	01/06/12	0	1	Standard Laboratories, Inc.	13.73	8.39	11,056	2.79
01/07/12	01/13/12			Standard Laboratories, Inc.	13.58	8.59	11,057	2.74
01/14/12	01/20/12			Standard Laboratories, Inc.	13.33	8.29	11,151	2.82
01/21/12	01/27/12		7	Standard Laboratories, Inc.	13.73	8.33	11,087	2.76
01/28/12	2/3/2012		2	Standard Laboratories, Inc.	13.49	8.28	11,158	2.83
02/04/12	2/10/2012		2	Standard Laboratories, Inc.	13.62	8.28	11,124	2.72
02/11/12	2/17/2012		2	Standard Laboratories, Inc.	14.04	8.20	11,044	2.65
02/18/12	2/24/2012		7	Standard Laboratories, Inc.	13.63	8.52	11,059	2.80
02/25/12	3/2/2012		ω	Standard Laboratories, Inc.	13.22	8.40	11,135	2.80
03/03/12	3/9/2012		3	Standard Laboratories, Inc.	13.38	8.78	11,064	2.88
03/10/12	3/16/2012		3	Standard Laboratories, Inc.	13.12	8.76	11,082	2.75
03/17/12	3/23/2012		3	Standard Laboratories, Inc.	13.85	8.80	10,989	2.88
03/24/12	3/30/2012		3	Standard Laboratories, Inc.	12.93	8.71	11,121	2.95
03/31/12	4/6/2012		2	Standard Laboratories, Inc.	12.98	8.37	11,189	2.78
04/07/12	4/13/2012		4 2	Standard Laboratories, Inc.	13.23	8.27	11,140	2.72
04/14/12	4/20/2012		4 2	Standard Laboratories, Inc.	13.76	8.46	11,078	2.66
04/21/12	4/27/2012		2	Standard Laboratories, Inc.	13.29	8.28	11,197	2.77
04/28/12	5/4/2012		5 2	Standard Laboratories, Inc.	13.16	8.48	11,150	2.85
05/05/12	5/11/2012			Standard Laboratories, Inc.	12.94	8.56	11,181	2.97
05/12/12	5/18/2012		5 2	Standard Laboratories, Inc.	13.28	8.57	11,106	2.75
05/19/12	5/25/2012			Standard Laboratories, Inc.	13.60	8.87	11,011	2.90
05/26/12	6/1/2012			Standard Laboratories, Inc.	13.52	8.58	11,108	2.64
06/02/12	6/9/2012		6 2	Standard Laboratories, Inc.	13.80	8.63	11,047	2.75
06/10/12	6/15/2012		6 2	Standard Laboratories, Inc.	13.18	8.57	11,094	2.87
06/16/12	6/20/2012 Pea	Peabody (6 2	Standard Laboratories, Inc./Pe	e 13.36	9.02	11,006	3.04
06/21/12	6/22/2012		6 2	Standard Laboratories, Inc.	12.45	8.92	11,195	2.96
06/23/12	6/29/2012	•	6	Standard Laboratories, Inc.	12.58	8.86	11,188	2.88
06/30/12	7/6/2012		3	Standard Laboratories, Inc.	12.91	8.73	11,142	2.95

12/22/12 12/31/2012	12/15/12 12/21/2012	12/08/12 12/14/2012	12/01/12 12/7/2012	11/24/12 11/30/2012	11/17/12 11/23/2012	11/12/12 11/16/2012	11/05/12 11/9/2012	10/29/12 11/3/2012	10/20/12 10/28/2012	10/13/12 10/19/2012	10/06/12 10/12/2012	09/30/12 10/5/2012	09/23/12 9/29/2012	09/15/12 9/22/2012	09/08/12 9/14/2012	08/25/12 9/7/2012	08/18/12 8/24/2012	08/11/12 8/17/2012	08/04/12 8/10/2012	07/30/12 8/3/2012	07/21/12 7/29/2012	07/13/12 7/20/2012	07/07/12 7/12/2012	Date Date	First Sample Sample A	Last S
12 4	12 4	12 4	12 4	11	11-4	11 4	11 4	11 4	10 4	10 4	10 4	10 4	9 3	9	9 3	9 3		8	8 3	& 3	7 3	7 3	7 3	Date Month Qtr	Analysis	Special
Standard Laboratories, Inc.	LAB NAME																									
12.89	12.99	13.34	13.12	13.66	12.64	13.03	12.94	12.54	12.34	13.84	13.08	13.64	13.14	13.50	13.67	13.81	12.96	13.44	12.79	13.57	13.45	13.06	12.56	as RECEIVED	% MOISTURE	
9.13	8.50	8.48	8.52	8.41	8.62	9.16	8.67	8.52	9.32	8.73	8.53	8.38	8.55	8.92	8.18	9.04	8.50	8.57	8.50	8.50	8.41	8.49	8.67	RECEIVED	% ASH as	
11,161	11,203	11,106	11,177	11,082	11,277	11,101	11,220	11,291	11,202	11,068	11,141	11,105	11,141	11,032	11,080	10,974	11,161	11,081	11,165	11,046	11,116	11,147	11,225	RECEIVED	BTU / lb. as	
3.10	3.21	3.05	3.16	2.92	3.26	3.30	3.29	3.38	3.51	2.86	2.90	2.79	3.02	3.00	2.85	2.93	2.85	2.76	2.89	2.90	3.02	2.97	2.86	RECEIVED	% SULFUR as	

07/27/13 8/2/2013	07/22/13 7/26/2013	07/13/13 7/21/2013	07/06/13 7/12/2013	06/29/13 7/5/2013	06/23/13 6/28/2013	06/15/13 6/22/2013	06/01/13 6/14/2013	05/25/13 5/31/2013	05/18/13 5/24/2013	05/11/13 5/17/2013	05/04/13 5/10/2013	04/27/13 5/3/2013	04/20/13 4/26/2013	04/13/13 4/19/2013	04/06/13 4/12/2013	03/30/13 4/5/2013	03/23/13 3/29/2013	03/16/13 3/22/2013	03/09/13 3/15/2013	03/02/13 3/8/2013	02/23/13 3/1/2013	02/19/13 2/22/2013	02/09/13 2/18/2013	02/02/13 2/8/2013	01/26/13 2/1/2013	01/19/13 01/25/13	01/12/13 01/18/13	01/07/13 01/11/13	12/31/12 01/06/13			Date Date	Last First Sample Sample
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Standard Laboratories, Inc	American Interplex Corp. Lab American Interplex Corp. Lab	American Interplex Corp. Lab American Interplex Corp. Lab	LAB NAME																														
12.77	12.59	12.08	11.82	13.18	13.36	12.06	12.40	13.60	12.46	11.86	13.41	12.99	13.28	12.67	12.65	11.90	13.14	13.54	12.91	13.00	12.95	13.30	13.51	12.88	12.64	13.49	12.93	13.39	13.65			as RECEIVED	% MOISTURE
8.77	8.95	9.03	8.69	8.26	8.57	9.15	9.19	8.38	9.42	9.68	8.58	8.88	8.62	8.87	9.22	9.30	9.34	9.20	8.98	9.02	9.08	9.59	9.35	8.85	8.74	8.98	9.24	8.80	8.79			RECEIVED	% ASH as
11,216	11,216	11,287	11,377	11,163	11,127	11,270	11,236	11,085	11,149	11,196	11,126	11,185	11,143	11,197	11,208	11,264	11,062	11,063	11,166	11,131	11,122	11,002	10,994	11,134	11,246	11,061	11,128	11,099	11,086			RECEIVED	BTU / Ib. as
3.05	3.16	3.08	3.03	2.93	2.84	3.29	3.14	2.90	3.20	3.20	3.20	3.30	3.08	3.50	3.26	3.29	3.03	3.26	3.37	3.31	3.19	3.30	3.09	3.20	3.31	3.14	3.39	3.19	3.02			RECEIVED	% SULFUR as

12/21/13	12/14/13	12/07/13	11/28/13	11/23/13	11/16/13	11/09/13	11/02/13	10/26/13	10/19/13	10/12/13	10/05/13	09/28/13	09/21/13	09/14/13	09/07/13	08/31/13	08/24/13	08/17/13	08/10/13	08/03/13	Date	First Sample Sample	
2/21/13 12/27/2013	12/20/2013	12/07/13 12/13/2013	12/6/2013	11/27/2013	11/22/2013	11/15/2013	11/8/2013	11/1/2013	10/19/13 10/25/2013	0/12/13 10/18/2013	10/11/2013	10/4/2013	9/27/2013	9/20/2013	9/13/2013	9/6/2013	8/30/2013	8/23/2013	8/16/2013	8/9/2013	Date		Last
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Standard Laboratories, Inc	LAB NAME																						
14.22	12.82	13.54	12.65	12.62	13.11	12.43	13.07	12.85	12.48	12.82	13.00	12.95	11.94	13.80	11.90	13.13	12.62	13.58	12.51	13.37	as RECEIVED	% MOISTURE	
8.69	9.42	8.89	8.97	8.93	8.59	9.16	9.07	9.23	9.31	8.91	8.69	8.90	9.32	8.53	8.85	8.90	8.94	8.30	8.92	8.35	RECEIVED	% ASH as	
11,046	11,116	11,123	11,228	11,257	11,173	11,226	11,171	11,131	11,138	11,189	11,164	11,143	11,207	11,064	11,286	11,086	11,186	11,108	11,161	11,131	RECEIVED	BTU / lb. as	
3.21	3.24	3.20	3.30	3.46	3.37	3.36	3.31	3.33	3.22	3.29	3.13	3.39	3.34	2.97	3.12	3.00	3.11	2.83	3.09	3.00	RECEIVED	% SULFUR as	

10000	07/26/14	07/19/14	07/04/14	06/28/14	06/21/14	06/14/14	06/07/14	05/31/14	05/24/14	05/17/14	05/10/14	05/03/14	04/26/14	04/19/14	04/12/14	04/05/14	03/29/14	03/22/14	03/15/14	03/08/14	03/01/14	02/22/14	02/15/14	02/08/14	02/01/14	01/25/14	01/18/14	01/11/14	01/04/14	12/31/13						First Sample S	_
8/8/2014	7/31/2014	7/25/2014	7/18/2014	7/3/2014	6/27/2014	6/20/2014	6/13/2014	6/6/2014	5/30/2014	5/23/2014	5/16/2014	5/9/2014	5/2/2014	4/25/2014	4/18/2014	4/11/2014	4/4/2014	3/28/2014	3/21/2014	3/14/2014	3/7/2014	2/28/2014	2/21/2014	2/14/2014	2/7/2014	1/31/2014	01/24/14	01/17/14	01/10/14	01/03/14					Date	Sample	*
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	Standard Laboratories, Inc	American interplex corp. Lab	LAB NAME																																		
17 78	12.41	12.38	13.12	12.12	13.28	12.64	12.39	12.56	13.07	12.11	13.33	12.48	12.37	12.48	13.02	13.15	13.11	12.68	13.45	12.82	12.86	12.99	13.63	13.39	13.65	13.20	12.84	13.30	13.32	13.69					as RECEIVED	% MOISTURE	
9.68	9.32	9.58	8.94	9.52	9.74	8.99	9.80	9.64	9.13	9.98	8.50	10.48	9.58	9.47	9.35	9.28	9.31	9.47	9.52	9.36	9.30	8.91	8.40	8.99	8.86	8.95	8.95	9.12	8.61	9.18					RECEIVED	% ASH as	
11 101	11,120	11,140	11,101	11,157	10,948	11,185	11,116	11,125	11,082	11,112	11,087	10,969	11,128	11,115	11,121	11,079	11,104	11,128	11,000	11,147	11,146	11,154	11,096	11,045	11,099	11,144	11,171	11,110	11,099	10,956					RECEIVED	BTU / lb. as	
3.40	3.21	3.34	3.22	3.53	3.30	3.31	3.45	3.28	3.16	2.29	2.96	3.05	3.22	3.18	3.39	3.28	3.10	3.50	3.30	3.30	3.41	3.20	2.93	2.97	3.19	2.99	3.31	3.15	2.82	2.88					RECEIVED	% SULFUR as	

12/27/14 12/31/2014	12/20/14 12/26/2014	12/13/14 12/19/2014	12/06/14 12/12/2014	11/29/14 12/5/2014	11/22/14 11/28/2014	11/15/14 11/21/2014	11/08/14 11/14/2014	11/02/14 11/7/2014	10/25/14 11/1/2014	10/18/14 10/24/2014	10/11/14 10/17/2014	10/04/14 10/10/2014	09/27/14 10/3/2014	09/20/14 9/26/2014	09/13/14 9/19/2014	09/06/14 9/12/2014	08/30/14 9/5/2014	08/23/14 8/29/2014	08/16/14 8/22/2014	08/09/14 8/15/2014	Date Date	First Sample Sample	Last
																					Date	Analysis	Special
12	12	2	25	ಸ		2	3	1	<u> </u>	5	75	ੋ	6	9	9	9	O	œ	8	00	Month		
4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	ယ	ယ	ယ	ယ	ယ	ω	ω	Q.		
	Standard Laboratories, Inc	LAB NAME																					
14.06	14.21	13.54	13.39	13.91	13.92	13.70	13.86	13.39	12.38	13.27	13.83	13.06	11.94	11.77	12.15	12.08	11.81	12.21	11.84	12.26	as RECEIVED	% MOISTURE	
8.61	8.94	9.58	10.73	9.56	9.44	9.00	8.69	8.33	9.66	9.13	9.48	9.44	9.74	9.78	9.63	9.50	9.73	9.72	9.77	9.56	RECEIVED	% ASH as	
11,024	10,916	10,967	10,851	10,877	10,893	10,976	11,003	11,107	11,171	11,076	10,925	11,029	11,154	11,158	11,141	11,168	11,213	11,181	11,176	11,105	RECEIVED	BTU / lb. as	
2.94	2.94	2.95	3.26	3.13	3.16	3.11	2.91	2.87	3.11	3.24	3.34	3.31	3.28	3.52	3.30	3.25	3.45	3.29	3.41	3.43	RECEIVED	% SULFUR as	

APPENDIX E: ELECTRONIC MODELING FILES

The files contained on the enclosed CD are listed below.

Input files

SN112S.AMI AERMOD input file for 2012 SN113S.AMI AERMOD input file for 2013 SN114S.AMI AERMOD input file for 2014

Entergy hourly emission rate files

2012 Entergy Hourly Emission Rates.hrl 2013 Entergy Hourly Emission Rates.hrl 2014 Entergy Hourly Emission Rates.hrl

Output files

 $SN112S.AML-AERMOD \ output \ file \ for \ 2012$ $SN113S.AML-AERMOD \ output \ file \ for \ 2013$ $SN114S.AML-AERMOD \ output \ file \ for \ 2014$ $2012-SO_2_all_1-hr_4^{th}_high.plt-ASCII \ plot \ file \ with \ 2012\ H4H\ 1-hr\ results$ $2013-SO_2_all_1-hr_4^{th}_high.plt-ASCII \ plot \ file \ with \ 2013\ H4H\ 1-hr\ results$ $2014-SO_2_all_1-hr_4^{th}_high.plt-ASCII \ plot \ file \ with \ 2014\ H4H\ 1-hr\ results$

Meteorological data files

LIT_APT_DFLT12.PFL - 2012 Little Rock profile data LIT APT DFLT12.SFC - 2012 Little Rock surface data

LIT_APT_DFLT13.PFL - 2013 Little Rock profile data LIT_APT_DFLT13.SFC - 2013 Little Rock surface data

LIT_APT_DFLT14.PFL - 2012 Little Rock profile data LIT_APT_DFLT14.SFC - 2012 Little Rock surface data

To: Donaldson, Guy[Donaldson.Guy@epa.gov]; Spencer, Stuart[SPENCER@adeq.state.ar.us]
Cc: Stenger, Wren[stenger.wren@epa.gov]; keogh@adeq.state.ar.us[keogh@adeq.state.ar.us];

Montgomery, William[Montgomery@adeq.state.ar.us]; McCorkle, Mark[MAC@adeq.state.ar.us];

Coleman, Sam[Coleman.Sam@epa.gov]; Gray, David[gray.david@epa.gov]

From: Clark, David

Sent: Tue 1/17/2017 2:06:58 PM

Subject: RE: SO2 NAAQS Area Attainment Designation Recommendation for Counties in the State of

Arkansas (Independence County Report)

Independence County SO2 Modeling Analysis v8.1 FINAL (v15181)-Report only.pdf

Guy,

Due to its size, we had trouble getting the whole report as one file to go through and thought it did that time. Here it is again with the body of the report as one file and I'll try to send the appendices in a separate email next.

David

David W. Clark, M.S. Epidemiologist Air Division – Planning & Air Quality Analysis Branch Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality 5301 Northshore Drive North Little Rock, AR. 72118 U.S.A.

Voice: 501 682-0070 Fax: 501 682-0753

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----Original Message----

From: Donaldson, Guy [mailto:Donaldson.Guy@epa.gov]

Sent: Friday, January 13, 2017 4:35 PM

To: Spencer, Stuart

Cc: Stenger, Wren; Keogh, Becky; Montgomery, William; McCorkle, Mark; Coleman, Sam; Gray, David; Clark. David

Subject: RE: SO2 NAAQS Area Attainment Designation Recommendation for Counties in the State of Arkansas (Independence County Report)

Stuart,

I don't see anything attached.

----Original Message-----

From: Spencer, Stuart [mailto:SPENCER@adeq.state.ar.us]

Sent: Friday, January 13, 2017 2:15 PM

To: Donaldson, Guy < Donaldson. Guy @epa.gov>

Cc: Stenger, Wren <stenger.wren@epa.gov>; keogh@adeq.state.ar.us; Montgomery, William <Montgomery@adeq.state.ar.us>; McCorkle, Mark <MAC@adeq.state.ar.us>; Coleman, Sam

<Coleman.Sam@epa.gov>; Gray, David <gray.david@epa.gov>; Clark, David

<CLARKD@adeq.state.ar.us>

Subject: SO2 NAAQS Area Attainment Designation Recommendation for Counties in the State of Arkansas (Independence County Report)

Importance: High

Guy,

Please find attached the Independence County modeling report (Entergy Independence facility and FutureFuel Chemical Company).

If you have any questions, please don't hesitate to contact me.

Sincerely,

Stuart Spencer
Associate Director- Office of Air Quality Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality 5301 Northshore Drive
North Little Rock, AR 72118
Ph. # (501) 682-0750
Fax # (501) 682-0880

E-mail: SPENCER@adeq.state.ar.us Web: http://www.adeq.state.ar.us

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To: Donaldson, Guy[Donaldson.Guy@epa.gov]

Cc: Stenger, Wren[stenger.wren@epa.gov]; keogh@adeq.state.ar.us[keogh@adeq.state.ar.us]; Montgomery, William[Montgomery@adeq.state.ar.us]; McCorkle, Mark[MAC@adeq.state.ar.us];

Coleman, Sam[Coleman.Sam@epa.gov]; Gray, David[gray.david@epa.gov]; Clark,

David[CLARKD@adeq.state.ar.us]

From: Spencer, Stuart

Sent: Fri 1/13/2017 8:12:18 PM

Subject: SO2 NAAQS Area Attainment Designation Recommendation for Counties in the State of

Arkansas

doc00955820170113133726.pdf

removed.txt removed.txt

Guy,

I am pleased to attach for your review and consideration ADEQ's letter recommending an "unclassifiable/attainment" designation for Benton, Independence, and Mississippi Counties, as well as the accompanying modeling reports for the facilities in each of those counties with SO2 emissions greater than the EPA-determined threshold for review. I am attaching the reports for Plum Point and Flint Creek to this e-mail. I will send the Independence County report (Entergy Independence facility and FutureFuel Chemical Company) separately due to its size. An official Governor's letter will follow.

I appreciate our call on this issue earlier this week. Thank you, again, for your guidance and assistance.

Sincerely,

Stuart Spencer
Associate Director- Office of Air Quality Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality 5301 Northshore Drive
North Little Rock, AR 72118
Ph. # (501) 682-0750
Fax # (501) 682-0880

E-mail: SPENCER@adeq.state.ar.us Web: http://www.adeq.state.ar.us

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January 13, 2017

Mr. Ron Curry Regional Administrator U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region VI 1445 Ross Avenue, Suite 1200 Dallas, Texas 75202-2733

Re: Submissions of Sulfur Dioxide (SO₂) National Ambient Air Quality Standard (NAAQS) Area Attainment Designation Recommendation for Counties in the State of Arkansas.

Dear Mr. Curry:

On June 2, 2010, the federal Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) promulgated a new primary 1-hour NAAQS for SO₂ at 75 ppb for the 3-year average of the 99th percentiles of the maximum daily values per calendar year.

As reflected in the State's letter dated March 22, 2011, all monitored counties in Arkansas are then and now attaining the existing primary and secondary SO₂ standards. However, as part of the implementation of the new 1-hour SO₂ NAAQS, EPA has begun requiring, in addition to monitoring data, the use of dispersion modeling for areas with facilities emitting SO₂ in quantities greater than the threshold set by the EPA.

For Round 3, the current round of designations, two counties in Arkansas (Benton and Mississippi) are subject to this requirement because they include facilities with SO₂ emissions greater than the EPA-determined threshold for review. Benton and Mississippi counties are in compliance with the 2010 SO₂ NAAQS based on modeling analyses conducted by or for the Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality (ADEQ). Copies of the two Modeling Reports as well as two complete archives of AERMOD-associated modeling files are enclosed. As a result, Arkansas recommends that the two counties (Benton and Mississippi) be designated "unclassifiable/attainment".

Based on a Round 2 follow-up modeling demonstration involving both Entergy Arkansas Inc.'s Independence Steam Electrical Station and FutureFuel Chemical Company resulting from EPA's June 30, 2016 designation of Independence County as "Unclassifiable" based on "insufficient information", Arkansas also recommends that Independence County be designated "unclassifiable/attainment". A copy of the combined simulation Modeling Report and a complete archive of AERMOD-associated modeling files are enclosed.

In addition, the two counties with existing monitor sites, Pulaski and Union, continue to maintain the standard and should be designated as in "attainment". Jefferson County was already designated as "unclassifiable/attainment" by the EPA in Round 2. All other counties in Arkansas should be designated "unclassifiable."

Per Section 107(d)(1) of the Federal Clean Air Act that requires state governors to recommend attainment status designations after the promulgation of any new or revised NAAQS, a Governor's Letter will follow as soon as possible. For further information regarding these recommendations, please me by phone at 501-682-0750 or email at SPENCER@adeq.state.ar.us.

Sincerely,

Stuart Spencer

Associate Director Office of Air Quality

Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality

attachment: Table of Arkansas County Designation Recommendations

enclosures:

- SO₂ Air Dispersion Modeling Report and a complete archive of AERMOD-associated modeling files for Southwestern Electric Power Company d/b/a Flint Creek Power Plant
- 2) SO₂ Air Dispersion Modeling Report and a complete archive of AERMOD-associated modeling files for Plum Point Services Company, LLC
- 3) SO₂ Air Dispersion Modeling Report and a complete archive of AERMOD-associated modeling files for a combined simulation for Entergy Arkansas Inc.'s Independence Steam Electric Station and FutureFuel Chemical Company

Arkansas 1-Hour Sulfur Dioxide (SO ₂) Designation Recommendations						
County	Recommended Designation					
Arkansas	Unclassifiable					
Ashley	Unclassifiable					
Baxter	Unclassifiable					
Benton	Unclassifiable/Attainment ¹					
Boone	Unclassifiable					
Bradley	Unclassifiable					
Calhoun	Unclassifiable					
Carroll	Unclassifiable					
Chicot	Unclassifiable					
Clark	Unclassifiable					
Clay	Unclassifiable					
Cleburne	Unclassifiable					
Cleveland	Unclassifiable					
Columbia	Unclassifiable					
Conway	Unclassifiable					
Craighead	Unclassifiable					
Crawford	Unclassifiable					
Crittenden	Unclassifiable					

Unclassifiable

Cross

Dallas

Desha

Drew

Faulkner

Franklin

Garland

Fulton

Grant

Greene

Hempstead

Hot Spring

Howard

¹ Current Round 3 recommendation based on enclosed Southwestern Electric Power Company d/b/a Flint Creek Power Plant Modeling Report

Arkansas 1-Hour Sulfur Dioxide (SO₂) Designation Recommendations (cont.)

County	Recommended Designation
Independence	Unclassifiable/Attainment ²
Izard	Unclassifiable
Jackson	Unclassifiable
Jefferson	Unclassifiable/Attainment ³
Johnson	Unclassifiable
Lafayette	Unclassifiable
Lawrence	Unclassifiable
Lee	Unclassifiable
Lincoln ·	Unclassifiable
Little River	Unclassifiable
Logan	Unclassifiable
Lonoke	Unclassifiable
Madison	Unclassifiable
Marion	Unclassifiable
Miller	Unclassifiable
Mississippi	Unclassifiable/Attainment ⁴
Monroe	Unclassifiable
Montgomery	Unclassifiable
Nevada	Unclassifiable
Newton	Unclassifiable
Ouachita	Unclassifiable
Perry	Unclassifiable
Phillips	Unclassifiable
Pike	Unclassifiable
Poinsett	Unclassifiable
Polk	Unclassifiable
Pope	Unclassifiable
Prairie	Unclassifiable

² Arkansas' recommended change to EPA's Round 2 June 30, 2016 designation ³ Round 2 recommendation and EPA's June 30, 2016 designation ⁴ Current Round 3 recommendation based on enclosed Plum Point Services Company, LLC Modeling

Arkansas 1-Hour Sulfur Dioxide (SO₂) Designation Recommendations (cont.)

County	Recommended Designation
Pulaski	Attainment ⁵
Randolph	Unclassifiable
St. Francis	Unclassifiable
Saline	Unclassifiable
Scott	Unclassifiable
Searcy	Unclassifiable
Sebastian	Unclassifiable
Sevier	Unclassifiable
Sharp	Unclassifiable
Stone	Unclassifiable
Union	Attainment ⁵
Van Buren	Unclassifiable
Washington	Unclassifiable
White	Unclassifiable
Woodruff	Unclassifiable
Yell	Unclassifiable

⁵ Based on monitor data

To: Vivian Aucoin[Vivian.Aucoin@LA.GOV]; Snyder, Erik[snyder.erik@epa.gov]; Feldman,

Michael[Feldman.Michael@epa.gov]

Cc: Donald Trahan[Donald.Trahan@LA.GOV]; Donaldson, Guy[Donaldson.Guy@epa.gov]

From: Imhoff, Robert

Sent: Thur 1/5/2017 2:29:41 PM

Subject: RE: Answers to EPA questions and a copy of the modeling report

Vivian.

Thank you for following up on this and confirming that the current 2016 DRR modeling emissions are correct. It's critical to the accuracy of the modeling that the modeling emissions are correct because of the large difference between the stack parameters for the kiln vs the waste heat boiler. We have seen a similar source where a much smaller difference in stack parameters made the difference between modeled attainment and nonattainment.

Best regards,

Bob

From: Vivian Aucoin [mailto:Vivian.Aucoin@LA.GOV]

Sent: Thursday, January 05, 2017 8:00 AM

To: Imhoff, Robert <imhoff.robert@epa.gov>; Snyder, Erik <snyder.erik@epa.gov>; Feldman,

Michael <Feldman.Michael@epa.gov>

Cc: Donald Trahan < Donald. Trahan @LA.GOV>; Donaldson, Guy < Donaldson. Guy @epa.gov>

Subject: FW: Answers to EPA questions and a copy of the modeling report

Bob, here is the answer to your question. Please let me know if you have any further concerns.

Vivian H. Aucoin

Environmental Scientist, Senior

Air Permits Division, State Implementation Plan

225-219-3482

vivian.aucoin@la.gov

From: Mindi Faubion, PE [mailto:mindifaubion@providenceeng.com]

Sent: Thursday, January 05, 2017 7:41 AM

To: Vivian Aucoin

Cc: Vennetta Hayes; Donald Trahan

Subject: RE: Answers to EPA questions and a copy of the modeling report

Vivian -

I took a look back at the sets of data used in the two modeling efforts. The data used in the 2016 DRR modeling is correct. For the 2015 CD modeling, we used the information that was provided by Rain, which was strictly a total tpy number for 2013 and total hours of operation number for the kiln and the WHB stack. For the 2016 DRR modeling, we pulled the operating data (hourly emission rates) directly from the CEMS.

Mindi Faubion, PE

Managing Engineer - Air Quality

mindifaubion@providenceeng.com

Main: 225-766-7400

Fax: 225-766-7440

www.providenceeng.com

1201 Main Street, Baton Rouge, LA 70802

Providence Engineering and Environmental Group LLC



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From: Vivian Aucoin [mailto: Vivian. Aucoin@LA.GOV]

Sent: Wednesday, January 04, 2017 6:15 PM

To: Mindi Faubion, PE < <u>mindifaubion@providenceeng.com</u>> **Cc:** Vennetta Hayes < <u>Vennetta.Hayes@LA.GOV</u>>; Donald Trahan

<Donald.Trahan@LA.GOV>

Subject: Fwd: Answers to EPA questions and a copy of the modeling report

FYI

Sent from my iPhone

Begin forwarded message:

From: "Imhoff, Robert" < <u>imhoff.robert@epa.gov</u>>

Date: January 4, 2017 at 4:30:17 PM CST

To: Vivian Aucoin < Vivian. Aucoin@LA.GOV>, "Snyder, Erik" < snyder.erik@epa.gov>,

"Feldman, Michael" < Feldman.Michael@epa.gov >

Subject: RE: Answers to EPA questions and a copy of the modeling report

Vivian,

I think there is a problem with swapping the emission rate for the WHB and the kiln either

in the 2015 CD modeling or in the 2016 DRR modeling. The reason is that if you look at the ratio WHB / kiln emissions, the ratio for the 2015 CD modeling was ~2 while the ratio for the 2016 DRR modeling was ~0.5. This does not make any sense if as Providence says: The ratio of 2013 operating hours for the WHB to kiln is essentially the same as in the 2016 DRR modeling as the ratio in the 2015 CD modeling. Both 2015 and 2016 modeling can't be right. I just don't know which modeling run's emissions are correct.

Best regards,

Bob

From: Vivian Aucoin [mailto: Vivian. Aucoin@LA.GOV]

Sent: Wednesday, January 04, 2017 3:54 PM

To: Snyder, Erik < snyder.erik@epa.gov >; Feldman, Michael

< Feldman.Michael@epa.gov >; Imhoff, Robert < imhoff.robert@epa.gov > Subject: FW: Answers to EPA questions and a copy of the modeling report

Erik, Mike;

Thanks for taking the time to discuss RH with us this morning. As promised, here is the information from Providence on your questions.

Vivian H. Aucoin

Environmental Scientist, Senior

Air Permits Division, State Implementation Plan

225-219-3482

vivian.aucoin@la.gov

From: Mindi Faubion, PE [mailto:mindifaubion@providenceeng.com]

Sent: Thursday, December 15, 2016 11:54 AM

To: Vivian Aucoin; Vennetta Hayes **Cc:** Kyle Beall; Kevin Calhoun, PE

Subject: RE:

Vivian / Vennetta –

The attainment modeling report for Calcasieu is attached along with our responses to Erik's questions (in red below). Let us know if you would like us to add any additional information/explanation to this response and/or if you have any questions on the report. The associated model files have been sent via Dropbox.

Thanks,

Mindi Faubion, PE

Managing Engineer – Air Quality

mindifaubion@providenceeng.com

Main: 225-766-7400

Fax: 225-766-7440

www.providenceeng.com

1201 Main Street, Baton Rouge, LA 70802

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From: Snyder, Erik [mailto:snyder.erik@epa.gov]
Sent: Wednesday, December 14, 2016 2:20 PM

To: Vivian Aucoin < <u>Vivian.Aucoin@LA.gov</u>>; <u>vennetta.hayes@la.gov</u>; <u>Kyle Beall < kyle@bealllaw.net</u>>; <u>Kevin Calhoun, PE < kevincalhoun@providenceeng.com</u>>; <u>Mindi</u>

Faubion, PE < mindifaubion@providenceeng.com >

Cc: Donaldson, Guy < Donaldson.Guy@epa.gov >; Imhoff, Robert

<<u>imhoff.robert@epa.gov</u>>; Olszewski, Joshua <<u>olszewski.joshua@epa.gov</u>>

Subject:

Hi,

We downloaded the latest modeling for monitor siting near Reynolds on Monday. Since this has correct stack parameters for the other sources, etc. We wanted to look at it both from the context of Reynolds and also from the context of the additional modeling for the other facilities that you will be providing soon. We also wanted to reiterate issues that we have previously raised but have not received clarification on how they were addressed in context of trying to model some of the area instead of monitoring. Many of these issues were raised in our proposal (Jan/Feb 2016) and in our final action and conversations/writing

this summer. This is not an exhaustive review, but highlights some things that need to be addressed mainly in the context of modeling for the other three DRR sources in the context of demonstrating attainment.

- 1. Receptors near roadway right-of-way. We have previously noted dating back several months ago that it there seems to be some areas that should have receptors in the modeling but which are omitted. For example there is a John Stine Road that bisects the area excluded around the Entergy sources where there is room in the right-of-way that should include receptors. Roadway and fenceline receptors were added into the model where there was room / it was feasible (*i.e.* not on facility property).
- 2. Receptors in facilities. We also do not have any documentation of the fenced and access-excluded areas of the facilities to treat the area as non-ambient air. We will need information supporting the areas that have been excluded. From the images provided in the November 2016 report it appears there may be some areas that will need receptors. For example it is not clear but it appears that some of the area south of John Stine Rd. is not access limited by Entergy and the public or other entities have access. See the excerpt of the Modeling TAD (August 2016) at the end of this email about receptor placement. Also see email attached from discussion between Bob Paine and James Thurman about receptors over other facilities. We have brought this issue up in the past but for example Sasol's facility is ambient air to Entergy so there should be a separate model analysis for receptors on Sasol's property using all cumulative emissions except for Sasol's emissions. Similar analysis is needed for each facility to show attainment. This is akin to a PSD permit analysis for demonstrating a new source would not cause or contribute to ambient air that they do not control. Per section 2.0 of the Modeling TAD (August 2016), receptors were placed "only in areas where it is feasible to place a monitor (designations) vs. all ambient air locations (NSR, PSD, and SIP)". Where it would not be feasible to place a monitor inside of a fenceline of another facility, no receptors were placed within facility fencelines. The receptor placement for this analysis followed the same procedures for receptor placement used in all other modeling analyses.
- 3. Existing Sasol emissions were included in the 2015 modeling of the area but are missing in the most recent modeling (Nov/Dec 2016). These should be included. Modeled emission sources included all facilities with potential facility-wide emissions <80 tpy and therefore were not included. Sasol's potential emissions are <80 tpy.
- 4. We previously raised concerns with the proposed background monitor value

proposed (see our TSD for proposed designation) and have not seen an updated value proposed, so we will review what is provided. This is addressed in the report-Per EPA and LDEQ discussions on June 15, 2016, Shreveport Seasonal Hour of Day Background 2012-2014 was used.

- 5. We also previously provided comments on the cumulative 2015 modeling. We also provided comments in a document we sent September 1st: "We have not seen any modeling or an updated protocol so this assumes our comments on the protocol have been adequately addressed and all the modeling follows the DRR, monitoring TAD & Appendix W procedures for modeling for monitor placement with the exception that the Cartesian grid can follow a common master grid for multiple sources. The discussion below assumes that the modeling has all the contributing sources in the modeling and that the modeling addressed all of our comments on the protocol. We had commented about including fenceline receptors and clarification on when downwash was or was not included and justifications. If the initial, already-competed modeling did not include the fenceline receptors, they should be included in the second phase of the modeling (frequency analysis) in addition to the maximum receptors identified." Please check to make sure these have been adequately addressed. This is addressed in the report. Fenceline receptors were included as well as downwash data for all facilities included in the model.
- 6. Examining the normalized modeling for the Reynolds monitor placement we assume that, other than the normalization of emissions, the other modeling parameters would be the same. We normalized the SO2 emissions for both the 2015 CD modeling and for the current DRR modeling (revised parameters) to the Reynolds Calciner Kiln emission rate. By normalizing both sets to the same source we now have relative emission rates for all Calcasieu sources to the Reynolds Calciner Kiln. Thus we can compare the emission rates between the two modeling sets. The ratio in the last column of the table below is the 2015 CD modeling normalized rate / the 2016 DRR modeling normalized rate (both for the 2013 year). Any ratio much greater than one would indicate a relative shortfall for some reason between what had previously been used in the CD modeling and what is in the current modeling (and visa versa). Most of the sources are within 5% plus or minus; Citco has a few sources that are higher in the 2016 modeling (please verify correct values). The big exception seems to be for Rain where it seems that the emissions from the WHB and Kiln have been reversed from the 2015 CD to the 2016 DRR modeling.

Also, we note the following:

1. The emissions in the DRR modeling files from the Rain WHB are zero for all of 2012

2. The buoyancy flux for the kiln are about 10X that for the WHB, thus creating greater plume rise in the model for emissions from the kiln.

Prior to submittal of any proposed modeling intended to demonstrate attainment in the remainder of the parish:

- Can you verify that the WHB emissions were zero for all of 2012? This is correct. The WHB was not brought online until December 2012.
- Can you verify that the proper ratio of WHB to kiln emissions for 2013 are approximately 0.5 as are represented in the DRR modeling files? This is also correct. The ratio of 2013 operating hours for the WHB to kiln is essentially the same as in the 2016 DRR modeling as the ratio in the 2015 CD modeling.

	Compare 2015 & 2016 version of emissions									
YR	Source_	(D mpa	ny Source Description	2015 nSO2	2016 nSO2	Ratio				
201	3	1 *	Salciner Kiln and Cooler - Normal Operating Scenario	1.00E+0	0 .0000056059925	0.99996814345				
201	8		Anode Baking Furnace - Normal Operating Scenario	7.31E 02	7.1590270535727 02	\$H02159505521				
201	3 6	Citgo	Power House Boiler B1C	1.09E 02	4.0315780174860 02	4E05613910649				
201	3 7	Citgo	Power House Boiler B1B	9.57E 03	9.4091316192081 03					
201	38	Citgo	Power House Boiler B1, B1A	1.91E 02	1.8797042063730 02					
201	3 9	Citgo	Power House Boiler B2	2.72E 03	2.6393795439696 03					
201	3 0	Citgo	Power House Boiler B2A	3.07E 03	2.9818005415811 03					
201	3 2	Citgo	Power House Boiler B3A, B3C	2.21E 03	2.1367083047771 03					
201	3 3	Citgo	Power House Boiler B5A	3.72E 03	3.4159641148611 03	4Ю8845342895				
201	3 6	1 -	3(VIII-A)1 - DC/DA Stack B-602 (Acid Plant, AAT Area)	2.98E 02	2.9019258701650 02	2 102743160108				
201	30	Citgo	3(IX)41 - B-5 Flare	1.39E	0.1353835111266	5 702940568381				

	Ι			01		
201	31	Citgo	3(IX)42 - B-6 Flare		1.0990246426533	2 Ю2933678359
				02	02	
201	32	Citgo	3(IX)33 - B-7 Flare	5.76E	5.5897956773113	6E03058757406
				04	04	
201	33	Citgo	3(VI)6 - B-8 Flare	9.80E	9.5213079444335	4E02939967572
				02	02	
201	34	Citgo	3(IV)2 - B-9 Flare	4.31E	4.1931235776681	8E0-2777477259
				04	04	
201	36	Citgo	3(XXIII)2 - B-12 Flare	8.18E	7.9392347728452	\$E03025288445
				04	04	
201	38	Citgo	A-Topper Furnace B-4	7.82E	7.7223273728853	6 E01306492454
				03	03	1
201	39	Citgo	Topper Furnace B-104	1	9.5620431492525	1
				03	03	
201	3 3	Citgo	A Cat Feed Preheat Furnace, B-6		5.1308826125859	вю 3705748707
201	7.4		D.C. D. 1D.1	04	04	5 TD 4 5 1 1 2 0 5 1 0 5
201	4 4	Citgo	B Cat Feed Preheat Furnace, B-6	1	6.1643076920574	
201	0.5	G: .	C.C. I.P. I. V.F. D.C.	04	04	
201	4 5	Citgo	C Cat Feed Preheat Furnace, B-6	l	5.6162134573782	
201	21.77	Citor	2(V)4 SIfalana D. 201 F	2.005	04 2.8616316944689	
201	(1)	Citgo	3(X)4 Sulfolane B-201 Furnace	2.90E 04	2.8010310944089 04	
201	210	Citgo	Vacuum Furnace B-201		2.0323415083992	
201	(1)	Chgo	vacuum rumace B-201	03	2.0323413083992	D17 -9333822730
201	30	Citgo	Vacuum Furnace B-2A		7.8253324774820	4F01153111450
201		Citgo	vacuum rumace B 2/1	04		
201	31	Citgo	Vacuum Furnace B-1		9.6140979985446	
		Crigo	v deddin i dindee B i	03	04	
201	3 2	Citgo	3(I-D)3 Vacuum Furnace B-1 #2		9.6140979985446	
۲,	_	engo		03	04	
201	3 3	Citgo	Coker 1 Furnace B-101		2.1858706704776	7 E02903634683
				03	03	
201	34	Citgo	Coker 1 Furnace B-201	2.42E	2.3513193346214	4Ю2956850289
				03	03	
201	3 5	Citgo	BLCOH Stabilizer Reboiler, B-	4.00E	3.8092318370717	E.05054225789
			101	04	04	
201	3 6	Citgo	Feed Prep Furnace B-101 Stack 1	1.64E	1.5548054285309	1E05214702431
			_	03	03	
201	3 7	Citgo	FEED PRED B-101 HEATER,	1.64E	4.5548054285309	1E05214702431
			STACK #2	03	03	
201	3 8	Citgo	SRF Furnace B-5	8.27E	8.1128459397149	E.01904687135
				04	04	
201	B 2	Citgo	3(XVIII-A)4 B-Reformer B-403,	1	4.1992787942613	
			404, 405 Furnaces	03	03	

201	zο	Citas	C Tannar Europa D 1C	2.54E2.4821396336943 8 H)2136892889
201	80	Citgo	C Topper Furnace B-1C	03 03 03
201	8 9	Citgo	C Topper Furnace B-2C	2.06E2.0796048326533 @ E99069122640
	5 9	Crigo	c ropper rumace B 2c	03 03
201	30	Citgo	BLCOH Reactor Charge Heater,	2.99E2.8672393249342 T E04292843354
		Crigo	B-3	04 04
201	31	Citgo	3(X)6 A-Reformer B-102, 103,	3.14E2.9887326177524 1 E05203095364
		Crigo	104, 105, 106 Furnaces	04 04
201	3 3	Citgo	Coker II B-201 Furnace	6.77E6.6186420624561 7 E02320196497
				04 04
201	3 4	Citgo	Coker II B-202 Furnace	6.64E6.5434798871327 5 £01479358948
				04 04
201	3 5	Citgo	3(XXVIII)1 Unicracker B-	7.83E4.9690613272331 0 E39753035756
			1,2,3,4,5 Furnaces	04 03
201	3 6	Citgo	3(XXII)1 C-Reformer B-	2.84E3.0696236141460 D F92402586311
			501,502,506 Furnaces	04 04
201	3 7	Citgo	3(XXII)2 C-Reformer B-	1.46E4.7154544732446 9 E85363964481
			503,504,505 Furnaces	03 03
201	3 8	Citgo	Cat Feed Hydrotreater Recycle	1.92E4.8162598253618 7 E05685598456
			Hydrogen Furnace, B-101	03 03
201	3 9	Citgo	Cat Feed Hydrotreater	5.36E5.0620605731988 HD5984421262
			Fractionator Feed Heater, B-102	04 04
201	8 0	Citgo	Furnace B-101	8.86E8.6066168822838 5 E02956108538
				04 04
201	81	Citgo	Furnace B-102	4.31E4.18059459538983E03085494973
				04 04
201	8 2	Citgo	Reboiler B-103	5.08E4.9246991341862 <mark>3E</mark> 03136364972
				04 04
201	8 3	Citgo	Furnace B-201	5.26E5.1063454326858 1 E02912292896
				04 04
201	84	Citgo	Furnace B-202	4.95E4.8022488790175 5 £03019016216
				04 04
201	8 5	Citgo	Reboiler B-203	5.61E 5.4382605147800 9 E 0 3100249483
				04 04
201	8 6	Citgo	3(XXX)2 Mixed Xylenes B-1001	7.17E6.9651367303134 5 E02912350545
			Furnace	04 04
201	3 7	Citgo	CV-1 B101A	2.32E2.2555994819329E.03036843351
				03 03
201	3 8	Citgo	CV-1 B101B	2.28E2.2077591705908 <mark>11</mark> 03078525229
				03 03
201	8 9	Citgo	CV-1 B102A	3.75E3.6348875385899 <mark>1</mark> E03136632862
				03 03
201	9 0	Citgo	CV-1 B102B	4.23E4.0964390678534 <mark>4E</mark> 03163585525
		1		03 03
201	3 12	Citgo	A Cat - Wet Gas Scrubber	3.43E3.35232685583876D2319353188

				04	04	
201	3 13	Citgo	B Cat - Wet Gas Scrubber	8.36E	8.1235393261954	8H02853210709
				04	04	
201	314	Citgo	C Cat - Wet Gas Scrubber	1.29E	1.2625487114819	3E02227914774
				03	03	
201	3 17	Rain	Kiln Stack	4.13E	0.8471866618708	03 48767131891
				01		
201	3 18	Rain	WHB/Baghouse Stack	7.90E	0.3986667656866	7 198054592047
				01		
201	3 85	LA	SPRAY DRYER DUST	3.30E	3.3665152435460	BE 97969347996
		Pigmen	COLLECTOR F603-A	04	04	
201	3 86	LA	SPRAY DRYER DUST	2.62E	2.6789310974170	ØE9-7670848760
		Pigmen	COLLECTOR F603-B	04	04	
201	3 87	LA	UTILITY BOILER D841-1X	1.02E	1.1397985611175	DB 9895376628
		Pigmen	(ROUTINE EMISSIONS)	03	03	
201	388	LA	PROCESS OFF-GAS	1.30E	0.1264119753755	3.02753129162
		Pigmen	INCINERATOR STACK	01		
201	3 89	LA	UTILITY BOILER D841-2X	1.01E	1.0530867464310	6 E9-5835868404
		Pigmen	(ROUTINE EMISSIONS)	03	03	

Feel free to contact me and we can set up a call to discuss if needed.

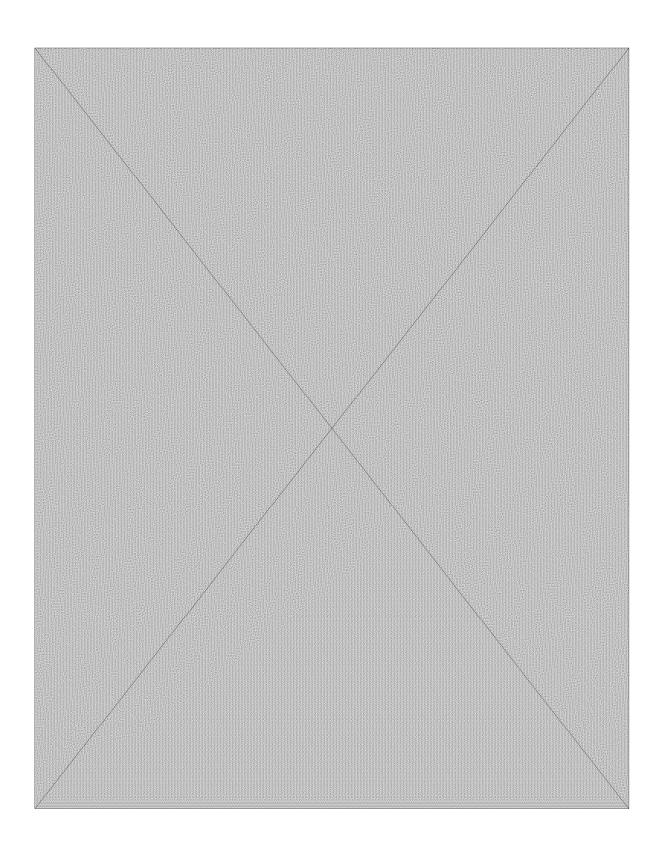
-Erik

Erik Snyder

Lead Regional Air Quality Modeler EPA Region 6 Phone: 214-665-7305 Fax: 214-665-7263

email: snyder.erik@epa.gov

FROM August 2016 DRAFT Modeling TAD (available https://www.epa.gov/so2-pollution/technical-assistance-documents-implementing-2010-sulfur-dioxide-standard)



To: Imhoff, Robert[imhoff.robert@epa.gov]; Vivian Aucoin[Vivian.Aucoin@LA.GOV]

Cc: Donaldson, Guy[Donaldson.Guy@epa.gov]; Huser, Jennifer[Huser.Jennifer@epa.gov];

Snyder, Erik[snyder.erik@epa.gov]; Medina, Dayana[Medina.Dayana@epa.gov]; Grady,

James[Grady.James@epa.gov]; Verhalen, Frances[verhalen.frances@epa.gov]

From: Vennetta Hayes

Sent: Wed 1/4/2017 2:52:18 PM

Subject: RE: Status of Louisiana DRR SO2 designation demonstrations

The St. Mary sources will not have limits in place as that are all in negotiations except Cabot. We were not proposing to use limits there. All other info you have is correct. The sites were operating on January 1.

Sent via the Samsung Galaxy S® 5 ACTIVETM, an AT&T 4G LTE smartphone

----- Original message -----

From: "Imhoff, Robert" <imhoff.robert@epa.gov>

Date: 1/4/17 8:35 AM (GMT-06:00)

To: Vennetta Hayes < Vennetta. Hayes@LA.GOV>, Vivian Aucoin < Vivian. Aucoin@LA.GOV>

Cc: "Donaldson, Guy" <Donaldson.Guy@epa.gov>, "Huser, Jennifer"

<Huser.Jennifer@epa.gov>, "Snyder, Erik" <snyder.erik@epa.gov>, "Medina, Dayana"

<Medina.Dayana@epa.gov>, "Grady, James" <Grady.James@epa.gov>, "Verhalen, Frances"

<verhalen.frances@epa.gov>

Subject: Status of Louisiana DRR SO2 designation demonstrations

Vivian and Vennetta,

I'm checking in to report what we believe is the current status of the demonstration of attainment status for the Louisiana DRR sources. Would you please look over the status and let us know if there are any corrections? We classified the sources according to the currently indicated pathway rather than that declared back in July 2016. There are a couple of instances indicated where we've asked for clarification from HQ.

Limits

St. Mary Parish

From Vennetta's 12/12/16 email we gather that the following facilities are proposed to take a limit below 2,000 tpy.

Columbia Chemicals Co. - North Bend Plant
Cabot Corp. - Canal Plant (a limit is now in place by consent decree, do we have documentation?)

Based on the 12/12 email it doesn't sound like they are now proposing to model these facilities as was initially declared but rather to take a limit. If so, this would be a change in path for all three with two not yet having a negotiated limit. According to the DRR the state must submit to EPA documentation showing that the emission limit is effective and federally enforceable no later than January 13, 2017. We've asked OGC what our course will be if you are not able to submit the documentation by that date. Also, we will probably need you to send a letter notifying us of the change in pathway – we'll let you know ASAP.

AA Sulfuric Corp - Sulfuric Acid Plant

From an 11/2/16 phone call with Vennetta, I understand that this plant is shut down. We just need to make sure that we have the proper documentation.

Modeling

Calcasieu

It is proposed to use modeling for designation of Rain and Nelson in Calcasieu Parish while monitoring is to be used for Reynolds. We received a letter yesterday notifying us of the change in pathway. The use of this strategy has been previously referred to OAQPS but we've not heard back from them.

Cabot Ville Platte

Modeling protocol received and reviewed – we requested more details, recommended the use of a closer SO2 monitor for background determination, and that the receptors be extended to 20 km. According to Vennetta's 12/12/16 email LDEQ is modeling the source but has not yet finished.

CLECO Brame Energy Center

The modeling report has been received and reviewed. Our follow up questions have been addressed. This one is complete with only the required DRR follow up to make sure that

circumstances, e.g. an increase in emissions, have not changed in the future in such a way that concentrations would be expected to rise.

Big Cajun II

A draft modeling report has been submitted to LDEQ and forwarded to Region 6 for review. Region 6 has asked for more detail on how the determination of no-impact-above-the-SIL on modeled nonattainment receptors was made. We may have more comments this week on the modeling report when review is finished; we'll let you know if we do or do not. Also note that in our review of the modeling protocol we requested a report in the first quarter of 2017 that a test of the methodology used for estimating hourly emissions for unit 1 for 2013-2015 be conducted and tested against the actual 2016 hourly emissions. This is to demonstrate that the method is conservative.

Monitoring

Region 6 has approved the monitor siting for the following sources:
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
• • • • Oxbow Calcining LLC - Baton Rouge Calcined Coke Plant
●□□□□□□□ Rain CII Carbon LLC - Gramercy Coke Plant
• • • • • Charles Carbon Co.
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
●□□□□□□□ Sid Richardson Carbon CoAddis Plant
Can you please affirm that each of these was operational on Jan 1 2017?
Best regards,

From: Imhoff, Robert

Bob

Sent: Monday, December 12, 2016 10:59 AM

To: 'Vennetta Hayes' < <u>Vennetta.Hayes@LA.GOV</u>>; Vivian Aucoin < <u>Vivian.Aucoin@LA.GOV</u>>

Cc: Snyder, Erik < snyder.erik@epa.gov >; Huser, Jennifer < huser.jennifer@epa.gov >; Donaldson, Guy < Donaldson.Guy@epa.gov >; James Grady (Grady.James@epa.gov) < Grady.James@epa.gov >

Subject: RE: Request for status of SO2 Modeling Reports

Vennetta,

Thanks for getting back to me so quickly! The Brame contour plot clearly shows the concentrations decreasing with distance and that the location of the highest model design value has been identified. That is very helpful.

I'm personally not certain on the timing of when limits-taken have to be in place or declared under the SO2 consent decree to meet the DRR requirements. I know that the St. Mary Parish facilities are not identified in our tables as meeting the DRR requirements by taking a limit, so there may need to be a clarification.

Let us know there's anything we can do to assist you in the Cabot Ville Platte modeling.

Best regards,

Bob

From: Vennetta Hayes [mailto:Vennetta.Hayes@LA.GOV]

Sent: Monday, December 12, 2016 10:08 AM

To: Imhoff, Robert <<u>imhoff.robert@epa.gov</u>>; Vivian Aucoin <<u>Vivian.Aucoin@LA.GOV</u>> **Cc:** Snyder, Erik <<u>snyder.erik@epa.gov</u>>; Huser, Jennifer <<u>Huser.Jennifer@epa.gov</u>>;

Donaldson, Guy < Donaldson.Guy@epa.gov >

Subject: RE: Request for status of SO2 Modeling Reports

Brame has provided the contour plot and update which I have attached. Big Cajun provided the updated protocol attached on Friday.

St. Mary Parish facilities are negotiating consent decrees and have not provided information with the exception of Cabot Canal which has limits that place them below the 2000 tpy by consent decree.

I am still working on refined modeling for Cabot Ville Platte, but so far do not have a model demonstrating attainment.

Vennetta T. Hayes LDEQ Air Permits 219-3412

From: Imhoff, Robert [imhoff.robert@epa.gov] Sent: Monday, December 12, 2016 9:49 AM

To: Vivian Aucoin; Vennetta Hayes

Cc: Snyder, Erik; Huser, Jennifer; Donaldson, Guy **Subject:** Request for status of SO2 Modeling Reports

Hi Vennetta,

Since we are now only a little more than one month away from the deadline for modeling reports for the SO2 standard, it would be good to touch base on the status. The table below gives what I've got right now, let me know of any updates or changes that are needed. Note that these do not include the proposed modeling for Rain and Nelson in Calcasieu which is under discussion.

Best regards,

Bob

	Designation M Protoco		ocol Revi		deling I eport	Mod	eling l	Repor	t Review
		Date							
	Date Protocol	Review		Status]	Date)		
	Received /	ReceiveComplet	ted	(Go / Date	Receiv	Revi	ew		Status
Startacility	Expected	YesReviewer Rev	v iew mme	ı Re visi Rec ei	iVéckRvéo0	ièoma	rReteid	Gomm	ien(Go /
		Expessed	dt/	Requested		- 1	Sent	- 1	Revisio
			Problem	is Expe	cted I	Expe	ected 1	Proble	m R equir

LÆt. Mary Parish Orion		Domostod		
		Requested		
Engineered		more		
Carbons		details.		
LLC -	AMARKACI BEL	Recommende		
Ivanhoe	9/13/2016YesREI		sibleed	
Carbon		monitor	date	
Black		for		
Plant+		BKGD,		
Columbia		Alternate		
Chemicals		surface		
Co		site,		
North		Extend		
Bend		receptors		
Plant+		to 20km		
Cabot				
Corp				
Canal				
Plant				
		Requested		
		more		
Cabot		details.		
LACorp	9/30/2016YesREI	10/4/20/4/20ck6mm Rocki		
Ville		closer	date	
Platte		monitor		
Plant		for		
		BKGD.		
		Extend		
		receptors		
		to 20km		
		Brame		
		indicated		Revisio
		either		Needec
		designation		(a)
		or siting		contou
		but		plot to
		undecided.		20km)
CLECO		LA	(1) (1) (1)	(b)
LAPower	8/4/2016YesREI		9/15/2 V to REII 0/119 V 6 5/ E 0 to 6	
LLC -		indicated	(2)10/11/20162 $(2)10/4p62$	
Brame		that they	no	CEM
Energy		had	figur	es. follows
Center		already		40
		received		CFR

modeling Part report 75 for from all Brame Quality that Assura indicated and attainment. data We reportii recommended receptor out to 20km Need to Louisiana revise Generating method LALLC -7/12/2016YesREI 10/17/20117/2016 RevisiNesed Big adjusting date Cajun emissions П for U1. Power Recommend Plant using a closer monitor.



Robert Imhoff

Environmental Engineer

U.S. EPA Region 6

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Email: Imhoff.Robert@epa.gov